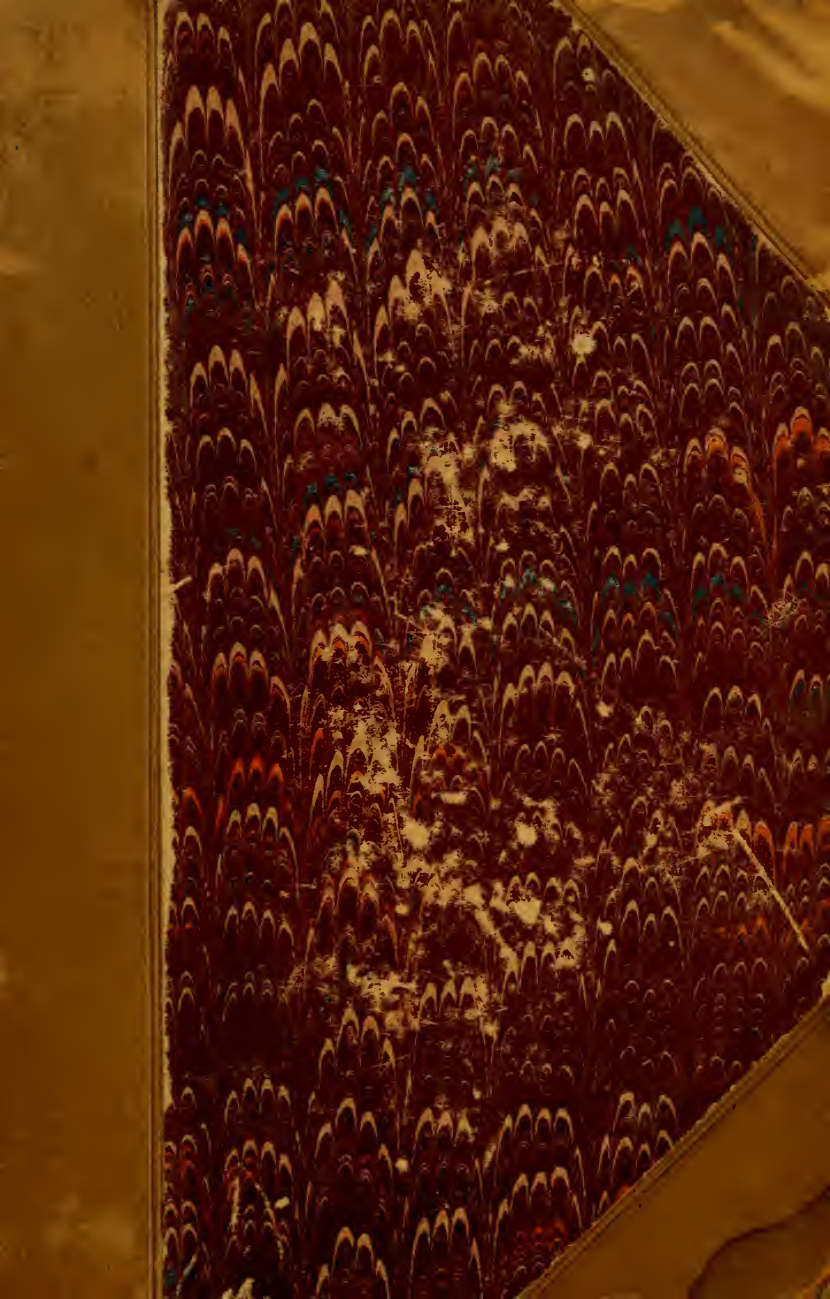

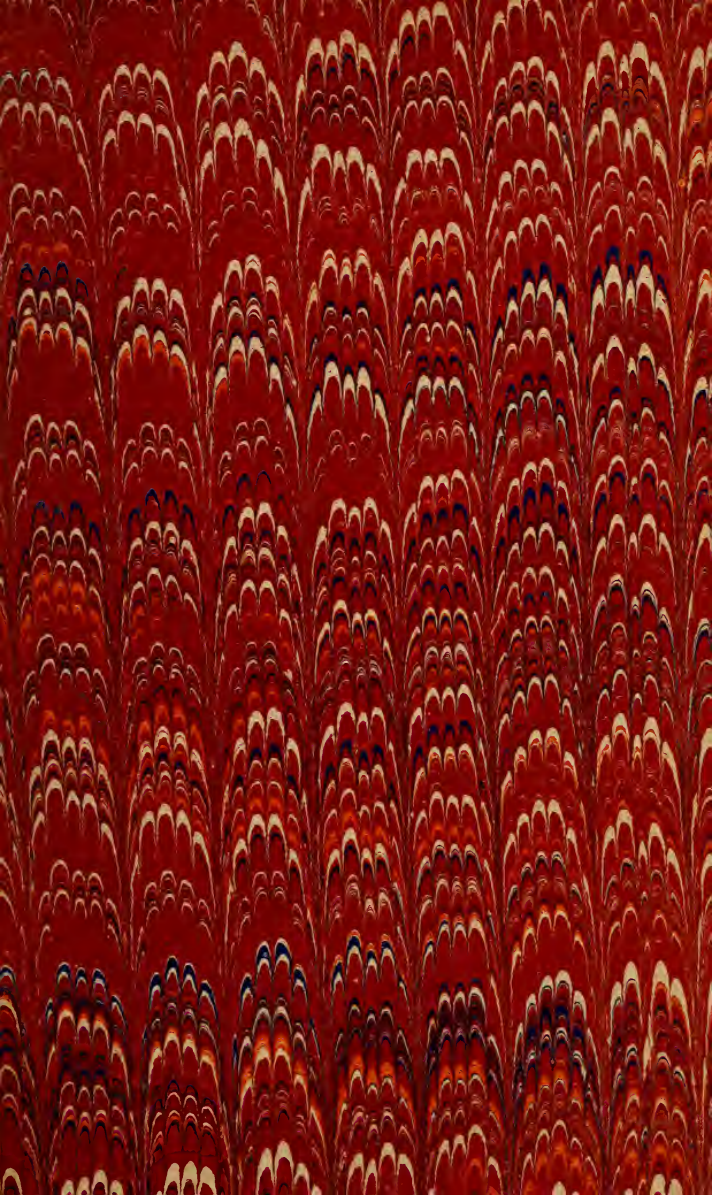

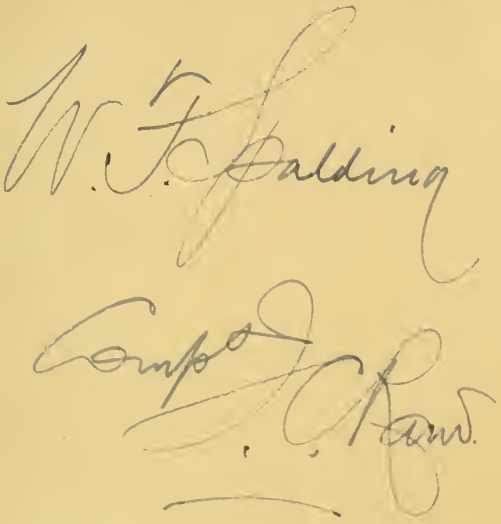

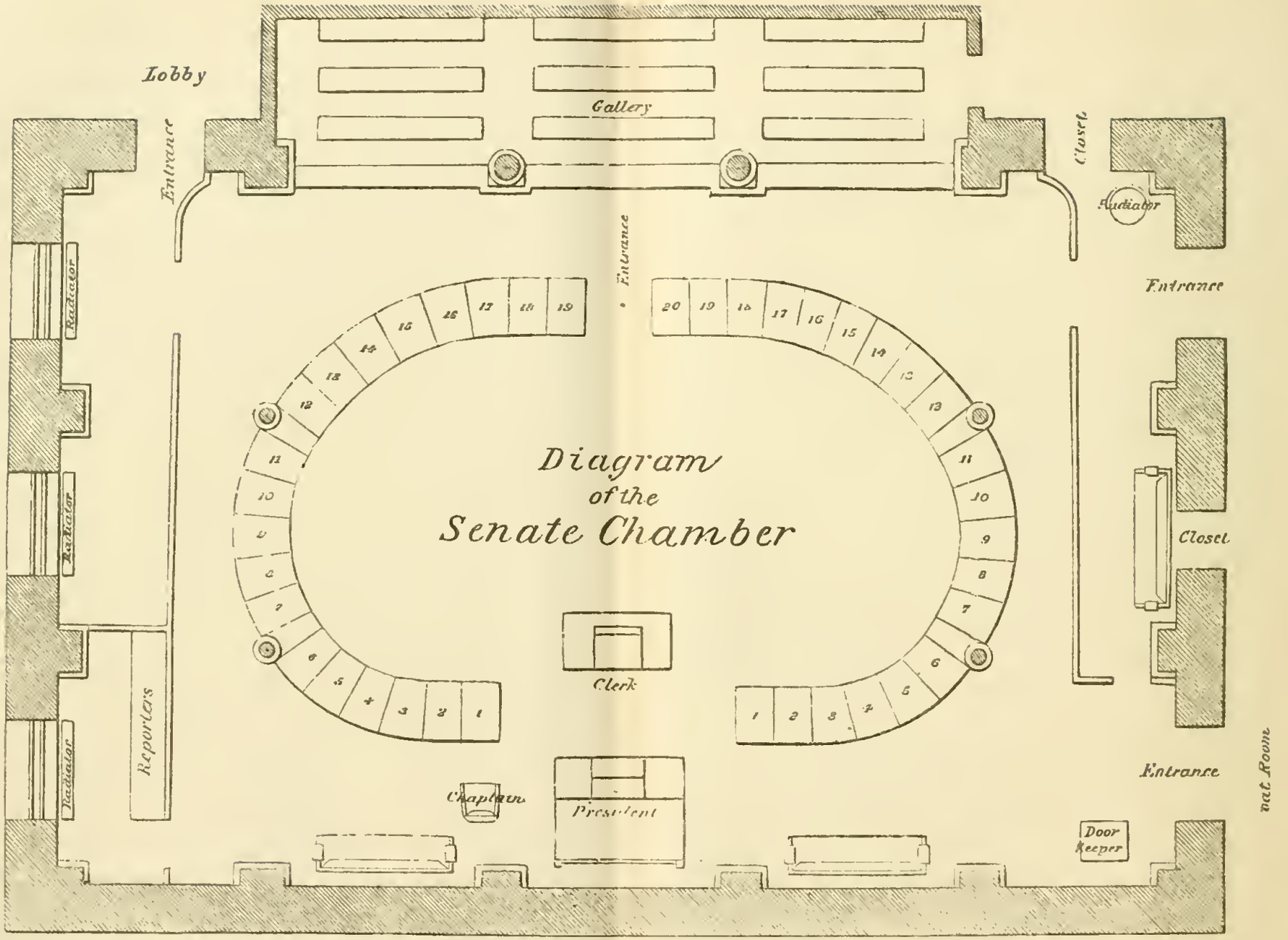

HON. ROBERT R. BISHOP, PRESIDENT.

LEFT.

1.	Hon.	Andrew C. Stone.
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3.	"	John M. Moore.
4.	"	Thomas Winship.
5.	"	Leander M. Hannum.
6.	"	David W. Tucker.
7.	"	Joseph Bennett.
8.	"	Francis W. Rockwell.
9.	"	Charles H. Allen.
10.	"	Samuel M. Cook.
11.	Hon.	Arthur W. Tufts.
12.	"	John H. Sherburne.
13.	"	Charles F. Gerry.
14.	"	Andrew J. Jennings.
15.	"	George W. Johnson.
16.	"	Augustus Mudge.
17.	"	George A. Bruce.
18.	"	William H. Haile.
19.	"	James S. Grinnell.

O. F. MITCHELL, *Sergeant-at-Arms.*

RIGHT.

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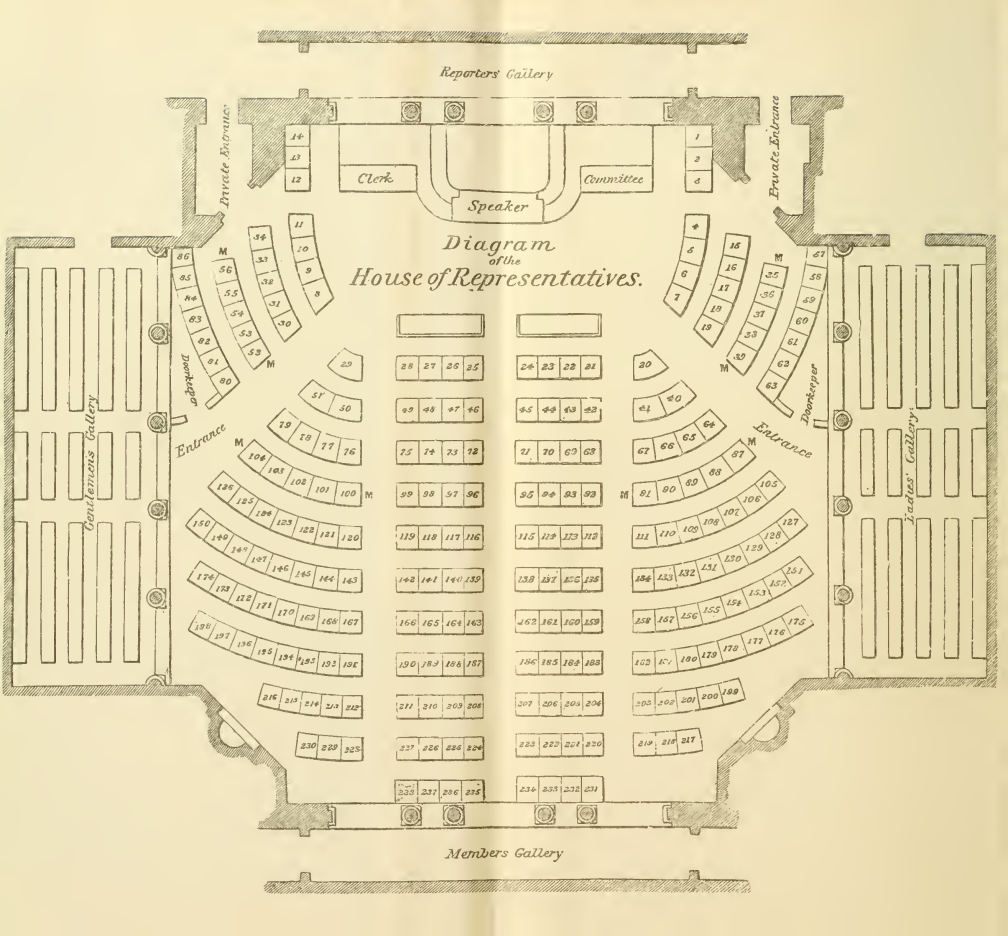
2.	"	Thomas J. Hastings.
3.	"	Joseph N. Rolfe.
4.	"	James Smith.
5.	"	Charles Q. Tirrell.
6.	"	Daniel B. Ingalls.
7.	"	Francis Norwood.
8.	"	Chester C. Corbin.
9.	"	William Reed, jun.
10.	"	Joseph P. Johnson.
11.	Hon.	John M. Seeley.
12.	"	William Barker, jun.
13.	"	James S. Allen.
14.	"	Charles A. Corser.
15.	"	Peleg McFarlin.
16.	"	Owen A. Galvin.
17.	"	Jeremiah Crowley.
18.	"	Warren E. Locke.
19.	"	Charles T. Gallagher.
20.	"	John R. Baldwin.

S. N. GIFFORD, *Clerk.*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Clerk
Speaker
Committee
Diagram
of the
House of Representatives.
Doorkeeper
Doorkeeper
Entrance
Entrance
Gentlemens Gallery
Ladies' Gallery
Members Gallery

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MANUAL

FOR THE USE OF THE

Mass.:

GENERAL COURT:

CONTAINING THE

RULES AND ORDERS OF THE TWO BRANCHES,

TOGETHER WITH THE

CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH, AND THAT OF THE UNITED STATES, AND A LIST OF THE EXECUTIVE, LEGISLATIVE, AND JUDICIAL DEPARTMENTS OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT, STATE INSTITUTIONS AND THEIR OFFICERS,

AND OTHER STATISTICAL INFORMATION.

Prepared under Chapter 264 of the Acts of the Year 1878,

BY

S. N. GIFFORD AND GEORGE A. MARDEN.

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CONSTITUTION

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

PREAMBLE.

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WE, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this CONSTITUTION FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.

SECT. 2. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year, by the people of the several states; and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have at-

tained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand; but each state shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New Hampshire shall he entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Marvland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers; and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

Sect. 3. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided, as equally as may be, into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year;

of the second class, at the expiration of the fourth year; and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year; so that one third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments, until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

The vice-president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

The senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president *pro tempore*, in the absence of the vice-president, or when he shall exercise the office of president of the United States.

The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments; when sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two thirds of the members present.

Judgment, in cases of impeachment, shall not extend further than to removal from office and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust, or profit, under the United States; but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment according to law.

Sect. 4. The times, places, and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the congress may, at any time, by law, make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators.

The congress shall assemble at least once in every year,

and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECT. 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house, on any question, shall, at the desire of one fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SECT. 6. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases, except treason, felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased, during such time; and no person holding any

office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SECT. 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate shall, before it become a law, be presented to the president of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and, if approved by two thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the president within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution, or vote, to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment), shall be presented to the president of the United States; and, before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be re-passed by two thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECT. 8. The congress shall have power: — To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts, and excises, to pay the debts

and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts, and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States: — To borrow money on the credit of the United States: — To regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes: — To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States: — To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures: — To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States: — To establish post offices and post roads: — To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing, for limited times, to authors and inventors, the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries: — To constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court: — To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations: — To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water: — To raise and support armies; but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years: — To provide and maintain a navy: — To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces: — To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions: — To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states, respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia, according to the discipline prescribed by congress: — To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever over such district, (not exceeding ten miles square,) as may by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of the United States; and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by consent of the legislature of the

state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock yards, and other needful buildings; and to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECT. 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight; but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privileges of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended, unless when, in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or *ex post facto* law shall be passed.

No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration, herein before directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state.

No preference shall be given, by any regulation of commerce or revenue, to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to or from one state, be obliged to enter, clear, or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

SECT. 10. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make any thing but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, *ex post facto* law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts; or grant any title of nobility. No state shall, without the consent of the congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any state on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress. No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war, in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years; and, together with the Vice-President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows: —

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress: but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; and they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and

certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed: And if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for president; and if no person have a majority, then, from the five highest on the list, the said house shall, in like manner, choose the president: but in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the president, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the vice-president. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall choose from them, by ballot, the vice-president. [See Amendments, Article XII.]

The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person, except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vice-president; and the congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability both of

the president and vice-president, declaring what officer shall then act as president; and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected.

The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected; and he shall not receive, within that period, any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:—

"I do solemnly swear, (or affirm,) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States."

SECT. 2. The president shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states when called into the actual service of the United States. He may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices; and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law: but the congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies

that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECT. 3. He shall, from time to time, give to the congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

SECT. 4. The president, vice-president, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may, from time to time, ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECT. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controver-

sies between two or more states; between a state and citizens of another state; between citizens of different states; between citizens of the same state, claiming lands under grants of different states; and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens, or subjects. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions, and under such regulations, as the congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

SECT. 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason; but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state; and the congress may, by general laws, prescribe the manner in which such acts, records, and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECT. 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor; but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECT. 3. New states may be admitted by the congress into this Union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state, nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned, as well as of the congress.

The congress shall have power to dispose of, and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

SECT. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this Union a republican form of government: and shall protect each of them against invasion: and on application of the legislature, or of the executive, (when the legislature cannot be convened,) against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The congress, whenever two thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for

proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the congress; provided, that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall, in any manner, affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States, under this constitution, as under the confederation.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, any thing in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound, by oath or affirmation, to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine states shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution, between the states so ratifying the same.

ARTICLES,

In addition to, and amendment of, the Constitution of the United States, proposed by Congress, and ratified by the Legislatures of the several States, pursuant to the Fifth Article of the original Constitution.

I. Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

II. A well-regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

III. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

IV. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

V. No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeop-

ardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled, in any criminal case, to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

VI. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor; and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.

VII. In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved; and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined, in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

VIII. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

IX. The enumeration, in the constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

X. The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

XI. The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

XII. The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for president and vice-president, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as president, and, in distinct ballots, the person voted for as vice-president; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president, and of all persons voted for as vice-president, and of the number of votes for each; which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate; the president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for president shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed: and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president; but in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice; and if the house of representatives shall not choose a president, whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice-president shall act as president, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president.

The person having the greatest number of votes as vice-president shall be the vice-president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice-pres-

ident; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

But no person, constitutionally ineligible to the office of president, shall be eligible to that of vice-president of the United States.

XIII. SECT. 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECT. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

XIV. SECT. 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SECT. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice-president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion, or other crimes, the basis of representation shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the

whole number of such citizens, twenty-one years of age, in such state.

SECT. 3. No person shall be a senator or representative in congress, or elector of president or vice-president, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who having previously taken an oath as a member of congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But congress may, by a two-thirds vote of each house, remove such disability.

SECT. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for the payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States, nor any state, shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations, and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SECT. 5. The congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

XV. SECT. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SECT. 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

[NOTE. — The Articles of Confederation between the thirteen United States of America were agreed upon by delegates from the states, in Congress assembled, on the 15th of November, 1777, and were finally ratified by all the states, March 1st, 1781. On the 21st of February, 1787, the Congress of the Confederation recommended that a Convention of

Delegates, to be appointed by the states, be held for the purpose of revising the Articles of Confederation. In accordance with this recommendation, delegates from the several states met together at Philadelphia, Monday, May 14th, 1787, and organized by choosing George Washington as their President. On the 17th of September, the Convention finally agreed to a proposed form of Constitution, which was transmitted to the Congress of the Confederation. By that body copies were transmitted to the several states, and the Constitution was ratified by Conventions therein in the following order: —

Delaware	December 7, 1787.
Pennsylvania	" 12, 1787.
New Jersey	" 18, 1787.
Georgia	January 2, 1788.
Connecticut	" 9, 1788.
Massachusetts	February 6, 1788.
Maryland	April 28, 1788.
South Carolina	May 23, 1788.
New Hampshire	June 21, 1788.
Virginia	" 26, 1788.
New York	July 26, 1788.

Eleven states having ratified the Constitution, Congress proceeded to make all proper preparations for carrying it into effect. The first Wednesday of January, 1789, was appointed as the time for choosing electors, the first Wednesday in February as the day on which they should vote for President and Vice-President, and the first Wednesday of March as the day on which the new Congress should assemble together. The members of the two houses of the new Congress met at New York at the time appointed, March 4th, 1789. A quorum of the House of Representatives did not appear until the first of April, when a Speaker and a Clerk were chosen. A quorum of the Senate did not appear until April 6th, when a President *pro tempore* was chosen, for the purpose of counting the votes for President and Vice-President. On the same day, in presence of both houses, the returns of votes from the several states were opened and counted. George Washington was declared elected President, and John Adams Vice-President. The Senate then elected a President *pro tempore*, and a Secretary, and both houses, being organized, proceeded to transact public business. On the 21st of April the Vice-President assumed his seat as President of the Senate, and on Thursday, April 30th, George Washington was inaugurated President. The Constitution was ratified soon afterwards by the two remaining states; by North Carolina, November 21st, 1789, and by Rhode Island, May 29th, 1790.

On the 25th of September, 1789, Congress proposed twelve articles of amendment to the Constitution, *ten* of which (numbered in the preceding pages from *one* to *ten*) were finally ratified December 15th, 1791. The *eleventh* article of amendment was proposed by Congress March 5th, 1794, and was declared by the President, in his message of January 8, 1798, to have been adopted by the requisite number of states. The *twelfth* amendment was proposed by Congress December 12th, 1803, and was adopted during the year 1804. The *thirteenth* amendment was adopted by the Senate of the United States April 8th, 1864, by a vote of 38 yeas to 6 nays; and by the House on the 31st of January, 1865, by a vote of 119 yeas to 56 nays. On the 18th of December, 1865, the Secretary of State made proclamation that it had been ratified by the requisite number of states.

The *fourteenth* amendment was adopted by the Senate of the United States June 8th, 1866, by a vote of 33 yeas to 11 nays; and by the House on the 13th of June, 1866, by a vote of 138 yeas to 36 nays. On the 21st of July, 1868, the Senate and House passed this concurrent resolution: —

"*Whereas*, The legislatures of the states of Connecticut, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, West Virginia, Kansas, Missouri, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota, New York, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Michigan, Nevada, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Maine, Iowa, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Alabama, South Carolina, and Louisiana, being three fourths and more of the several states of the Union, have ratified the fourteenth article of amendment to the Constitution of the United States, duly proposed by two thirds of each house of the thirty-ninth Congress; therefore

"*Resolved by the Senate, (the House of Representatives concurring,)* That said fourteenth article is hereby declared to be a part of the Constitution of the United States, and it shall be duly promulgated as such by the Secretary of State."

Afterwards a proclamation was issued by the Secretary of State, in which it was declared that the amendment had been ratified, and had become a part of the Constitution.

The *fifteenth* amendment was adopted by Congress "on or about the 27th day of February, in the year 1869." On the 30th of March, 1870, the Secretary of State proclaimed its ratification "by the legislatures of the states of North Carolina, West Virginia, Massachusetts, Wisconsin, Maine, Louisiana, Michigan, South Carolina, Pennsylvania, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, New York, New Hampshire, Nevada, Vermont, Virginia, Alabama, Missouri, Mississippi, Ohio, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Rhode Island, Nebraska, and Texas, in all twenty-nine states," three fourths of the whole number. And the Secretary further proclaimed that it appeared from official documents on file in his department, that "the legislature of New York has since passed

resolutions claiming to withdraw said ratification;" and that "the legislature of Georgia has by resolution ratified the said proposed amendment." The Secretary then certified that "the amendment aforesaid has become valid, to all intents and purposes, as a part of the Constitution of the United States."

CONSTITUTION

OR

FORM OF GOVERNMENT

FOR THE

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PREAMBLE.

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PREAMBLE.

THE end of the institution, maintenance, and administration of government, is to secure the existence of the body politic; to protect it; and to furnish the individuals who compose it with the power of enjoying in safety and tranquillity their natural rights, and the blessings of life: and whenever these great objects are not obtained, the people have a right to alter the government, and to take measures necessary for their safety, prosperity, and happiness.

The body politic is formed by a voluntary association of individuals; it is a social compact, by which the whole people covenants with each citizen, and each citizen with the whole people, that all shall be governed by certain laws for the common good. It is the duty of the people, therefore, in framing a constitution of government, to provide for an equitable mode of making laws, as well as for an impartial interpretation, and a faithful execution of them; that every man may, at all times, find his security in them.

We, therefore, the people of Massachusetts, acknowledging with grateful hearts the goodness of the great Legislator of the universe, in affording us, in the course of his provi-

dence, an opportunity, deliberately and peaceably, without fraud, violence, or surprise, of entering into an original, explicit, and solemn compact with each other; and of forming a new constitution of civil government for ourselves and posterity; and devoutly imploring his direction in so interesting a design, do agree upon, ordain, and establish, the following *Declaration of Rights, and Frame of Government*, as the CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

PART THE FIRST.

A Declaration of the Rights of the Inhabitants of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

ARTICLE I. All men are born free and equal, and have certain natural, essential, and unalienable rights; among which may be reckoned the right of enjoying and defending their lives and liberties; that of acquiring, possessing, and protecting property; in fine, that of seeking and obtaining their safety and happiness.

ART. II. It is the right as well as the duty of all men in society, publicly, and at stated seasons, to worship the SUPREME BEING, the great Creator and Preserver of the universe. And no subject shall be hurt, molested, or restrained, in his person, liberty, or estate, for worshipping GOD in the manner and season most agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience; or for his religious profession or sentiments; provided he doth not disturb the public peace, or obstruct others in their religious worship.

ART. III. As the happiness of a people, and the good order and preservation of civil government, essentially depend upon piety, religion, and morality; and as these cannot be generally diffused through a community but by the institution of the public worship of GOD, and of public

instructions in piety, religion, and morality: therefore, to promote their happiness, and to secure the good order and preservation of their government, the people of this Commonwealth have a right to invest their legislature with power to authorize and require, and the legislature shall from time to time authorize and require, the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, to make suitable provision, at their own expense, for the institution of the public worship of GOD, and for the support and maintenance of public Protestant teachers of piety, religion, and morality, in all cases where such provision shall not be made voluntarily. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

And the people of this Commonwealth have also a right to, and do, invest their legislature with authority to enjoin upon all the subjects an attendance upon the instructions of the public teachers aforesaid, at stated times and seasons, if there be any on whose instructions they can conscientiously and conveniently attend. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

Provided notwithstanding, that the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, shall at all times have the exclusive right of electing their public teachers, and of contracting with them for their support and maintenance. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

And all moneys paid by the subject to the support of public worship, and of the public teachers aforesaid, shall, if he require it, be uniformly applied to the support of the public teacher or teachers of his own religious sect or denomination, provided there be any on whose instructions he attends; otherwise it may be paid towards the support of the teacher or teachers of the parish or precinct in which the said moneys are raised. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

And every denomination of Christians, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good subjects of the Commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law: and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to

another shall ever be established by law. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

ART. IV. The people of this Commonwealth have the sole and exclusive right of governing themselves, as a free, sovereign, and independent State; and do, and forever hereafter shall, exercise and enjoy every power, jurisdiction, and right, which is not, or may not hereafter, be by them expressly delegated to the United States of America, in Congress assembled.

ART. V. All power residing originally in the people, and being derived from them, the several magistrates and officers of government, vested with authority, whether legislative, executive, or judicial, are their substitutes and agents, and are at all times accountable to them.

ART. VI. No man, nor corporation, or association of men, have any other title to obtain advantages, or particular and exclusive privileges, distinct from those of the community, than what arises from the consideration of services rendered to the public; and this title being in nature neither hereditary, nor transmissible to children, or descendants, or relations by blood, the idea of a man born a magistrate, lawgiver, or judge, is absurd and unnatural.

ART. VII. Government is instituted for the common good, for the protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness of the people; and not for the profit, honor, or private interest of any one man, family, or class of men: Therefore the people alone have an incontestable, unalienable, and indefeasible right to institute government; and to reform, alter, or totally change the same, when their protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness require it.

ART. VIII. In order to prevent those who are vested with authority from becoming oppressors, the people have a right, at such periods and in such manner as they shall establish by their frame of government, to cause their pub-

lic officers to return to private life; and to fill up vacant places by certain and regular elections and appointments.

ART. IX. All elections ought to be free; and all the inhabitants of this Commonwealth, having such qualifications as they shall establish by their frame of government, have an equal right to elect officers, and to be elected, for public employments.

ART. X. Each individual of the society has a right to be protected by it in the enjoyment of his life, liberty, and property, according to standing laws. He is obliged, consequently, to contribute his share to the expense of this protection; to give his personal service, or an equivalent, when necessary: but no part of the property of any individual can, with justice, be taken from him, or applied to public uses, without his own consent, or that of the representative body of the people. In fine, the people of this Commonwealth are not controllable by any other laws than those to which their constitutional representative body have given their consent. And whenever the public exigencies require that the property of any individual should be appropriated to public uses, he shall receive a reasonable compensation therefor.

ART. XI. Every subject of the Commonwealth ought to find a certain remedy, by having recourse to the laws, for all injuries or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character. He ought to obtain right and justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it; completely, and without any denial; promptly, and without delay; conformably to the laws.

ART. XII. No subject shall be held to answer for any crimes or offence, until the same is fully and plainly, substantially and formally, described to him; or be compelled to accuse, or furnish evidence against himself. And

every subject shall have a right to produce all proofs that may be favorable to him; to meet the witnesses against him face to face, and to be fully heard in his defence by himself, or his counsel, at his election. And no subject shall be arrested, imprisoned, despoiled, or deprived of his property, immunities, or privileges, put out of the protection of the law, exiled, or deprived of his life, liberty, or estate, but by the judgment of his peers, or the law of the land.

And the legislature shall not make any law that shall subject any person to a capital or infamous punishment, excepting for the government of the army and navy, without trial by jury.

ART. XIII. In criminal prosecutions, the verification of facts in the vicinity where they happen is one of the greatest securities of the life, liberty, and property of the citizen.

ART. XIV. Every subject has a right to be secure from all unreasonable searches and seizures of his person, his houses, his papers, and all his possessions. All warrants, therefore, are contrary to this right, if the cause or foundation of them be not previously supported by oath or affirmation; and if the order in the warrant to a civil officer, to make search in suspected places, or to arrest one or more suspected persons, or to seize their property, be not accompanied with a special designation of the persons or objects of search, arrest, or seizure; and no warrant ought to be issued but in cases, and with the formalities, prescribed by the laws.

ART. XV. In all controversies concerning property, and in all suits between two or more persons, except in cases in which it has heretofore been otherways used and practised, the parties have a right to trial by jury; and this method of procedure shall be held sacred, unless, in causes arising

on the high seas, and such as relate to mariners' wages, the legislature shall hereafter find it necessary to alter it.

ART. XVI. The liberty of the press is essential to the security of freedom in a state: it ought not, therefore, to be restrained in this Commonwealth.

ART. XVII. The people have a right to keep and to bear arms for the common defence. And as, in time of peace, armies are dangerous to liberty, they ought not to be maintained without the consent of the legislature; and the military power shall always be held in an exact subordination to the civil authority, and be governed by it.

ART. XVIII. A frequent recurrence to the fundamental principles of the constitution, and a constant adherence to those of piety, justice, moderation, temperance, industry, and frugality, are absolutely necessary to preserve the advantages of liberty, and to maintain a free government. The people ought, consequently, to have a particular attention to all those principles, in the choice of their officers and representatives: and they have a right to require of their lawgivers and magistrates an exact and constant observance of them, in the formation and execution of the laws necessary for the good administration of the Commonwealth.

ART. XIX. The people have a right, in an orderly and peaceable manner, to assemble to consult upon the common good, give instructions to their representatives, and to request of the legislative body, by the way of addresses, petitions, or remonstrances, redress of the wrongs done them, and of the grievances they suffer.

ART. XX. The power of suspending the laws, or the execution of the laws, ought never to be exercised but by the legislature, or by authority derived from it, to be exer

cised in such particular cases only as the legislature shall expressly provide for.

ART. XXI. The freedom of deliberation, speech, and debate, in either house of the legislature, is so essential to the rights of the people, that it cannot be the foundation of any accusation or prosecution, action or complaint, in any other court or place whatsoever.

ART. XXII. The legislature ought frequently to assemble for the redress of grievances, for correcting, strengthening, and confirming the laws, and for making new laws, as the common good may require.

ART. XXIII. No subsidy, charge, tax, impost, or duties, ought to be established, fixed, laid, or levied, under any pretext whatsoever, without the consent of the people, or their representatives in the legislature.

ART. XXIV. Laws made to punish for actions done before the existence of such laws, and which have not been declared crimes by preceding laws, are unjust, oppressive, and inconsistent with the fundamental principles of a free government.

ART. XXV. No subject ought, in any case, or in any time, to be declared guilty of treason or felony by the legislature.

ART. XXVI. No magistrate or court of law shall demand excessive bail or sureties, impose excessive fines, or inflict cruel or unusual punishments.

ART. XXVII. In time of peace, no soldier ought to be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; and in time of war, such quarters ought not to be made

but by the civil magistrate, in a manner ordained by the legislature.

ART. XXVIII. No person can in any case be subjected to law-martial, or to any penalties or pains by virtue of that law, except those employed in the army or navy, and except the militia in actual service, but by authority of the legislature.

ART. XXIX. It is essential to the preservation of the rights of every individual, his life, liberty, property, and character, that there be an impartial interpretation of the laws, and administration of justice. It is the right of every citizen to be tried by judges as free, impartial, and independent as the lot of humanity will admit. It is, therefore, not only the best policy, but for the security of the rights of the people, and of every citizen, that the judges of the supreme judicial court should hold their offices as long as they behave themselves well, and that they should have honorable salaries ascertained and established by standing laws.

ART. XXX. In the government of this Commonwealth, the legislative department shall never exercise the executive and judicial powers, or either of them; the executive shall never exercise the legislative and judicial powers, or either of them; the judicial shall never exercise the legislative and executive powers, or either of them: to the end it may be a government of laws, and not of men.

PART THE SECOND.

The Frame of Government.

The people, inhabiting the territory formerly called the Province of Massachusetts Bay, do hereby solemnly and mutually agree with each other, to form themselves into a free, sovereign, and independent body politic or state, by the name of THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

CHAPTER I.

THE LEGISLATIVE POWER.

SECTION I.

The General Court.

ARTICLE I. The department of legislation shall be formed by two branches, a Senate and House of Representatives, each of which shall have a negative on the other.

The legislative body shall assemble every year, on the last Wednesday in May, and at such other times as they shall judge necessary; and shall dissolve and be dissolved, on the day next preceding the said last Wednesday in May; and shall be styled, THE GENERAL COURT OF MASSACHUSETTS. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. II. No bill or resolve of the senate or house of representatives shall become a law, and have force as such, until it shall have been laid before the governor for his revisal; and if he, upon such revision, approve thereof, he shall signify his approbation by signing the same. But if he have any objection to the passing of such bill or resolve, he shall return the same, together with his objections

thereto, in writing, to the senate or house of representatives, in whichsoever the same shall have originated, who shall enter the objections sent down by the governor, at large, on their records, and proceed to reconsider the said bill or resolve: but if, after such reconsideration, two thirds of the said senate or house of representatives shall, notwithstanding the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, shall have the force of a law: but in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the names of the persons voting for, or against, the said bill or resolve, shall be entered upon the public records of the Commonwealth.

And in order to prevent unnecessary delays, if any bill or resolve shall not be returned by the governor within five days after it shall have been presented, the same shall have the force of a law. [See Amendments, Article I.]

ART. III. The general court shall forever have full power and authority to erect and constitute judicatories and courts of record, or other courts, to be held in the name of the Commonwealth, for the hearing, trying, and determining of all manner of crimes, offences, pleas, processes, plaints, actions, matters, causes, and things, whatsoever, arising or happening within the Commonwealth, or between or concerning persons inhabiting, or residing, or brought within the same; whether the same be criminal or civil, or whether the said crimes be capital or not capital, and whether the said pleas be real, personal, or mixed; and for the awarding and making out of execution thereupon: to which courts and judicatories are hereby given and granted full power and authority, from time to time, to administer oaths or affirmations, for the better discovery

of truth in any matter in controversy, or depending before them.

ART. IV. And further, full power and authority are hereby given and granted to the said general court, from time to time, to make, ordain, and establish, all manner of wholesome and reasonable orders, laws, statutes, and ordinances, directions and instructions, either with penalties or without; so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution, as they shall judge to be for the good and welfare of this Commonwealth, and for the government and ordering thereof, and of the subjects of the same, and for the necessary support and defence of the government thereof; and to name and settle annually, or provide by fixed laws for the naming and settling, all civil officers within the said Commonwealth, the election and constitution of whom are not hereafter in this form of government otherwise provided for; and to set forth the several duties, powers, and limits of the several civil and military officers of this Commonwealth, and the forms of such oaths or affirmations as shall be respectively administered unto them for the execution of their several offices and places, so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution; and to impose and levy proportional and reasonable assessments, rates, and taxes, upon all the inhabitants of, and persons resident, and estates lying, within the said Commonwealth; and also to impose and levy reasonable duties and excises upon any produce, goods, wares, merchandise, and commodities whatsoever, brought into, produced, manufactured, or being within the same; to be issued and disposed of by warrant, under the hand of the governor of this Commonwealth for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the public service, in the necessary defence and support of the government of the said Commonwealth, and the protection and preservation of the subjects thereof, according to such acts as are or shall be in force within the same.

And while the public charges of government, or any part thereof, shall be assessed on polls and estates, in the manner that has hitherto been practised, in order that such assessments may be made with equality, there shall be a valuation of estates within the Commonwealth, taken anew, once in every ten years at least, and as much oftener as the general court shall order.

CHAPTER I.

SECTION II.

Senate.

ARTICLE I. There shall be annually elected, by the freeholders and other inhabitants of this Commonwealth, qualified as in this constitution is provided, forty persons to be councillors and senators, for the year ensuing their election; to be chosen by the inhabitants of the districts into which the Commonwealth may from time to time be divided by the general court for that purpose; and the general court, in assigning the numbers to be elected by the respective districts, shall govern themselves by the proportion of the public taxes paid by the said districts, and timely make known to the inhabitants of the Commonwealth the limits of each district, and the number of councillors and senators to be chosen therein: provided, that the number of such districts shall never be less than thirteen; and that no district be so large as to entitle the same to choose more than six senators. [See Amendments, Articles XIII. and XVI.]

And the several counties in this Commonwealth shall, until the general court shall determine it necessary to alter the said districts, be districts for the choice of councillors and senators (except that the counties of Dukes County and Nantucket shall form one district for that purpose)

and shall elect the following number for councillors and senators; viz.: — [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

Suffolk	six.	York	two.
Essex	six.	Dukes County and Nantucket	one.
Middlesex	five.	Worcester	five.
Hampshire	four.	Cumberland	one.
Plymouth	three.	Lincoln	one.
Barnstable	one.	Berkshire	two.
Bristol	three.		

ART. II. The senate shall be the first branch of the legislature; and the senators shall be chosen in the following manner, viz.: There shall be a meeting on the first Monday in April, annually, forever, of the inhabitants of each town in the several counties of this Commonwealth, to be called by the selectmen, and warned in due course of law, at least seven days before the first Monday in April, for the purpose of electing persons to be senators and councillors; and at such meetings every male inhabitant of twenty-one years of age and upwards, having a freehold estate within the Commonwealth, of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to give in his vote for the senators for the district of which he is an inhabitant. And to remove all doubts concerning the meaning of the word "inhabitant," in this constitution, every person shall be considered as an inhabitant, for the purpose of electing and being elected into any office, or place within this State, in that town, district, or plantation where he dwelleth, or hath his home. [See Amendments, Articles II., III., X., XIV., XV.]

The selectmen of the several towns shall preside at such meetings impartially, and shall receive the votes of all the inhabitants of such towns present and qualified to vote for senators, and shall sort and count them in open town meeting, and in presence of the town clerk, who shall make a fair record, in presence of the selectmen, and in open town

meeting, of the name of every person voted for, and of the number of votes against his name; and a fair copy of this record shall be attested by the selectmen and the town clerk, and shall be sealed up, directed to the secretary of the Commonwealth for the time being, with a superscription expressing the purport of the contents thereof, and delivered by the town clerk of such towns to the sheriff of the county in which such town lies, thirty days at least before the last Wednesday in May, annually; or it shall be delivered into the secretary's office seventeen days at least before the said last Wednesday in May; and the sheriff of each county shall deliver all such certificates, by him received, into the secretary's office, seventeen days before the said last Wednesday in May. [See Amendments, Articles II. and X.]

And the inhabitants of plantations unincorporated, qualified as this constitution provides, who are or shall be empowered and required to assess taxes upon themselves towards the support of government, shall have the same privilege of voting for councillors and senators, in the plantations where they reside, as town inhabitants have in their respective towns; and the plantation meeting for that purpose shall be held, annually, on the same first Monday in April, at such place in the plantations, respectively, as the assessors thereof shall direct; which assessors shall have like authority for notifying the electors, collecting and returning the votes, as the selectmen and town clerks have in their several towns, by this constitution. And all other persons living in places unincorporated, (qualified as aforesaid,) who shall be assessed to the support of government, by the assessors of an adjacent town, shall have the privilege of giving in their votes for councillors and senators, in the town where they shall be assessed, and be notified of the place of meeting, by the selectmen of the town where they shall be assessed, for that purpose, accordingly. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. III. And that there may be a due convention of senators on the last Wednesday in May, annually, the governor, with five of the council for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of such records; and fourteen days before the said day, he shall issue his summons to such persons as shall appear to be chosen by a majority of voters, to attend on that day, and take their seats accordingly: provided, nevertheless, that for the first year the said returned copies shall be examined by the president and five of the council of the former constitution of government; and the said president shall, in like manner, issue his summons to the persons so elected, that they may take their seats as aforesaid. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. IV. The senate shall be the final judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of their own members, as pointed out in the constitution, and shall, on the said last Wednesday in May, annually, determine and declare who are elected by each district, to be senators, by a majority of votes: and in case there shall not appear to be the full number of senators returned, elected by a majority of votes, for any district, the deficiency shall be supplied in the following manner, viz.: The members of the house of representatives, and such senators as shall be declared elected, shall take the names of such persons as shall be found to have the highest number of votes in such district, and not elected, amounting to twice the number of senators wanting, if there be so many voted for, and out of these shall elect by ballot a number of senators sufficient to fill up the vacancies in such district; and in this manner all such vacancies shall be filled up in every district of the Commonwealth; and in like manner all vacancies in the senate, arising by death, removal out of the State, or otherwise, shall be supplied as soon as may be after such vacancies shall happen. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. V. Provided, nevertheless, that no person shall be capable of being elected as a senator, who is not seized in his own right of a freehold, within this Commonwealth, of the value of three hundred pounds at least, or possessed of personal estate to the value of six hundred pounds at least, or of both to the amount of the same sum, and who has not been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for the space of five years immediately preceding his election, and, at the time of his election, he shall be an inhabitant in the district for which he shall be chosen. [See amendments, Article XIII.]

ART. VI. The senate shall have power to adjourn themselves, provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time.

ART. VII. The senate shall choose its own president, appoint its own officers, and determine its own rules of proceeding.

ART. VIII. The senate shall be a court, with full authority, to hear and determine all impeachments made by the house of representatives, against any officer or officers of the Commonwealth, for misconduct and maladministration in their offices; but, previous to the trial of every impeachment, the members of the senate shall, respectively, be sworn, truly and impartially to try and determine the charge in question, according to evidence. Their judgment, however, shall not extend further than to remove from office, and disqualification to hold or enjoy any place of honor, trust, or profit, under this Commonwealth: but the party so convicted shall be, nevertheless, liable to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment, according to the laws of the land.

ART. IX. Not less than sixteen members of the senate shall constitute a quorum for doing business.

CHAPTER I.

SECTION III.

House of Representatives.

ARTICLE I. There shall be in the legislature of this Commonwealth, a representation of the people, annually elected, and founded upon the principle of equality.

ART. II. And in order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this Commonwealth, founded upon the principle of equality, every corporate town containing one hundred and fifty ratable polls, may elect one representative; every corporate town containing three hundred and seventy-five ratable polls, may elect two representatives; every corporate town containing six hundred ratable polls, may elect three representatives; and proceeding in that manner, making two hundred and twenty-five ratable polls the mean increasing number for every additional representative. [See Amendments, Articles XII. and XIII.]

Provided, nevertheless, that each town now incorporated, not having one hundred and fifty ratable polls, may elect one representative; but no place shall hereafter be incorporated with the privilege of electing a representative, unless there are within the same one hundred and fifty ratable polls.

And the house of representatives shall have power, from time to time, to impose fines upon such towns as shall neglect to choose and return members to the same, agreeably to this constitution.

The expenses of travelling to the general assembly, and returning home, once in every session, and no more, shall be paid by the government, out of the public treasury, to every member who shall attend as seasonably as he can, in the judgment of the house, and does not depart without leave.

ART. III. Every member of the house of representatives shall be chosen by written votes; and, for one year at least, next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of, and have been seized in his own right, of a freehold of the value of one hundred pounds, within the town he shall be chosen to represent, or any ratable estate to the value of two hundred pounds; and he shall cease to represent the said town immediately on his ceasing to be qualified as aforesaid. [See Amendments, Articles XIII. and XIV.]

ART. IV. Every male person, being twenty-one years of age, and resident in any particular town in this Commonwealth for the space of one year next preceding, having a freehold estate, within the same town, of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to vote in the choice of a representative or representatives for the said town. [See Amendments, Article III.]

ART. V. The members of the house of representatives shall be chosen annually in the month of May, ten days, at least, before the last Wednesday of that month. [See Amendments, Articles X. and XV.]

ART. VI. The house of representatives shall be the grand inquest of this Commonwealth; and all impeachments made by them shall be heard and tried by the senate.

ART. VII. All money bills shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

ART. VIII. The house of representatives shall have power to adjourn themselves; provided such adjournment shall not exceed two days at a time.

ART. IX. Not less than sixty members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business.

ART. X. The house of representatives shall be the judge of the returns, elections, and qualifications of its own members, as pointed out in the constitution; shall choose their own speaker, appoint their own officers, and settle the rules and orders of proceeding in their own house. They shall have authority to punish by imprisonment every person, not a member, who shall be guilty of disrespect to the house, by any disorderly or contemptuous behavior in its presence; or who, in the town where the general court is sitting, and during the time of its sitting, shall threaten harm to the body or estate of any of its members, for any thing said or done in the house; or who shall assault any of them therefor; or who shall assault, or arrest, any witness, or other person, ordered to attend the house, in his way in going or returning; or who shall rescue any person arrested by the order of the house.

And no member of the house of representatives shall be arrested, or held to bail on mean process, during his going unto, returning from, or his attending, the general assembly.

ART. XI. The senate shall have the same powers in the like cases; and the governor and council shall have the same authority to punish in like cases; provided that no imprisonment, on the warrant or order of the governor, council, senate, or house of representatives, for either of the above described offences, be for a term exceeding thirty days.

And the senate and house of representatives may try and determine all cases where their rights and privileges are concerned, and which, by the constitution, they have authority to try and determine, by committees of their own members, or in such way as they may, respectively, think best.

CHAPTER II.

EXECUTIVE POWER.

SECTION II.

Governor.

ARTICLE I. There shall be a supreme executive magistrate, who shall be styled — THE GOVERNOR OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS; — and whose title shall be — *His Excellency.*

ART. II. The governor shall be chosen annually; and no person shall be eligible to this office, unless, at the time of his election, he shall have been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for seven years next preceding; and unless he shall, at the same time, be seized, in his own right, of a freehold, within the Commonwealth, of the value of one thousand pounds; and unless he shall declare himself to be of the Christian religion. [See Amendments, Article VII.]

ART. III. Those persons who shall be qualified to vote for senators and representatives, within the several towns of this Commonwealth, shall, at a meeting to be called for that purpose, on the first Monday of April, annually, give in their votes for a governor, to the selectmen, who shall preside at such meetings; and the town clerk, in the presence and with the assistance of the selectmen, shall, in open town meeting, sort and count the votes, and form a list of the persons voted for, with the number of votes for each person against his name; and shall make a fair record of the same in the town books, and a public declaration thereof in the said meeting; and shall, in the presence of the inhabitants, seal up copies of the said list, attested by him and the selectmen, and transmit the same to the sheriff of the county, thirty days at least before the last Wednes-

day in May; and the sheriff shall transmit the same to the secretary's office seventeen days at least before the said last Wednesday in May; or the selectmen may cause returns of the same to be made to the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth, seventeen days, at least, before the said day; and the secretary shall lay the same before the senate and the house of representatives, on the last Wednesday in May, to be by them examined; and in case of an election by a majority of all the votes returned, the choice shall be by them declared and published; but if no person shall have a majority of votes, the house of representatives shall, by ballot, elect two out of four persons, who had the highest number of votes, if so many shall have been voted for; but if otherwise, out of the number voted for; and make return to the senate of the two persons so elected; on which the senate shall proceed, by ballot, to elect one, who shall be declared governor. [See Amendments, Articles II., X., XIV., XV.]

ART. IV. The governor shall have authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble and call together the councillors of this Commonwealth for the time being; and the governor, with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall, and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the Commonwealth, agreeably to the constitution and the laws of the land.

ART. V. The governor, with advice of council, shall have full power and authority, during the session of the general court, to adjourn or prorogue the same to any time the two houses shall desire; and to dissolve the same on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May; and, in the recess of the said court, to prorogue the same from time to time, not exceeding ninety days in any one recess; and to call it together sooner than the time to which it may be adjourned or prorogued, if the welfare of the Commonwealth shall require the same; and in case of any infectious

disorder prevailing in the place where the said court is next at any time to convene, or any other cause happening, whereby danger may arise to the health or lives of the members from their attendance, he may direct the session to be held at some other, the most convenient place within the State. [See Amendments, Article X.]

And the governor shall dissolve the said general court on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. VI. In cases of disagreement between the two houses, with regard to the necessity, expediency, or time of adjournment, or prorogation, the governor, with advice of the council, shall have a right to adjourn or prorogue the general court, not exceeding ninety days, as he shall determine the public good shall require.

ART. VII. The governor of this Commonwealth, for the time being, shall be the commander-in-chief of the army and navy, and of all the military forces of the state, by sea and land; and shall have full power, by himself, or by any commander, or other officer or officers, from time to time, to train, instruct, exercise, and govern the militia and navy; and, for the special defence and safety of the Commonwealth, to assemble in martial array, and put in warlike posture, the inhabitants thereof, and to lead and conduct them, and with them to encounter, repel, resist, expel, and pursue, by force of arms, as well by sea as by land, within or without the limits of this Commonwealth, and also to kill, slay, and destroy, if necessary, and conquer, by all fitting ways, enterprises, and means whatsoever, all and every such person and persons as shall, at any time hereafter, in a hostile manner, attempt or enterprise the destruction, invasion, detriment, or annoyance of this Commonwealth; and to use and exercise over the army and navy, and over the militia in actual service, the law-martial in time of war or invasion, and also in time

of rebellion, declared by the legislature to exist, as occasion shall necessarily require; and to take and surprise, by all ways and means whatsoever, all and every such person or persons, with their ships, arms, ammunition, and other goods, as shall, in a hostile manner, invade or attempt the invading, conquering, or annoying this Commonwealth; and that the governor be intrusted with all these and other powers, incident to the offices of captain-general and commander-in-chief, and admiral, to be exercised agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution, and the laws of the land, and not otherwise.

Provided, that the said governor shall not, at any time hereafter, by virtue of any power by this constitution granted, or hereafter to be granted to him by the legislature, transport any of the inhabitants of this Commonwealth, or oblige them to march out of the limits of the same, without their free and voluntary consent, or the consent of the general court; except so far as may be necessary to march or transport them by land or water, for the defence of such part of the state to which they cannot otherwise conveniently have access.

ART. VIII. The power of pardoning offences, except such as persons may be convicted of before the senate, by an impeachment of the house, shall be in the governor, by and with the advice of council; but no charter of pardon, granted by the governor, with advice of the council, before conviction, shall avail the party pleading the same, notwithstanding any general or particular expressions contained therein, descriptive of the offence or offences intended to be pardoned.

ART. IX. All judicial officers, the attorney-general, the solicitor-general, all sheriffs, coroners, and registrars of probate, shall be nominated and appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the council and every such nomination shall be made by the governor

and made at least seven days prior to such appointment. [See Amendments, Articles XIV., XVII., XIX.]

ART. X. The captains and subalterns of the militia shall be elected by the written votes of the train-band and alarm-list of their respective companies, of twenty-one years of age and upwards; the field officers of regiments shall be elected by the written votes of the captains and subalterns of their respective regiments; the brigadiers shall be elected in like manner, by the field officers of their respective brigades; and such officers, so elected, shall be commissioned by the governor, who shall determine their rank. [See Amendments, Article V.]

The legislature shall, by standing laws, direct the time and manner of convening the electors, and of collecting votes, and of certifying to the governor the officers elected.

The major-generals shall be appointed by the senate and house of representatives, each having a negative upon the other; and be commissioned by the governor.

And if the electors of brigadiers, field officers, captains, or subalterns, shall neglect or refuse to make such elections, after being duly notified, according to the laws for the time being, then the governor, with advice of council, shall appoint suitable persons to fill such offices.

And no officer, duly commissioned to command in the militia, shall be removed from his office but by the address of both houses to the governor, or by fair trial in court martial, pursuant to the laws of the Commonwealth for the time being. [See Amendments, Article IV.]

The commanding officers of regiments shall appoint their adjutants and quarter-masters; the brigadiers their brigade-majors; and the major-generals their aids; and the governor shall appoint the adjutant-general.

The governor, with advice of council, shall appoint all officers of the continental army, whom by the confederation of the United States it is provided that this Com-

monwealth appoint, — as also all officers of forts and garrisons.

The divisions of the militia into brigades, regiments and companies, made in pursuance of the militia laws now in force, shall be considered as the proper divisions of the militia of this Commonwealth until the same shall be altered in pursuance of some future law.

ART. XI. No moneys shall be issued out of the treasury of this Commonwealth and disposed of (except such sums as may be appropriated for the redemption of bills of credit or treasurer's notes, or for the payment of interest arising thereon) but by warrant under the hand of the governor for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the necessary defence and support of the Commonwealth, and for the protection and preservation of the inhabitants thereof, agreeably to the acts and resolves of the general court.

ART. XII. All public boards, the commissary-general, all superintending officers of public magazines and stores, belonging to this Commonwealth, and all commanding officers of forts and garrisons within the same, shall, once in every three months, officially and without requisition, and at other times when required by the governor, deliver to him an account of all goods, stores, provisions, ammunition, cannon with their appendages, and small arms with their accoutrements, and of all other public property whatever under their care, respectively; distinguishing the quantity, number, quality, and kind of each, as particularly as may be; together with the condition of such forts and garrisons; and the said commanding officer shall exhibit to the governor, when required by him, true and exact plans of such forts, and of the land and sea, or harbor or harbors, adjacent.

And the said boards, and all public officers, shall communicate to the governor, as soon as may be after receiving

the same, all letters, despatches, and intelligences of a public nature, which shall be directed to them respectively.

ART. XIII. As the public good requires that the governor should not be under the undue influence of any of the members of the general court, by a dependence on them for his support — that he should, in all cases, act with freedom for the benefit of the public — that he should not have his attention necessarily diverted from that object to his private concerns — and that he should maintain the dignity of the Commonwealth in the character of its chief magistrate — it is necessary that he should have an honorable stated salary, of a fixed and permanent value, amply sufficient for those purposes, and established by standing laws: and it shall be among the first acts of the general court, after the commencement of this constitution, to establish such salary by law accordingly.

Permanent and honorable salaries shall also be established by law for the justices of the supreme judicial court.

And if it shall be found that any of the salaries aforesaid, so established, are insufficient, they shall, from time to time, be enlarged, as the general court shall judge proper.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION II.

Lieutenant-Governor.

ARTICLE I. There shall be annually elected a lieutenant-governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, whose title shall be — *His Honor;* and who shall be qualified, in point of religion, property, and residence in the Commonwealth, in the same manner with the governor; and the day and manner of his election, and the qualifications of

the electors, shall be the same as are required in the election of a governor. The return of the votes for this officer, and the declaration of his election, shall be in the same manner; and if no one person shall be found to have a majority of all the votes returned, the vacancy shall be filled by the senate and house of representatives, in the same manner as the governor is to be elected, in case no one person shall have a majority of the votes of the people to be governor. [See Amendments, Articles III., VI., X., XV.]

Art. II. The governor, and in his absence the lieutenant-governor, shall be president of the council, but shall have no vote in council; and the lieutenant-governor shall always be a member of the council, except when the chair of the governor shall be vacant.

Art. III. Whenever the chair of the governor shall be vacant, by reason of his death, or absence from the Commonwealth, or otherwise, the lieutenant-governor, for the time being, shall, during such vacancy, perform all the duties incumbent upon the governor, and shall have and exercise all the powers and authorities, which, by this constitution, the governor is vested with, when personally present.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION III.

Council, and the Manner of settling Elections by the Legislature.

Article I. There shall be a council for advising the governor in the executive part of the government, to consist of nine persons besides the lieutenant-governor, whom the governor, for the time being, shall have full power and authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble

and call together; and the governor, with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the Commonwealth, according to the laws of the land. [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

ART. II. Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the persons returned for councillors and senators, on the last Wednesday in May, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives assembled in one room; and in case there shall not be found, upon the first choice, the whole number of nine persons who will accept a seat in the council, the deficiency shall be made up by the electors aforesaid from among the people at large; and the number of senators left shall constitute the senate for the year. The seats of the persons thus elected from the senate, and accepting the trust, shall be vacated in the senate. [See Amendments, Articles X., XIII., XVI.]

ART. III. The councillors, in the civil arrangements of the Commonwealth, shall have rank next after the lieutenant-governor.

ART. IV. Not more than two councillors shall be chosen out of any one district of this Commonwealth.

ART. V. The resolutions and advice of the council shall be recorded in a register, and signed by the members present; and this record may be called for, at any time, by either house of the legislature; and any member of the council may insert his opinion, contrary to the resolution of the majority.

ART. VI. Whenever the office of the governor and lieutenant-governor shall be vacant, by reason of death, absence, or otherwise, then the council, or the major part

of them, shall, during such vacancy, have full power and authority to do and execute all and every such acts, matters, and things, as the governor or the lieutenant-governor might or could, by virtue of this constitution, do or execute, if they, or either of them, were personally present.

ART. VII. And whereas the elections appointed to be made by this constitution, on the last Wednesday in May, annually, by the two houses of the legislature, may not be completed on that day, the said elections may be adjourned from day to day, until the same shall be completed. And the order of elections shall be as follows: The vacancies in the senate, if any, shall first be filled up; the governor and lieutenant-governor shall then be elected, provided there should be no choice of them by the people; and afterwards the two houses shall proceed to the election of the council.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION IV.

Secretary Treasurer, Commissary, &c.

ARTICLE I. The secretary, treasurer, and receiver-general, and the commissary-general, notaries public, and naval officers, shall be chosen annually, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives, in one room. And that the citizens of this Commonwealth may be assured, from time to time, that the moneys remaining in the public treasury, upon the settlement and liquidation of the public accounts, are their property, no man shall be eligible as treasurer and receiver-general more than five years successively. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII.]

ART. II. The records of the Commonwealth shall be kept in the office of the secretary, who may appoint his deputies,

for whose conduct he shall be accountable; and he shall attend the governor and council, the senate and house of representatives, in person, or by his deputies, as they shall respectively require.

CHAPTER III.

JUDICIARY POWER.

ARTICLE I. The tenure that all commission officers shall by law have in their offices shall be expressed in their respective commissions. All judicial officers, duly appointed, commissioned, and sworn, shall hold their offices during good behavior, excepting such concerning whom there is different provision made in this constitution: provided, nevertheless, the governor, with consent of the council, may remove them upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

ART. II. Each branch of the legislature, as well as the governor and council, shall have authority to require the opinions of the justices of the supreme judicial court, upon important questions of law, and upon solemn occasions.

ART. III. In order that the people may not suffer from the long continuance in place of any justice of the peace who shall fail of discharging the important duties of his office with ability or fidelity, all commissions of justices of the peace shall expire and become void in the term of seven years from their respective dates; and, upon the expiration of any commission, the same may, if necessary, be renewed, or another person appointed, as shall most conduce to the well-being of the Commonwealth.

ART. IV. The judges of probate of wills, and for granting letters of administration, shall hold their courts at such place or places, on fixed days, as the convenience of the

people shall require; and the legislature shall, from time to time, hereafter appoint such times and places; until which appointments, the said courts shall be holden at the times and places which the respective judges shall direct.

ART. V. All causes of marriage, divorce, and alimony, and all appeals from the judges of probate, shall be heard and determined by the governor and council, until the legislature shall, by law, make other provision.

CHAPTER IV.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

The delegates of this Commonwealth to the congress of the United States shall, some time in the month of June, annually, be elected by the joint ballot of the senate and house of representatives, assembled together in one room; to serve in congress for one year, to commence on the first Monday in November then next ensuing. They shall have commissions under the hand of the governor, and the great seal of the Commonwealth; but may be recalled at any time within the year, and others chosen and commissioned, in the same manner, in their stead. [Annulled by the adoption of the Constitution of the United States.]

CHAPTER V.

THE UNIVERSITY AT CAMBRIDGE, AND ENCOURAGEMENT OF LITERATURE, ETC.

SECTION I.

The University.

ARTICLE I. Whereas our wise and pious ancestors, so early as the year one thousand six hundred and thirty-six, laid the foundation of Harvard College, in which univer-

sity many persons of great eminence have, by the blessing of God, been initiated in those arts and sciences which qualified them for public employments, both in church and state; and whereas the encouragement of arts and sciences, and all good literature, tends to the honor of God, the advantage of the Christian religion, and the great benefit of this and the other United States of America, — it is declared, that the President and Fellows of Harvard College, in their corporate capacity, and their successors in that capacity, their officers and servants, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy, all the powers, authorities, rights, liberties, privileges, immunities, and franchises, which they now have, or are entitled to have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy; and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed unto them, the said president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors, and to their officers and servants, respectively, forever.

Art. II. And whereas there have been, at sundry times, by divers persons, gifts, grants, devises of houses, lands, tenements, goods, chattels, legacies, and conveyances, heretofore made, either to Harvard College, in Cambridge, in New England, or to the president and fellows of Harvard College, or to the said college by some other description, under several charters successively; it is declared, that all the said gifts, grants, devises, legacies, and conveyances are hereby forever confirmed unto the president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors, in the capacity aforesaid, according to the true intent and meaning of the donor or donors, grantor or grantors, devisor or devisors.

Art. III. And whereas by an act of the general court of the Colony of Massachusetts Bay, passed in the year one thousand six hundred and forty-two, the governor and deputy-governor for the time being, and all the magistrates of that jurisdiction, were, with the president, and a number of the clergy in the said act described, constituted

the overseers of Harvard College; and it being necessary, in this new constitution of government, to ascertain who shall be deemed successors to the said governor, deputy-governor, and magistrates; it is declared, that the governor, lieutenant-governor, council, and senate of this Commonwealth, are, and shall be deemed, their successors; who, with the president of Harvard College for the time being, together with the ministers of the congregational churches in the towns of Cambridge, Watertown, Charlestown, Boston, Roxbury, and Dorchester, mentioned in the said act, shall be, and hereby are, vested with all the powers and authority belonging, or in any way appertaining, to the overseers of Harvard College; provided, that nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the legislature of this Commonwealth from making such alterations, in the government of the said university, as shall be conducive to its advantage, and the interest of the republic of letters, in as full a manner as might have been done by the legislature of the late Province of the Massachusetts Bay.

CHAPTER V.

SECTION II.

The Encouragement of Literature, &c.

Wisdom and knowledge, as well as virtue, diffused generally among the body of the people, being necessary for the preservation of their rights and liberties; and as these depend on spreading the opportunities and advantages of education in the various parts of the country, and among the different orders of the people, it shall be the duty of legislatures and magistrates, in all future periods of this Commonwealth, to cherish the interests of literature and the sciences, and all seminaries of them; especially the university at Cambridge, public schools, and grammar schools in the towns; to encourage private societies, and

public institutions, rewards and immunities for the promotion of agriculture, arts, sciences, commerce, trades, manufactures, and a natural history of the country; to countenance and inculcate the principles of humanity and general benevolence, public and private charity, industry and frugality, honesty and punctuality in their dealings; sincerity, good humor, and all social affections and generous sentiments among the people. [See Amendments, Article XVIII.]

CHAPTER VI.

OATHS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS; INCOMPATIBILITY OF AND EXCLUSION FROM OFFICES; PECUNIARY QUALIFICATIONS; COMMISSIONS; WRITS; CONFIRMATION OF LAWS; HABEAS CORPUS; THE ENACTING STYLE; CONTINUANCE OF OFFICERS; PROVISION FOR A FUTURE REVISAL OF THE CONSTITUTION, &C.

ARTICLE I. Any person chosen governor, lieutenant-governor, councillor, senator, or representative, and accepting the trust, shall, before he proceed to execute the duties of his place or office, make and subscribe the following declaration, viz.:

"I, A. B., do declare, that I believe the Christian religion, and have a firm persuasion of its truth; and that I am seized and possessed, in my own right, of the property required by the constitution, as one qualification for the office or place to which I am elected." [See Amendments, Article VII.]

And the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors shall make and subscribe the said declaration in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and the senators and representatives first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution, and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being.

And every person chosen to either of the places or offices aforesaid, as also any person appointed or commissioned to any judicial, executive, military, or other office under the government, shall, before he enters on the discharge of the business of his place or office, take and subscribe the following declaration, and oaths or affirmations, viz.:

"I, A. B., do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify, and declare, that the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is, and of right ought to be, a free, sovereign, and independent State; and I do swear that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the said Commonwealth, and that I will defend the same against traitorous conspiracies and all hostile attempts whatsoever; and that I do renounce and abjure all allegiance, subjection, and obedience to the king, queen, or government of Great Britain, (as the case may be,) and every other foreign power whatsoever; and that no foreign prince, person, prelate, state, or potentate, hath, or ought to have, any jurisdiction, superiority, preeminence, authority, dispensing or other power, in any matter, civil, ecclesiastical, or spiritual, within this Commonwealth; except the authority and power which is or may be vested by their constituents in the congress of the United States; and I do further testify and declare, that no man, or body of men, hath, or can have, any right to absolve or discharge me from the obligation of this oath, declaration, or affirmation; and that I do make this acknowledgment, profession, testimony, declaration, denial, renunciation, and abjuration, heartily and truly, according to the common meaning and acceptation of the foregoing words, without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret reservation whatsoever. So help me, GOD."

"I, A. B., do solemnly swear and affirm, that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent on me as , according to the best of my abilities and understanding, agreeably to the

rules and regulations of the constitution, and the laws of the Commonwealth. So help me, GOD." [See Amendments, Article VI.]

Provided, always, that when any person, chosen or appointed as aforesaid, shall be of the denomination of the people called Quakers, and shall decline taking the said oaths, he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, and subscribe the same, omitting the words, "*I do swear,*" "*and abjure,*" "*oath or,*" "*and abjuration,*" in the first oath; and in the second oath, the words, "*swear and;*" and in each of them the words, "*So help me,* GOD;" subjoining, instead thereof, "*This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury.*" [See Amendments, Article VI.]

And the said oaths or affirmations shall be taken and subscribed by the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, before the president of the senate, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and by the senators and representatives first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution; and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being; and by the residue of the officers aforesaid, before such persons, and in such manner, as from time to time shall be prescribed by the legislature.

ART. II. No governor, lieutenant-governor, or judge of the supreme judicial court shall hold any other office or place under the authority of this Commonwealth, except such as by this constitution they are admitted to hold, saving that the judges of the said court may hold the offices of justices of the peace through the state; nor shall they hold any other place or office, or receive any pension or salary, from any other state, or government, or power, whatever.

No person shall be capable of holding or exercising at the same time, within this State, more than one of the fol-

lowing offices, viz.: judge of probate, sheriff, register of probate, or register of deeds; and never more than any two offices, which are to be held by appointment of the governor, or the governor and council, or the senate, or the house of representatives, or by the election of the people of the state at large, or of the people of any county, military offices and the offices of justices of the peace excepted, shall be held by one person.

No person holding the office of judge of the supreme judicial court, secretary, attorney-general, solicitor-general, treasurer, or receiver-general, judge of probate, commissary-general, president, professor or instructor of Harvard College, sheriff, clerk of the house of representatives, register of probate, register of deeds, clerk of the supreme judicial court, clerk of the inferior court of common pleas, or officer of the customs, — including, in this description, naval officers, — shall at the same time have a seat in the senate or house of representatives; but their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the senate or house of representatives; and the place so vacated shall be filled up. [See Amendments, Article VIII.]

And the same rule shall take place in case any judge of the said supreme judicial court, or judge of probate, shall accept a seat in council; or any councillor shall accept of either of those offices or places.

And no person shall ever be admitted to hold a seat in the legislature, or any office of trust or importance under the government of this Commonwealth, who shall, in the due course of law, have been convicted of bribery or corruption in obtaining an election or appointment.

Art. III. In all cases where sums of money are mentioned in this constitution, the value thereof shall be computed in silver, at six shillings and eightpence per ounce; and it shall be in the power of the legislature, from time to time, to increase such qualifications, as to property, of the

persons to be elected to offices, as the circumstances of the Commonwealth shall require.

ART. IV. All commissions shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, signed by the governor, and attested by the secretary or his deputy, and have the great seal of the Commonwealth affixed thereto.

ART. V. All writs, issuing out of the clerk's office in any of the courts of law, shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; they shall be under the seal of the court from whence they issue; they shall bear test of the first justice of the court to which they shall be returnable, who is not a party, and be signed by the clerk of such court.

ART. VI. All the laws which have heretofore been adopted, used, and approved in the Province, Colony, or State of Massachusetts Bay, and usually practised on in the courts of law, shall still remain and be in full force, until altered or repealed by the legislature; such parts only excepted as are repugnant to the rights and liberties contained in this constitution.

ART. VII. The privilege and benefit of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall be enjoyed in this Commonwealth in the most free, easy, cheap, expeditious, and ample manner; and shall not be suspended by the legislature, except upon the most urgent and pressing occasions, and for a limited time, not exceeding twelve months.

ART. VIII. The enacting style, in making and passing all acts, statutes, and laws, shall be, "Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same."

ART. IX. To the end there may be no failure of justice, or danger arise to the Commonwealth, from a change of

the form of government, all officers, civil and military, holding commissions under the government and people of Massachusetts Bay, in New England, and all other officers of the said government and people, at the time this constitution shall take effect, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy all the powers and authority to them granted or committed, until other persons shall be appointed in their stead; and all courts of law shall proceed in the execution of the business of their respective departments; and all the executive and legislative officers, bodies, and powers shall continue in full force, in the enjoyment and exercise of all their trusts, employments, and authority, until the general court and the supreme and executive officers under this constitution are designated, and invested with their respective trusts, powers, and authority.'

ART. X. In order the more effectually to adhere to the principles of the constitution, and to correct those violations which by any means may be made therein, as well as to form such alterations as from experience shall be found necessary, the general court which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five shall issue precepts to the selectmen of the several towns, and to the assessors of the unincorporated plantations, directing them to convene the qualified voters of their respective towns and plantations, for the purpose of collecting their sentiments on the necessity or expediency of revising the constitution, in order to amendments.

And if it shall appear, by the returns made, that two thirds of the qualified voters throughout the State, who shall assemble and vote in consequence of the said precepts, are in favor of such revision or amendment, the general court shall issue precepts, or direct them to be issued from the secretary's office, to the several towns, to elect delegates to meet in convention for the purpose aforesaid.

The said delegates to be chosen in the same manner and

proportion as their representatives in the second branch of the legislature are by this constitution to be chosen.

ART. XI. This form of government shall be enrolled on parchment, and deposited in the secretary's office, and be a part of the laws of the land; and printed copies thereof shall be prefixed to the book containing the laws of this Commonwealth, in all future editions of the said laws.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT.

ARTICLE I. If any bill or resolve shall be objected to, and not approved by the governor, and if the general court shall adjourn within five days after the same shall have been laid before the governor for his approbation, and thereby prevent his returning it, with his objections, as provided by the constitution, such bill or resolve shall not become a law, nor have force as such.

ART. II. The general court shall have full power and authority to erect and constitute municipal or city governments, in any corporate town or towns in this Commonwealth, and to grant to the inhabitants thereof such powers, privileges, and immunities not repugnant to the constitution, as the general court shall deem necessary or expedient for the regulation and government thereof; and to prescribe the manner of calling and holding public meetings of the inhabitants in wards or otherwise, for the election of officers under the constitution, and the manner of returning the votes given at such meetings: provided, that no such government shall be erected or constituted in any town not containing twelve thousand inhabitants; nor unless it be with the consent, and on the application, of a majority of the inhabitants of such town, present and voting thereon, pursuant to a vote at a meeting duly warned

and holden for that purpose: and provided, also, that all by-laws, made by such municipal or city government, shall be subject, at all times, to be annulled by the general court.

ART. III. Every male citizen of twenty-one years of age and upwards (excepting paupers and persons under guardianship), who shall have resided within the Commonwealth one year, and within the town or district in which he may claim a right to vote six calendar months, next preceding any election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, or representatives, and who shall have paid, by himself or his parent, master, or guardian, any state or county tax, which shall, within two years next preceding such election, have been assessed upon him, in any town or district of this Commonwealth; and also every citizen who shall be by law exempted from taxation, and who shall be in all other respects qualified as above mentioned, shall have a right to vote in such election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives; and no other person shall be entitled to vote in such elections.

ART. IV. Notaries public shall be appointed by the governor in the same manner as judicial officials are appointed, and shall hold their offices during seven years, unless sooner removed by the governor, with the consent of the council, upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

In case the office of secretary or treasurer of the Commonwealth shall become vacant from any cause, during the recess of the general court, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, shall nominate and appoint, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, a competent and suitable person to such vacant office, who shall hold the same until a successor shall be appointed by the general court. [See Amendments, Article XVII.]

Whenever the exigencies of the Commonwealth shall require the appointment of a commissary-general, he shall

be nominated, appointed, and commissioned in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

All officers commissioned to command in the militia may be removed from office in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

ART. V. In the elections of captains and subalterns of the militia, all the members of their respective companies, as well those under as those above the age of twenty-one years, shall have a right to vote.

ART. VI. Instead of the oath of allegiance prescribed by the constitution, the following oath shall be taken and subscribed by every person chosen or appointed to any office, civil or military, under the government of this Commonwealth, before he shall enter on the duties of his office, to wit: —

"I, A. B., do solemnly swear, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and will support the constitution thereof. So help me, GOD."

Provided, That when any person shall be of the denomination called Quakers, and shall decline taking said oath, he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, omitting the word "swear," and inserting, instead thereof, the word "affirm," and omitting the words "So help me, GOD," and subjoining, instead thereof, the words "This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury."

ART. VII. No oath, declaration, or subscription, excepting the oath prescribed in the preceding article, and the oath of office, shall be required of the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, or representatives, to qualify them to perform the duties of their respective offices.

ART. VIII. No judge of any court of this Commonwealth (except the court of sessions), and no person hold-

ing any office under the authority of the United States (postmasters excepted), shall, at the same time, hold the office of governor, lieutenant-governor, or councillor, or have a seat in the senate or house of representatives of this Commonwealth; and no judge of any court in this Commonwealth (except the court of sessions), nor the attorney-general, solicitor-general, county-attorney, clerk of any court, sheriff, treasurer, and receiver-general, register of probate, nor register of deeds, shall continue to hold his said office after being elected a member of the Congress of the United States, and accepting that trust; but the acceptance of such trust, by any of the officers aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be a resignation of his said office; and judges of the courts of common pleas shall hold no other office under the government of this Commonwealth, the office of justice of the peace and militia offices excepted.

Art. IX. If, in any time hereafter, any specific and particular amendment or amendments to the constitution be proposed in the general court, and agreed to by a majority of the senators and two thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on the journals of the two houses, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the general court then next to be chosen, and shall be published; and if in the general court next chosen, as aforesaid, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the senators and two thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, then it shall be the duty of the general court to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people; and if they shall be approved and ratified by a majority of the qualified voters, voting thereon, at meetings legally warned and holden for that purpose, they shall become part of the constitution of the Commonwealth.

ART. X. The political year shall begin on the first Wednesday of January, instead of the last Wednesday of May; and the general court shall assemble every year on the said first Wednesday of January, and shall proceed, at that session, to make all the elections, and to do all the other acts, which are by the constitution required to be made and done at the session which has heretofore commenced on the last Wednesday of May. And the general court shall be dissolved on the day next preceding the first Wednesday of January, without any proclamation or other act of the governor. But nothing herein contained shall prevent the general court from assembling at such other times as they shall judge necessary, or when called together by the governor. The governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors shall also hold their respective offices for one year next following the first Wednesday of January, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead.

The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the second Monday of November in every year; but meetings may be adjourned, if necessary, for the choice of representatives, to the next day, and again to the next succeeding day, but no further. But in case a second meeting shall be necessary for the choice of representatives, such meetings shall be held on the fourth Monday of the same month of November. [See Amendments, Article XV.]

All the other provisions of the constitution, respecting the elections and proceedings of the members of the general court, or of any other officers or persons whatever, that have reference to the last Wednesday of May as the commencement of the political year, shall be so far altered as to have like reference to the first Wednesday of January.

This article shall go into operation on the first day of October, next following the day when the same shall be duly ratified and adopted as an amendment of the constitu

tion; and the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, representatives, and all other state officers, who are annually chosen, and who shall be chosen for the current year, when the same shall go into operation, shall hold their respective offices until the first Wednesday of January then next following, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead, and no longer; and the first election of the governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, to be had in virtue of this article, shall be had conformably thereunto, in the month of November following the day on which the same shall be in force and go into operation, pursuant to the foregoing provision.

All the provisions of the existing constitution, inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly annulled.

Art. XI. Instead of the third article of the bill of rights, the following modification and amendment thereof is substituted: —

As the public worship of God, and instructions in piety, religion, and morality, promote the happiness and prosperity of a people, and the security of a republican government; therefore, the several religious societies of this Commonwealth, whether corporate or unincorporate, at any meeting legally warned and holden for that purpose, shall ever have the right to elect their pastors or religious teachers, to contract with them for their support, to raise money for erecting and repairing houses for public worship, for the maintenance of religious instruction, and for the payment of necessary expenses: and all persons belonging to any religious society shall be taken and held to be members, until they shall file with the clerk of said society a written notice declaring the dissolution of their membership, and thenceforth shall not be liable for any grant or contract which may be thereafter made or entered into by such society: and all religious sects and denominations, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good citizens of the Commonwealth, shall

be equally under the protection of the law; and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law.

ART. XII. In order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this Commonwealth, founded upon the principles of equality, a census of the ratable polls in each city, town, and district of the Commonwealth, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the secretary's office, in such manner as the legislature shall provide, within the month of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in every tenth year thereafter, in the month of May, in manner aforesaid: and each town or city having three hundred ratable polls at the last preceding decennial census of polls may elect one representative, and for every four hundred and fifty ratable polls, in addition to the first three hundred, one representative more. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

Any town having less than three hundred ratable polls shall be represented thus: The whole number of ratable polls at the last preceding decennial census of polls shall be multiplied by ten, and the product divided by three hundred; and such town may elect one representative as many years within ten years as three hundred is contained in the product aforesaid. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

Any city or town having ratable polls enough to elect one or more representatives, with any number of polls beyond the necessary number, may be represented, as to that surplus number, by multiplying such surplus number by ten, and dividing the product by four hundred and fifty; and such city or town may elect one additional representative as many years within the ten years as four hundred and fifty is contained in the product aforesaid. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

Any two or more of the several towns and districts may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting in each of said towns and districts, respectively, called for that purpose, and held previous to the first day of July, in the year in which the decennial census of polls shall be taken, form themselves into a representative district, to continue until the next decennial census of polls, for the election of a representative or representatives; and such districts shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of ratable polls. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

The governor and council shall ascertain and determine, within the months of July and August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, according to the foregoing principles, the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of years, within the period of ten years then next ensuing, that each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years within the ten years such town may elect a representative: and the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the governor and council, and the number of ratable polls in each decennial census of polls shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district may elect as aforesaid; and when the number of representatives to be elected by each city, town, or representative district is ascertained and determined as aforesaid, the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith for the information of the people, and that number shall remain fixed and unalterable for the period of ten years. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained are hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XIII. A census of the inhabitants of each city and town on the first day of May shall be taken and returned into the secretary's office, on or before the last day of June, of the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and of every tenth year thereafter; which census shall determine the apportionment of senators and representatives for the term of ten years.

The several senatorial districts now existing shall be permanent. The senate shall consist of forty members; and in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, the governor and council shall assign the number of senators to be chosen in each district according to the number of inhabitants in the same. But, in all cases, at least one senator shall be assigned to each district.

The members of the house of representatives shall be apportioned in the following manner: Every town or city containing twelve hundred inhabitants may elect one representative; and two thousand four hundred inhabitants shall be the mean increasing number which shall entitle it to an additional representative.

Every town containing less than twelve hundred inhabitants shall be entitled to elect a representative as many times within ten years as the number one hundred and sixty is contained in the number of the inhabitants of said town. Such towns may also elect one representative for the year in which the valuation of estates within the Commonwealth shall be settled.

Any two or more of the several towns may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting in each of said towns, respectively, called for that purpose, and held before the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, form themselves into a representative district, to continue for the term of ten years; and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of inhabitants.

The number of inhabitants which shall entitle a town to elect one representative, and the mean increasing number which shall entitle a town or city to elect more than one, and also the number by which the population of towns not entitled to a representative every year is to be divided, shall be increased, respectively, by one tenth of the numbers above mentioned whenever the population of the Commonwealth shall have increased to seven hundred and seventy thousand, and for every additional increase of seventy thousand inhabitants, the same addition of one tenth shall be made, respectively, to the said numbers above mentioned.

In the year of each decennial census, the governor and council shall, before the first day of September, apportion the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and ascertain how many years, within ten years, any town may elect a representative, which is not entitled to elect one every year; and the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith.

Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the people at large, on the first Wednesday of January, or as soon thereafter as may be, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives, assembled in one room, who shall, as soon as may be, in a like manner, fill up any vacancies that may happen in the council, by death, resignation, or otherwise. No person shall be elected a councillor who has not been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election; and not more than one councillor shall be chosen from any one senatorial district in the Commonwealth. [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

No possession of a freehold, or of any other estate, shall be required as a qualification for holding a seat in either branch of the general court, or in the executive council.

Art. XIV. In all elections of civil officers by the people of this Commonwealth, whose election is provided for by the

constitution, the person having the highest number of votes shall be deemed and declared to be elected.

ART. XV. The meeting for the choice of governor lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, annually; but in case of a failure to elect representatives on that day, a second meeting shall be holden for that purpose, on the fourth Monday of the same month of November.

ART. XVI. Eight councillors shall be annually chosen by the inhabitants of this Commonwealth, qualified to vote for governor. The election of councillors shall be determined by the same rule that is required in the election of governor. The legislature, at its first session after this amendment shall have been adopted, and at its first session after the next State census shall have been taken, and at its first session after each decennial State census thereafterwards, shall divide the Commonwealth into eight districts of contiguous territory, each containing a number of inhabitants as nearly equal as practicable, without dividing any town, or ward of a city, and each entitled to elect one councillor: *provided*, *however*, that if, at any time, the constitution shall provide for the division of the Commonwealth into forty senatorial districts, then the legislature shall so arrange the councillor districts, that each district shall consist of five contiguous senatorial districts, as they shall be, from time to time, established by the legislature. No person shall be eligible to the office of councillor who has not been an inhabitant of the Commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election. The day and manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the said elections, shall be the same as are required in the election of governor. Whenever there shall be a failure to elect the full number of councillors, the vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as required for filling vacancies in the senate; and vacancies occasioned

by death, removal from the State, or otherwise, shall be filled in like manner as soon as may be after such vacancies shall have happened. And that there may be no delay in the organization of the government on the first Wednesday of January, the governor, with at least five councillors for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of the records for the election of governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors; and ten days before the said first Wednesday in January, he shall issue his summons to such persons as appear to be chosen, to attend on that day to be qualified accordingly; and the secretary shall lay the returns before the senate and house of representatives on the said first Wednesday in January, to be by them examined; and in case of the election of either of said officers, the choice shall be by them declared and published; but in case there shall be no election of either of said officers, the legislature shall proceed to fill such vacancies in the manner provided in the constitution for the choice of such officers.

Art. XVII. The secretary, treasurer and receiver-general, auditor, and attorney-general, shall be chosen annually, on the day in November prescribed for the choice of governor; and each person then chosen as such, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office for the term of one year from the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, and until another is chosen and qualified in his stead. The qualification of the voters, the manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the election, shall be such as are required in the election of governor. In case of a failure to elect either of said officers on the day in November aforesaid, or in case of the decease, in the mean time, of the person elected as such, such officer shall be chosen on or before the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, from the two persons who had the highest number of votes for said offices on the day in November aforesaid, by joint ballot of the

senators and representatives, in one room; and in case the office of secretary, or treasurer and receiver-general, or auditor, or attorney-general, shall become vacant, from any cause, during an annual or special session of the general court, such vacancy shall in like manner be filled by choice from the people at large; but if such vacancy shall occur at any other time, it shall be supplied by the governor by appointment, with the advice and consent of the council. The person so chosen or appointed, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office until his successor is chosen and duly qualified in his stead. In case any person chosen or appointed to either of the offices aforesaid shall neglect, for the space of ten days after he could otherwise enter upon his duties, to qualify himself in all respects to enter upon the discharge of such duties, the office to which he has been elected or appointed shall be deemed vacant. No person shall be eligible to either of said offices unless he shall have been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth five years next preceding his election or appointment.

Art. XVIII. All moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys which may be appropriated by the State for the support of common schools, shall be applied to, and expended in, no other schools than those which are conducted according to law, under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is to be expended; and such moneys shall never be appropriated to any religious sect for the maintenance, exclusively, of its own schools.

Art. XIX. The legislature shall prescribe, by general law, for the election of sheriffs, registers of probate, commissioners of insolvency, and clerks of the courts, by the people of the several counties, and that district-attorneys shall be chosen by the people of the several districts, for such term of office as the legislature shall prescribe.

ART. XX. No person shall have the right to vote, or be eligible to office under the constitution of this Commonwealth, who shall not be able to read the constitution in the English language, and write his name: *provided, however*, that the provisions of this amendment shall not apply to any person prevented by a physical disability from complying with its requisitions, nor to any person who now has the right to vote, nor to any person who shall be sixty years of age or upwards at the time this amendment shall take effect.

ART. XXI. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters, and in each city said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of representatives for the periods between the taking of the census.

The house of representatives shall consist of two hundred and forty members, which shall be apportioned by the legislature, at its first session after the return of each enumeration as aforesaid, to the several counties of the Commonwealth, equally as near as may be, according to their relative number of legal voters, as ascertained by the next preceding special enumeration; and the town of Cohasset, in the county of Norfolk, shall, for this purpose, as well in the formation of districts, as hereinafter provided, be considered a part of the county of Plymouth; and it shall be the duty of the

secretary of the Commonwealth, to certify, as soon as may be after it is determined by the legislature, the number of representatives to which each county shall be entitled, to the board authorized to divide each county into representative districts. The mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, the county commissioners of other counties than Suffolk, — or in lieu of the mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, or of the county commissioners in each county other than Suffolk, such board of special commissioners in each county to be elected by the people of the county, or of the towns therein, as may for that purpose be provided by law, shall, on the first Tuesday of August next after each assignment of representatives to each county, assemble at a shire town of their respective counties, and proceed, as soon as may be, to divide the same into representative districts of contiguous territory, so as to apportion the representation assigned to each county equally, as nearly as may be, according to the relative number of legal voters in the several districts of each county; and such districts shall be so formed that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor, nor shall any district be made which shall be entitled to elect more than three representatives. Every representative, for one year at least next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen, and shall cease to represent such district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth. The districts in each county shall be numbered by the board creating the same, and a description of each, with the numbers thereof, and the number of legal voters therein, shall be returned by the board, to the secretary of the Commonwealth, the county treasurer of each county, and to the clerk of every town in each district, to be filed and kept in their respective offices. The manner of calling and conducting the meetings for the choice of representatives, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. Not less than one hundred members of the house of representatives shall con-

stitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members.

ART. XXII. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters, and in each city said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of senators for the periods between the taking of the census. The senate shall consist of forty members. The general court shall, at its first session after each next preceding special enumeration, divide the Commonwealth into forty districts of adjacent territory, each district to contain, as nearly as may be, an equal number of legal voters, according to the enumeration aforesaid: *provided, however,* that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor; and such districts shall be formed, as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties, or parts of two or more counties, into one district. Each district shall elect one senator, who shall have been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth five years at least immediately preceding his election, and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen; and he shall cease to represent such senatorial district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth. Not less than sixteen senators shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members.

ART. XXIII. No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth: *provided*, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof: and *provided, further*, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom. [See Amendments, Article XXVI.]

ART XXIV. Any vacancy in the senate shall be filled by election by the people of the unrepresented district, upon the order of a majority of senators elected.

ART. XXV. In case of a vacancy in the council, from a failure of election, or other cause, the senate and house of representatives shall, by concurrent vote, choose some eligible person from the people of the district wherein such vacancy occurs, to fill that office. If such vacancy shall happen when the legislature is not in session, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, may fill the same by appointment of some eligible person.

ART. XXVI. The twenty-third article of the articles of amendment of the constitution of this Commonwealth, which is as follows, to wit: "No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth: *provided*, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreigh birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof: and *provided, further*, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a

citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom," is hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XXVII. So much of article two of chapter six of the constitution of this Commonwealth as relates to persons holding the office of president, professor or instructor of Harvard College, is hereby annulled.

ART. XXVIII. No person having served in the army or navy of the United States in time of war, and having been honorably discharged from such service, if otherwise qualified to vote, shall be disqualified therefor on account of being a pauper ; or, if a pauper, because of the non-payment of a poll-tax.

[NOTE. — Soon after the Declaration of Independence, steps were taken in Massachusetts towards framing a Constitution, or Form of Government. The Council and House of Representatives, or the General Court of 1777-8, in accordance with a recommendation of the General Court, of the previous year, met together as a Convention, and adopted a form of Constitution "for the State of Massachusetts Bay," which was submitted to the people, and by them rejected. This attempt to form a Constitution having proved unsuccessful, the General Court, on the 20th of Feburary, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the qualified voters to give in their votes upon the questions — Whether they chose to have a new Constitution or form of Government made, and, Whether they will empower their representatives to vote for calling a State Convention for that purpose. A large majority of the inhabitants having voted in the affirmative to both these questions, the General Court, on the 17th of June, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the inhabitants to meet and choose delegates to a Constitutional Convention, to be held at Cambridge, on the 1st of September, 1779. The Convention met at time and place appointed, and organized by choosing James Bowdoin, President, and Samuel Barrett, Secretary. On the 11th of November, the Convention adjourned, to meet at the Representatives' Chamber, in Boston, January 5th, 1780. On the 2d of March, of the same year, a form of Constitution having been agreed upon, a Resolve was passed by which the same was submitted to the people, and the Convention adjourned to meet at the Brattle Street Church, in Boston, June the 7th. At that time and place, the Convention again met, and appointed a Committee to examine the returns of votes from the several towns. On the 14th of June the Committee reported, and on the 15th, the Convention resolved, "That the

people of the State of Massachusetts Bay have accepted the Constitution as it stands, in the printed form submitted to their revision." A Resolve providing for carrying the new Constitution into effect was passed; and the Convention then, on the 16th of June, 1780, was finally dissolved. In accordance with the Resolves referred to, elections immediately took place in the several towns ; and the first General Court of the COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS met at the State House, in Boston, on Wednesday, October 25th, 1780.

The Constitution contained a provision providing for taking, in 1795, the sense of the people as to the expediency or necessity of revising the original instrument. But no such revision was deemed necessary at that time. On the 16th of June, 1820, an Act was passed by the General Court, calling upon the people to meet in their several towns, and give in their votes upon the question, "Is it expedient that Delegates should be chosen to meet in Convention for the purpose of revising or altering the Constitution of Government of this Commonwealth? " A large majority of the people of the State having voted in favor of revision, the Governor issued a proclamation announcing the fact, and calling upon the people to vote, in accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid Act, for delegates to the proposed Convention. The delegates met at the State House, in Boston, November 15, 1820, and organized by choosing John Adams, President, and Benjamin Pollard, Secretary. Mr. Adams, however, declined the appointment, and Isaac Parker was chosen in his stead. On the 9th of January, 1821, the Convention agreed to fourteen Articles of Amendment, and after passing a Resolve providing for submitting the same to the people, and appointing a committee to meet to count the votes upon the subject, was dissolved. The people voted on Monday, April, 19, 1821, and the Committee of the Convention met at the State House to count the votes, on Wednesday, May 24th. They made their return to the General Court; and at the request of the latter the Governor issued his proclamation on the 5th of June, 1821, announcing that nine of the fourteen Articles of Amendment had been adopted. These articles are numbered in the preceding pages from *one* to *nine*, inclusive.

The *tenth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years 1829-30, and 1830-31, and was approved and ratified by the people May 11th, 1831.

The *eleventh* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years 1832 and 1833, and was approved and ratified by the people November 11th, 1833.

The *twelfth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1835 and 1836, and was approved and ratified by the people November 14th, 1836.

The *thirteenth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1839 and 1840, and was approved and ratified by the people April 6th, 1840.

The General Court of the year 1851 passed an Act calling a third Convention to revise the Constitution. The Act was submitted to the people, and a majority voted against the proposed Convention. In 1852, on the 7th of May, another Act was passed calling upon the people to vote upon the question of calling a Constitutional Convention. A majority of the people having voted in favor of the proposed Convention, election for delegates thereto took place in March, 1853. The Convention met in the State House, in Boston, on the 4th day of May, 1853, and organized by choosing Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., President, and William S. Robinson and James T. Robinson, Secretaries. On the 1st of August, this Convention agreed to a form of Constitution, and on the same day was dissolved, after having provided for submitting the same to the people, and appointed a committee to meet to count the votes, and to make a return thereof to the General Court. The Committee met at the time and place agreed upon, and found that the proposed Constitution had been rejected.

The *fourteenth*, *fifteenth*, *sixteenth*, *seventeenth*, *eighteenth*, and *nineteenth* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of 1854 and 1855, and were approved and ratified by the people May 23, 1855.

The *twentieth*, *twenty-first*, and *twenty-second* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court of 1856 and 1857, and were approved and ratified by the people May 1st, 1857.

The *twenty-third* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court of 1858 and 1859, and was approved and ratified by the people May 9th, 1859.

The *twenty-fourth* and *twenty-fifth* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court of 1859 and 1860, and were approved and ratified by the people May 17th, 1860.

The *twenty-sixth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court of 1862 and 1863, and was approved and ratified by the people April 6th, 1863.

The *twenty-seventh* Article was adopted by the legislatures of the political years 1876 and 1877, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 6th day of November, 1877.

The *twenty-eighth* Article was adopted by the legislatures of the political years 1880 and 1881, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 8th day of November, 1881.]

CHAPTER CCXLV.

AN ACT to regulate the Times and Manner of holding Elections for Senators in Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the legislature of each state which shall be chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any senator was elected to represent said State in Congress shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a senator in Congress, in the place of such senator so going out of office, in the following manner: Each house shall openly, by a *viva voce* vote of each member present, name one person for senator in Congress from said state, and the name of the person so voted for, who shall have a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each house, shall be entered on the journal of each house by the clerk or secretary thereof; but if either house shall fail to give such majority to any person on said day, that fact shall be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock, meridian, on the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place, as aforesaid, the members of the two houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each house shall then be read, and if the same person shall have received a majority of all the votes in each house, such person shall be declared duly elected senator to represent said state in the Congress of the United States; but if the same person shall not have received a majority of the votes in each house, or if either house shall have failed to take proceedings as required by this act, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a *viva voce* vote of each member present, a person for the purpose aforesaid, and the person having a majority of all the votes

of the said joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected; and in case no person shall receive such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock, meridian, of each succeeding day during the session of the legislature, and take at least one vote, until a senator shall be elected.

SECT. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That whenever, on the meeting of the legislature of any State, a vacancy shall exist in the representation of such State in the senate of the United States, said legislature shall proceed, on the second Tuesday after the commencement and organization of its session, to elect a person to fill such vacancy, in the manner hereinbefore provided for the election of a senator for a full term; and if a vacancy shall happen during the session of the legislature, then on the second Tuesday after the legislature shall have been organized, and shall have notice of such vacancy.

SECT. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the governor of the State from which any senator shall have been chosen as aforesaid, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the president of the senate of the United States, which certificate shall be countersigned by the secretary of state of the State. *Approved July* 25, 1866.

STATISTICS.

HISTORICAL, STATE, COUNTY, DISTRICT, POST-OFFICE,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

[The following Table is copied from the "Abstract of the Census of 1860," prepared in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth by GEORGE WINGATE CHASE, and published in 1863. The compilers of the Manual have made the alterations and additions necessary to bring the facts up to date.]

BARNSTABLE COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 2, 1685.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Barnstable . .	Sept. 3, 1639,	Indian names, Chequocket, Coatuit, etc.
Brewster . . .	Feb. 19, 1803,	Indian name, Sawkattukett. Northerly part of Harwich. Part of Harwich annexed to Brewster, June 21, 1811.
Chatham . . .	June 11, 1712,	Indian name, Manamoit. Boundary line between it and Orleans, and also between it and Harwich, changed, 1862.
Dennis . . .	June 19, 1793,	East precinct of Yarmouth.
Eastham . . .	June 2, 1646,	Indian name, Nauset. See *Orleans*.
Falmouth . . .	June 4, 1686,	Indian name, Succanesset. Part of Marshpee annexed to Falmouth, Mar. 17, 1841. See *Mashpee*. Boundary line established between, and Sandwich, Mar. 19, 1880.
Harwich . . .	Sept. 14, 1694,	Indian name, Satucket. See *Brewster* and *Chatham*.

Mashpee . . .	May 28, 1870,	Plantation of Marshpee incorp. June 14, 1763, except parts annexed to Falmouth and Sandwich. Incorp. as District of Marshpee, Mar. 31, 1864. Part of Sandwich annexed to, Mar. 19, 1872. See *Falmouth* and *Sandwich*.
Orleans . . .	Mar. 3, 1797,	Southerly part of Eastham. Part of Eastham annexed to Orleans, Mar. 9, 1839. Boundary line between it and Eastham defined Mar. 23, 1867. See *Chatham*.
Provincetown . .	June 14, 1717,	Cape Cod Precinct. Parts of Truro annexed to Provincetown, June 12, 1813, Mar. 2, 1829, and Mar. 30, 1836.
Sandwich . . .	Sept. 3, 1639,	Indian name, Shaume. Parts of Marshpee annexed to Sandwich, Feb. 26, 1811, Apr. 1859, and Mar. 13, 1860. Part of, annexed to Mashpee, Mar. 19, 1872. See *Mashpee*. Boundary line estab. between and Falmouth, Mar. 19, 1880.
Truro	July 16, 1709,	Indian name, Pawmet, or Meeshawn. Boundary line between Truro and Wellfleet estab. Feb. 22, 1837. See *Provincetown*.
Wellfleet . . .	June 16, 1763,	Indian name, Punonakanit. North Precinct of Eastham. Incorp. as a district.* See *Truro*.
Yarmouth . . .	Sept. 3, 1639,	Indian name, Mattacheese, or Nobscuset. See *Dennis*.

* By an Act of March 23, 1786, all places incorporated by the name of Districts before the first day of January, 1777, were "declared to be towns, to every intent and purpose whatever." By the same Act, Districts incorporated subsequent to 1777 were vested with similar powers and privileges.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY. Incorp. April 24, 1761. See *Hampshire County*.

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Adams . . .	Oct. 15, 1778,	East Hoosuck. See *Cheshire*. Town divided, and North Adams incorp. as a separate town April 16, 1878. See North Adams.
Alford . . .	Feb. 16, 1773,	Westerly part of Great Barrington. Part of Great Barrington annexed to Alford, Feb. 18, 1819. See *Egremont*.
Becket . . .	June 21, 1765,	"No. 4." Several grants of land annexed to Becket, Feb. 3, 1798. Part of Loudon (Bethlehem) annexed to Becket, Mar. 1, 1810. See *Middlefield*.
Bethlehem (Dist.) .	June 24, 1789,	North, 11,000 acres. See *Otis*.
Boston Corner (Dist.),	Apr. 14, 1838,	Incorporated as a District from unincorporated land. Boundary line between Mount Washington and Boston Corner estab. Mar. 12, 1847. Boston Corner (940 acres and 73 inhabitants) ceded to State of New York, May 14, 1853.
Cheshire . . .	Mar. 14, 1793,	From parts of Lanesborough, Windsor, Adams, and New Ashford. Part of New Ashford annexed to Cheshire, Feb. 6, 1798. See *Windsor*.
Clarksburg . .	Mar. 2, 1798,	From a gore of unincorporated land lying north of Adams. See *Florida*.
Dalton . . .	Mar. 20, 1784,	Ashuelot Equivalent. Part of Windsor annexed to Dalton, Feb. 28, 1795.

Egremont . . .	Feb. 13, 1760,	From lands lying west of Sheffield. Boundary line between Egremont and Alford estab. Feb. 6, 1790. Parts of Sheffield annexed to Egremont, Feb. 22, 1790, and Feb. 16, 1824; and part of Mount Washington, June 17, 1817. Boundary line between it and Sheffield estab. 1869. See *Mt. Washington.*
Florida . . .	June 15, 1805,	From Bernardstone's (Barnardston's) Grant, and a part of Bullock's Grant (unincorporated lands). Part of Clarksburg annexed to Florida, May 2, 1848.
Great Barrington .	June 30, 1761,	North Parish of Sheffield. Upper Hoosatonnuck. See *Alford.*
Hancock . . .	July 2, 1776,	Jericho. See *New Ashford.*
Hinsdale . . .	June 21, 1804,	Westerly Parish of Partridgefield.
Lanesborough . .	June 21, 1765,	New Framingham. See *Cheshire.*
Lee	Oct. 21, 1777,	From the south-westerly part of Washington, north-easterly part of Great Barrington (or Hoplands, so called), the Glass Works Grant, and part of Williams Grant. See *Lenox.*
Lenox . . .	Feb. 26, 1767,	East part of Richmond. Parts of Washington annexed to Lenox, Jan. 31, 1795, and Feb. 18, 1802. Boundary line between Lenox and Lee estab. Feb. 7, 1820.
Loudon . . .	Feb. 24, 1773,	Tyringham Equivalent. See *Becket* and *Otis.*
Monterey . . .	Apr. 12, 1847,	Part of Tyringham. Part of New Marlborough annexed to Monterey, May 24, 1851. Part of Sandisfield annexed to, Apr. 24, 1875.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — *Continued.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Mount Washington .	June 21, 1779,	Tauconnock (Taconic) Mountain. Part of Egremont annexed to Mount Washington, June 17, 1817. Boundary line estab. Mar. 12, 1847. See *Egremont* and *Boston Corner*.
New Ashford . .	Feb. 26, 1781,	Incorp. as a District, Feb. 26, 1781, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. Part of Hancock annexed to New Ashford, June 26, 1798. See *Cheshire*.
New Marlborough .	June 15, 1759,	"No. 2." Parts of Sheffield annexed to New Marlborough, June 19, 1795, and Feb. 7, 1798, and Apr. 19, 1871; and parts of Tyringham, Feb. 27, 1811. See *Monterey* and *Tyringham*.
North Adams . .	Apr. 16, 1878,	Part of Adams.
Otis	June 13, 1810,	Town of Loudon and District of Bethlehem united as the Town of Loudon, June 19, 1809, and the name changed to Otis, June 13, 1810. Part of East, 11,000 acres of unincorporated land, annexed to Otis, and part to Sandisfield, Apr. 9, 1838. See *Bethlehem*.
Partridgefield . .	July 4, 1771,	See *Peru*, *Hinsdale*, and *Middlefield*.
Peru	July 5, 1771,	Partridgefield incorp. July 4, 1771, and name changed to Peru, June 19, 1806.

Pittsfield . . .	Apr. 21, 1761,	Indian name, Pontoosuck.
Richmond . . .	June 21, 1765,	Yokum and Mount Ephraim. Name changed from Richmont in 1785. Boundary line between Richmond and West Stockbridge estab. Mar. 24, 1834. See *Lenox*.
Sandisfield . .	Mar. 6, 1762,	"No. 3." District of Southfield united with Sandisfield, Feb. 8, 1879. Portion of boundary line between Sandisfield and Tolland defined May 4, 1853. See *Otis* and *Southfield*. Part of, annexed to Monterey, Apr. 24, 1875.
Savoy	Feb. 20, 1797,	"No. 6."
Sheffield . . .	June 22, 1733,	Lower Housatonnuc. See *Egremont* and *New Marlborough*. Parts of, annexed to New Marlborough, June 19, 1795, and Apr. 19, 1871.
Southfield (*District*) .	June 19, 1797,	South, 11,000 acres. See *Sandisfield*.
Stockbridge . .	June 22, 1739,	Housatonnuc, or Housetonic. Boundary line between Stockbridge and West Stockbridge changed, Feb. 6, 1830. See *West Stockbridge*.
Tyringham . .	Mar. 6, 1762,	"No. 1." Part of New Marlborough annexed to Tyringham, Feb. 11, 1812. See *New Marlborough* and *Monterey*.
Washington . .	Apr. 12, 1777,	Hartwood. See *Egremont*, *Middlefield*, and *Lenox*.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — *Concluded.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
West Stockbridge .	Feb. 23, 1774,	West part of Stockbridge. Gore of land annexed to West Stockbridge, Mar. 2, 1793. Part of Stockbridge annexed to West Stockbridge, Feb. 12, 1824. See *Richmond* and *Stockbridge.*
Williamstown . .	June 21, 1765,	West Hoosuck. A tract of unincorporated land, bounded west by State of New York, annexed to Williamstown, Apr. 9, 1858.
Windsor . . .	July 2, 1771,	Gageborough, or "No. 4." Part of Cheshire annexed to Windsor, Feb. 26, 1794. See *Cheshire* and *Dalton.*

BRISTOL COUNTY. Incorp. June 21, 1685.

Acushnet . . .	Feb. 13, 1860,	Northerly part of Fairhaven. Part of, annexed to New Bedford, Apr. 9, 1875.
Attleborough . .	Oct. 19, 1694,	North Purchase. Boundary line between Attleborough and Wrentham estab. Feb. 18, 1819.
Berkley . . .	Apr. 18, 1735,	From parts of Taunton and Dighton. Part of Dighton annexed to Berkley, Feb. 26, 1799; and parts of Taunton, Feb. 6, 1810, Mar. 3, 1842, and Apr. 1, 1879. See *Freetown.*

Dartmouth . .	June 8, 1664,	Indian names, Apponeganset, Acushena, and Coakset. Boundary line between Dartmouth and Westport changed Feb. 20, 1828. See *Westport*.
Dighton . . .	May 30, 1712,	South Precinct of Taunton. Wellington set off from north part of Dighton, June 9, 1814. Boundary line between Dighton and Wellington estab. Feb. 12, 1824. Wellington and Dighton united as one town, Feb. 22, 1826, and Mar. 3, 1827. See *Berkley*, *Somerset*, and *Freetown*.
Easton . . .	Dec. 21, 1725,	Indian name, Hockamock. Part of Norton.
Fairhaven . . .	Feb. 22, 1812,	Easterly part of New Bedford. Part of Freetown annexed to Fairhaven, June 15, 1815. See *Acushnet* and *Rochester*.
Fall River . . .	Feb. 26, 1803,	Southerly part of Freetown. Name of Fall River changed to Troy, June 18, 1804. Name of Troy changed to Fall River, Feb. 12, 1834. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 12, 1854. Act accepted Apr. 23, 1854. Part of Fall River, R.I., annexed to Fall River, Mass., 1861. See *Freetown* and *Pawtucket*.
Freetown . . .	July –, 1863,	The Free Men's land at Fall River. Centre of main ship channel in Taunton Great River estab. as boundary line of Berkley, Dighton, Freetown, Fall River, and Somerset, Mar. 17, 1847. See *Fairhaven* and *Fall River*.
Mansfield . . .	Apr. 26, 1770,	North Precinct of Norton. Inc. as a District. See note, p. 103.

BRISTOL COUNTY — *Concluded.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
New Bedford . .	Feb. 23, 1787,	Easterly part of Dartmouth. Indian name, Acushnett, or Akushenet. Part of Dartmouth annexed to New Bedford, Mar. 20, 1845. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 9, 1847. Act accepted Mar. 18, 1847. See *Dartmouth* and *Fairhaven*. Part of Acushnet annexed to, Apr. 9, 1875.
Norton . . .	June 12, 1711,	North Precinct of Taunton. See *Easton* and *Mansfield*.
Pawtucket (R.I.) .	Mar. 1, 1828,	Part of Seekonk. By change of the boundary line between Massachusetts and Rhode Island in 1861, all of Pawtucket, except that part lying easterly of Seven-Mile River, was annexed to Rhode Island. The excepted part was the same year annexed to the town of Seekonk.
Raynham . . .	Apr. 2, 1731,	Part of Taunton. Boundary line between the two places established 1866.
Rehoboth . . .	June 4, 1645,	Indian name, Seconet. See *Seekonk*.
Seekonk . . .	Feb. 26, 1812,	Westerly part of Rehoboth. Part of Seekonk annexed to Rhode Island, 1861. See *Pawtucket*.
Somerset . . .	Feb. 20, 1790,	Indian name, Shewamet. A part of Swansea. Part of Dighton annexed to Somerset, Apr. 4, 1854. See *Freetown*.
Swansea . . .	Oct. 30, 1667,	Indian names, Mattapoiset and Wannamoiset. See *Somerset*.

Taunton . . .	Sept. 3, 1639,	Indian name, Tecticut, or Cohannet. See *Berkley*. Act of incorp. as a City granted, Mar. 31, 1860; refused by the Town, Apr., 1860. Act again granted, May 13, 1864, and accepted. Part of, set off to Berkley, Apr. 1, 1879. See *Lakeville* (in Plymouth County); also *Raynham*.
Wellington . . .	June 8, 1814,	North part of Dighton. See *Dighton*.
Westport . . .	July 2, 1787,	Indian name, Acoakset. Parts of Dartmouth annexed to Westport, Feb. 28, 1785, Feb. 25, 1793, and Mar. 4, 1805. Part of Portsmouth, R.I., annexed to Westport in 1861. See *Dartmouth* and *Pawtucket*.

DUKES COUNTY. Incorp. Nov. 1, 1683.

(Indian name, Cappawock, or Capawack. Martha's Vineyard.)

Chilmark . . .	Oct. 30, 1714,	Indian name, Nashuakemmiuk. Manor of Tisbury. In 1820 Chilmark included the Elizabeth Isles. Boundary line between Chilmark and the Indians of Gay Head estab. Mar. 9, 1855. See *Gay Head* and *Gosnold*.
Cottage City . .	Feb. 17, 1880,	Part of Edgartown.
Edgartown . .	July 8, 1671,	Indian name, Chappequidick. Boundary line between Edgartown and Tisbury estab. Feb. 5, 1830; also Apr. 23, 1862. See *Cottage City*.
Gay Head . . .	Apr. 30, 1870,	Part of Chilmark.
Gosnold . . .	Mar. 17, 1864,	That part of Chilmark known as the Elizabeth Islands.
Tisbury . . .	July 8, 1671,	Indian name, Chappaquonsett. In 1810 Tisbury included the Elizabeth Isles. See *Chilmark* and *Edgartown*.

ESSEX COUNTY. Incorp. May 10, 1643. See *Norfolk County.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Amesbury . . .	Apr. 29, 1668,	New Salisbury, or Salisbury New-town; a part of Salisbury. Part of Salisbury annexed to Amesbury, Mar. 15, 1844. Author'd by Acts of Apr. 30, 1864, and Apr. 2, 1870, to unite with Salisbury and become a new town, called Merrimac; both Acts rej. Part of, inc. as Town of Merrimac by Act of Apr. 11, '76.
Andover . . .	May 6, 1646,	Indian name, Cochichawick, or Quichichchek. Part of, annexed to Lawrence, Feb. 4, 1879. See *North Andover*, *Middleton*, and *Lawrence.*
Boxford . . .	Aug. 12, 1685,	Rowley Village. Part of Rowley annexed to Boxford, June 10, 1808; and part of Ipswich, Mar. 7, 1846. Boundary line between Boxford and Rowley estab. June 18, 1825. See *Groveland* and *Middleton.*
Beverly . . .	Oct. 14, 1668,	Bass River. See *Danvers.*
Bradford . . .	—— –, 1675,	Merrimack. Union of, with Haverhill, authorized June 12, 1869. Act rejected. Union again authorized in 1872, and again rejected. See *Groveland* and *Newbury.*
Danvers . . .	June 16, 1757,	Village and Middle Parishes of Salem. A District, Jan. 28, 1752. Boundary line between Danvers and Salem changed Mar. 17, 1840. May 18, 1855, Danvers was divided into two towns; that part known as North Danvers received the name of Danvers, and the remaining portion the name of So. Danvers. Boundary line between Danvers and South Danvers estab. May 31, 1856. Part of Beverly annexed to Danvers, Apr. 27, 1857.

Essex	Feb. 18, 1819,	Chebacco. Second Parish of Ipswich.
Georgetown	Apr. 21, 1838,	New Rowley. Part of Rowley.
Gloucester	May 22, 1639,	Cape Ann. Indian name, Wynghersheek and Tragabirzanda. See *Rockport*. Incorp. as a City, May 26, 1871; Act rejected by the voters. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 28, 1873, and Act accepted by the people.
Groveland	Mar. 8, 1850,	[land, Mar. 21, 1856. East Parish of Bradford. Part of Boxford, annexed to Grove-
Hamilton	June 21, 1792,	Ipswich Hamlet. A Parish of Ipswich.
Haverhill	—— –, 1645,	Indian name, Pentucket. Haverhill originally included a large part of the territory of the present towns of Salem, Plaistow, Atkinson, and Hampstead, in New Hampshire, and Methuen and Lawrence, Massachusetts. Made a City by Act approved Mar. 10, 1869, and vote of the people. See *Bradford*.
Ipswich	Aug. 5, 1634,	Indian name, Agawam. See *Boxford*, *Essex*, and *Hamilton*.
Lawrence	Apr. 17, 1847,	From parts of Andover and Methuen. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 21, 1853. Act accepted, Mar. 29, 1853. Small portion of Methuen annexed to Lawrence, Apr. 4, 1854. Parts of Andover and North Andover annexed to Lawrence, Feb. 4, 1879. See *Haverhill*.
Lynn	Nov. –, 1637,	Indian name, Sagus, or Saugus. Boundary line between Lynn and Chelsea defined, July 21, 1830. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 10, 1850. Act accepted, May 14, 1850. See *Chelsea*, *Lynnfield*, *Nahant*, and *Saugus*.

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Lynnfield . . .	July 3, 1782,	Set off from Lynn, and incorp. as a District, July 3, 1782. Incorp. as a Town, Feb. 28, 1814. Boundary line between Lynnfield and Reading estab. Apr. 20, 1854. Line between it and Wakefield defined, 1870. See *North Reading*.
Manchester . .	May 14, 1645,	Jeffry's Creek.
Marblehead . .	May 2, 1649,	Marble-harbor.
Merrimac . . .	Apr. 11, 1876,	Part of Amesbury. See *Amesbury*.
Methuen . . .	Dec. 8, 1725,	Part of Haverhill. See *Lawrence* and *Haverhill*.
Middleton . . .	June 20, 1728,	From parts of Salem, Topsfield, Boxford, and Andover.
Nahant . . .	Mar. 29, 1853,	Set off from Lynn.
Newbury . . .	May 6, 1635,	Indian names, Quascacunquen and Wescussauco. Boundary line between Newbury and Bradford estab. June 16, 1809. See *Newburyport* and *West Newbury*.
Newburyport . .	Jan. 28, 1764,	Part of Newbury. Part of Newbury annexed to Newburyport, Apr. 17, 1851.

North Andover .	Apr. 7, 1855,	North Parish of Andover. Part of, annexed to Lawrence, Feb. 4, 1879.
Parsons . . .	Feb. 18, 1819.	Part of Newbury. Name changed to West Newbury, June [14, 1820.
Peabody . . .	May 18, 1855,	See *South Danvers*.
Rockport . . .	Feb. 27, 1840,	Part of Gloucester.
Rowley . . .	Sept. 4, 1639,	See *Boxford* and *Georgetown*.
Salem	June 24, 1629,	Indian name, Naumkeag, or Naumkeake. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 23, 1836. Act accepted, Apr. 4, 1836. Part of, annexed to Swampscott, Apr. 3, 1867. See *Danvers*, *South Danvers*, and *Middleton*.
Salisbury . . .	Oct. 7, 1640,	Colchester. See *Amesbury*.
Saugus . . .	Feb. 17, 1815,	Part of Lynn. Part of Chelsea annexed to Saugus, Feb. 22, [1841. See *Lynn*.
South Danvers . .	May 18, 1855,	See *Danvers*. Boundary line between South Danvers and Salem changed, Apr. 30, 1856. Name changed to Peabody by Act of April 13, 1868; approved by the people.
Swampscott . .	May 21, 1852,	Easterly part of Lynn. See *Salem*.
Topsfield . . .	Oct. 18, 1650,	New Meadows. See *Middleton*.
Wenham . . .	May 10, 1643,	Enon or Salem Village.
West Newbury. .	June 14, 1820,	Parsons, a part of Newbury. See *Parsons*.

FRANKLIN COUNTY. Incorp. June 24, 1811. See *Hampshire County*.

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Ashfield . . .	June 21, 1765,	Huntstown.
Bernardston . .	Mar. 6, 1762,	Falltown. Part of Deerfield annexed to Bernardston, Apr. 1838. See *Leyden*.
Buckland . . .	Apr. 14, 1779,	"No-town." Part of Conway annexed to Buckland, Apr. 14, 1838.
Charlemont . .	June 21, 1765,	Plantation of Charlemont. See *Rowe*, *Heath*, and *Shelburne*.
Colrain . . .	June 30, 1761,	Colrain.
Conway . . .	June 16, 1767,	South-west part of Deerfield. Part of Deerfield annexed to Conway, June 17, 1791. Boundary line between Conway, Deerfield, and Whately defined June 21, 1811. See *Buckland*.
Deerfield . . .	May 24, 1682,	Indian name, Paucomtock, or Pocomtuk. See *Bernardston*, *Conway*, *Shelburne*, and *Whately*.
Erving . . .	Apr. 17, 1838,	Erving's Grant. Part of Northfield — known as Hack's Grant — ann'd to Erving, Feb. 10, 1860. See *New Salem* and *Orange*.

Gill	Sept. 28, 1793,	Easterly part of Greenfield. Part of Northfield annexed to Gill, Feb. 28, 1795, and Great Island, in Connecticut River, Mar. 14, 1805.
Greenfield . . .	June 9, 1753,	North-easterly part of Deerfield. See *Gill.*
Hawley . . .	Feb. 7, 1792,	Plantation, "No. 7." See *Plainfield.*
Heath . . .	Feb. 14, 1785,	North-easterly part of Charlemont.
Leverett . . .	May 5, 1774,	Part of Sunderland.
Leyden . . .	Feb. 22, 1809,	Part of Bernardston. District of Leyden.
Monroe . . .	Feb. 21, 1822,	From a part of Rowe, and the gore north of Florida.
Montague . . .	Dec. 22, 1753,	North Parish of Sunderland. See *Wendell.*
New Salem . .	June 15, 1753,	Part of Shutesbury annexed to New Salem, Feb. 20, 1824. See *Prescott, Athol,* and *Orange.*
Northfield . . .	Feb. 22, 1713,	Indian name, Squakeag. See *Erving* and *Gill.*
Orange . . .	Feb. 24, 1810,	District of Orange. Parts of Erving's Grant and New Salem annexed to Orange, Mar. 16, 1837. Boundary line between Orange and Erving estab. Feb. 27, 1841. See *Athol.*
Rowe	Feb. 9, 1785,	Myrifield, and several tracts of land. Part of Zoar, in Berkshire County, annexed to Rowe, and part to Charlemont, Apr. 2, 1838. See *Monroe* and *Zoar.*

FRANKLIN COUNTY — *Concluded.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Shelburne . . .	June 21, 1768,	North-westerly part of Deerfield. Gore of land annexed to Shelburne and Charlemont, Mar. 19, 1703.
Shutesbury . .	June 30, 1761,	Roads-town. See *New Salem.*
Sunderland . .	Nov. 12, 1714,	Swampfield. See *Leverett* and *Montague.*
Warwick . . .	Feb. 17, 1763,	Roxbury Canada.
Wendell . . .	May 8, 1781,	Part of Shutesbury and Erving-shire. Part of Montague and a gore of land annexed to Wendell, Feb. 28, 1803.
Whately . . .	Apr. 24, 1771,	North part of Hatfield. Part of Deerfield annexed to Whately, Mar. 5, 1810. Boundary line between Williamsburg and Whately estab. Feb 2, 1849. See *Conway.*
Zoar	– –	See *Rowe.*

HAMPDEN COUNTY. Incorp. Feb. 20, 1812. See *Hampshire County.*

Agawam . . .	May 17, 1855,	Part of West Springfield, — the Parishes of Feeding Hills and Agawam.

Blandford . . .	Apr. 10, 1741,	Glasgow. Boundary line between Blandford and Chester estab. Feb. 22, 1809, and June 13, 1810, and between Blandford and Russell, Feb. 23, 1809. See *Norwich.*
Brimfield . . .	July 14, 1731,	– – – – – – – –
Chester . . .	Oct. 31, 1765,	Murrayfield. Name changed to Chester in 1783. See *Blandford, Norwich, Middleford,* and *Worthington.*
Chicopee . . .	Apr. 29, 1848,	Northerly part of Springfield.
Granville . . .	Jan 25, 1754,	Bedford. First incorp. as a District. See *Tolland.*
Hampden . . .	Mar. 28, 1878,	Southerly part of Wilbraham. See *Wilbraham.*
Holland . . .	July 5, 1785,	East Parish of South Brimfield. Incorp. as a District, July 5, 1785, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. See *Wales.*
Holyoke . . .	Mar. 14, 1850,	Parish of West Springfield. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 7, 1873.
Longmeadow . .	Oct. 17, 1783,	Indian name, Masacsick. Second Parish of Springfield.
Ludlow . . .	Feb. 28, 1774,	Stony Hill. See *Springfield.*
Monson . . .	Apr. 25, 1760,	Westerly part of Brimfield. Boundary line between Monson and Palmer estab. Feb. 8, 1828.
Montgomery . .	Nov. 28, 1780,	Easterly part of "No. 5." Part of Norwich and Southampton annexed to Montgomery, Mar. 6, 1792. See *Russell.*
Palmer . . .	Jan. 30, 1752,	The Elbows. Part of Western annexed to Palmer, Feb. 7, 1851. See *Monson.*

HAMPDEN COUNTY — *Concluded.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Russell . . .	Feb. 25, 1792,	North-westerly part of Westfield, and part of Montgomery. See *Blandford.*
South Brimfield . .	Sept. 18, 1762,	See *Wales.*
Southwick. . .	Nov. 17, 1770,	Southerly part of Westfield. First incorp. as a District. See [*Westfield.*
Springfield . .	May 14, 1636,	Indian name, Agawam. Organized as a Town, May 14, 1636, O. S. Boundary line between Springfield and Ludlow estab. June 5, 1830. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 12, 1852. Act accepted, Apr. 21, 1852. See *West Springfield, Wilbraham, Longmeadow,* [and *Chicopee.*
Tolland . . .	June 14, 1810,	West Parish of Granville. See *Sandisfield.*
Wales . . .	Sept. 18, 1762,	South Brimfield. Incorp. as a District, Sept. 18, 1762, and as the Town of Wales, Feb. 20, 1828. See *Holland.*
Westfield . . .	May 16, 1669,	Indian name, Woronoack, or Waranoke. Boundary line between Westfield and Southwick changed, Mar. 20, 1837. See *Southwick, Russell,* and *West Springfield.*
West Springfield .	Feb. 23, 1774,	West part of Springfield. Part of Westfield annexed to West Springfield, Mar. 3, 1802. See *Agawam* and *Holyoke.*

Wilbraham . .	June 15, 1763,	Fourth Parish of Springfield. A tract of land called the Elbows annexed to Wilbraham, June 11, 1799. Town divided, and southerly part incorp. as the Town of Hampden, March 28, 1878.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY. Incorp. May 7, 1662.

[Apr. 21, 1761, the County of Hampshire was divided into two Counties, the westerly part taking the name of Berkshire. June 24, 1811, the northerly part of Hampshire was erected into a new County by the name of Franklin; and Feb. 20, 1812, the southerly portion of the remaining part was incorporated as the County of Hampden.]

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Amherst . . .	Feb. 13, 1759,	Second Precinct of Hadley. Parts of Hadley annexed to Amherst, Feb. 28, 1811, Feb. 18, 1812, and Feb. 17, 1814.
Belchertown . .	June 30, 1761,	Cold Spring. See *Enfield.*
Chesterfield . .	June 11, 1762,	New Hingham. Part of Norwich annexed to Chesterfield, Feb. 22, 1794. Boundary line between Chesterfield and Goshen estab. Feb. 7, 1797; and betw'n Chesterfield, Goshen, and Williamsburg, Feb. 16, 1810. See *Williamsburg.*
Cummington . .	June 23, 1779,	Easterly part of "No. 5, W." See *Plainfield.*
Easthampton . .	June 17, 1785,	Indian name, Pasacomuck. Parts of South and North Hampton. Incorp. as a District, June 17, 1785, and as a Town, June 16, 1809. Boundary line between Easthampton and Southampton estab. Feb. 1, 1828. Changed Feb. 21, 1862. Parts of Southampton annexed to Easthampton, Mar. 13, 1841, and Apr. 4, 1850. Boundary line between Easthampton and Northampton estab. Mar. 26, 1855. See *Southampton* and *Westhampton.*

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY — *Continued.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Enfield . . .	Feb. 16, 1816,	Parts of Greenwich and Belchertown.
Goshen . . .	May 14, 1781,	Chesterfield Gore and northerly part of Chesterfield. See [*Chesterfield.*
Granby . . .	June 11, 1768,	Second Parish of South Hadley. Part of South Hadley annexed to Granby, Mar. 6, 1792. Boundary line between Granby and South Hadley changed June 12, 1824, June 20, 1826, and June 16, 1827.
Greenwich . .	Apr. 20, 1754,	Indian name, Quabin. See *Dana*, *Enfield*, and *Petersham.*
Hadley . . .	May 20, 1661,	Indian name, Norwottock. Boundary line between Hadley and Amherst changed Mar. 1, 1815. See *South Hadley*, *Amherst*, and *Northampton.*
Hatfield . . .	May 11, 1670,	Boundary line betw'n Hatfield and Williamsburg estab. Mar. 14, 1845, and Mar. 19, 1847. See *Whately* and *Williamsburg.*
Huntington . .	June 29, 1773,	See *Norwich.*
Middlefield . .	Mar. 12, 1783,	From parts of Worthington, Chester, Becket, Partridgefield, Washington, and all of Prescott's Grant.

Northampton . .	Oct. 18, 1654,	Indian names, Nanotuck, Nonotuck, or Norwottock. Hockanum Meadows set off from Hadley and annexed to Northampton, Apr. 15, 1850. See *Easthampton*, *Southampton*, and *Westhampton*.
Norwich . . .	June 29, 1773,	Easterly part of Murrayfield. Parts of Chester and Blandford annexed to Norwich, Apr. 28, 1853. Name changed to Huntington, Mar. 9, 1855. See *Chesterfield* and *Montgomery*.
Pelham . . .	Jan. 15, 1742,	New Lisburne. See *Prescott*.
Plainfield . . .	Mar. 16, 1785,	Incorp. as a District, Mar. 16, 1785, and as a Town, June 15, [1807.
Prescott . . .	Jan. 28, 1822,	East Parish of Pelham, and south part of New Salem.
South Hadley . .	Apr. 12, 1753,	Second Precinct of Hadley. See *Granby*.
Southampton . .	Jan. 5, 1753,	Southampton. Second Precinct of Northampton. Part of Easthampton annexed to Southampton, Mar. 13, 1841. See *Easthampton*, *Montgomery*, and *Westhampton*.
Ware	Nov. 25, 1761,	Ware River Parish. Parts of Brookfield and Western annexed to Ware, Feb. 8, 1823.
Westhampton . .	Sept. 29, 1778,	West part of Northampton. Boundary line between Northampton, Westhampton, Easthampton, and Southampton, changed Mar. 12, 1872.
Williamsburg . .	Apr. 24, 1771,	West part of Hatfield. Boundary line between Williamsburg and Chesterfield estab. June 24, 1795. See *Chesterfield*, *Hatfield*, and *Whately*.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY — *Concluded.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Worthington . .	June 30, 1768,	"No. 3, W." Part of Chester annexed to Worthington, June 21, 1799. See *Middlefield.*
MIDDLESEX COUNTY. Incorp. May 10, 1643. See *Norfolk County.*		
Acton . . .	July 3, 1735,	Part of Concord. See *Carlisle.*
Arlington . . .	Feb. 27, 1807,	See *West Cambridge.*
Ashby . . .	Mar. 5, 1767,	From parts of Townsend, Fitchburg, and Ashburnham. Part of Ashburnham annexed to Ashby, Nov. 16, 1792; and part to Fitchburg, Mar. 3, 1829.
Ashland . . .	Mar. 16, 1846	From parts of Hopkinton, Framingham, and Holliston. See *Hopkinton.*
Ayer	Feb. 14, 1871,	Parts of Groton and Shirley.
Bedford . . .	Sept. 23, 1729,	From parts of Billerica and Concord.
Belmont . . .	Mar. 18, 1859,	From parts of West Cambridge, Watertown, and Waltham. Boundaries defined, 1862.

Billerica . . .	May 29, 1655,	Indian name, Shawshin. See *Bedford* and *Carlisle*.
Boxborough . .	Feb. 25, 1783,	From parts of Stow, Harvard, and Littleton. Incorp. as a District, Feb. 25, 1783, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. See *Littleton*.
Brighton . . .	Feb. 24, 1807,	Southerly part of Cambridge; "Little Cambridge." Part of Cambridge annexed to Brighton, Jan. 27, 1816. Annexed to Boston by Act of May 21, 1873, and by vote of City and Town.
Burlington . .	Feb. 28, 1799,	Part of Woburn. See *Lexington*.
Cambridge . .	Sept. 8, 1633,	"New-town." Parts of Charlestown annexed to Cambridge, Mar. 6, 1802, Feb. 12, 1818, and June 17, 1820. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 17, 1846. Act accepted Mar. 30, 1846. Part of Watertown annexed to Cambridge, Apr. 27, 1855. Boundary line between Somerville and Cambridge changed Apr. 30, 1856, and Apr. 29, 1862. See *Belmont*, *Brighton*, *Lexington*, and *West Cambridge*.
Carlisle . . .	Apr. 28, 1780,	Parts of Concord, Acton, Chelmsford, and Billerica incorp. as the District of Carlisle, Apr. 28, 1780, and as a Town, Feb. 18, 1805. See *Chelmsford*.
Charlestown . .	June 24, 1629,	Indian name, Mishaum. Part of Medford annexed to Charlestown, June 21, 1811. Incorp. as a City, Feb. 22, 1847. Act accepted Mar. 10, 1847. See *Cambridge*, *West Cambridge*, *Stoneham*, *Woburn*, and *Somerville*. Annexed to Boston by Act of May 14, 1873, and by votes of the two Cities.

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Chelmsford . .	May 29, 1655,	Part of, annexed to Carlisle, Feb. 17, 1865. Part of, annexed to Lowell, May 18, 1874. See *Lowell*, *Carlisle*, and *Westford*.
Concord . . .	Sept. 2, 1635,	Indian name, Musquetequid. See *Acton*, *Bedford*, *Lincoln*, and *Carlisle*.
Dracut . . .	Feb. 26, 1701,	[See *Lowell*. Parts of, annexed to Lowell, May 18, 1874, and Apr. 1, 1879.
Dunstable . . .	Oct. 15, 1673,	Boundary line between Dunstable and Tyngsborough estab. Jan. 29, 1798. Parts of Groton annexed to Dunstable, Feb. 25, 1793, Jan. 26, 1796, and June 10, 1803. See *Groton* and *Tyngsborough*.
East Sudbury . .	Apr. 10, 1780,	[1835. East part of Sudbury. Name changed to Wayland, Mar. 11,
Everett . . .	Mar. 9, 1870,	Southerly part of Malden. Part of, annexed to Medford, Apr. 20, 1875.
Framingham . .	June 25, 1700,	Part of Holliston annexed to Framingham, Feb. 11, 1833. Part of Natick annexed, 1871. See *Ashland*, *Holliston*, *Hopkinton*, and *Marlborough*.
Groton . . .	May 29, 1655,	Indian name, Petapawag. Part of Pepperell annexed to Groton, Feb. 3, 1803. Boundary line between Groton and Dunstable estab. Feb. 15, 1820. See *Pepperell*, *Dunstable*, *Harvard*, *Shirley* and *Ayer*

Holliston . . .	Dec. 3, 1724,	Part of Sherburne. Boundary line between Holliston and Medway changed Mar. 3, 1829; and estab. between Holliston, Hopkinton, and Medway, Mar. 27, 1835. See *Ashland*, *Framingham*, and *Milford*.
Hopkinton . .	Dec. 13, 1715,	Indian name, Moguncoy. See *Ashland*, *Holliston*, and *Upton*.
Hudson . . .	Mar. 19, 1866,	From parts of Marlborough and Stow. Part of Bolton annexed Mar. 20, 1868.
Lexington . . .	Mar. 29, 1712,	[Jan. 10, 1810. See *Lincoln*. Part of Cambridge. Part of Burlington annexed to Lexington,
Lincoln . . .	Apr. 19, 1754,	From parts of Concord, Lexington, and Weston.
Littleton . . .	Dec. 3, 1715,	Indian name, Nasboba. Township incorp. Nov. 2, 1714. Named Littleton, Dec. 3, 1715. Boundary line between Littleton and Boxborough estab. Feb. 20, 1794. See *Boxborough*.
Lowell . . .	Mar. 1, 1826,	Part of Chelmsford. Incorp. as a Town, Mar. 1, 1826, and as a City, Aug. 5, 1836. Act accepted Apr. 11, 1836. Parts of Tewksbury annexed to Lowell, Mar. 22, 1832, Mar. 29, 1834, and June 5, 1874; and part of Dracut (Centralville), Feb. 28, 1851, May 18, 1874, and Apr. 1, 1879. Part of Chelmsford annexed to, May 18, 1874.
Malden . . .	May 2, 1649,	See *Medford*, *Melrose*, and *Everett*. Part of Medford annexed to, Apr. 20, 1877. Boundary line between Medford and Malden changed Feb. 20, 1878. Inc. as a City Mar. 31, 1881.
Marlborough . .	May 31, 1660,	Indian names, Okommakamesitt, Whipsufferage. Part of Framingham annexed to Marlborough, Feb. 23, 1791; and part of Southborough, Mar. 24, 1843. See *Bolton*, *Northborough*, *Southborough*, and *Hudson*.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — *Continued.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Maynard . . .	Apr. 19, 1871,	Parts of Stow and Sudbury.
Medford . . .	Sept. 28, 1630,	Indian name, Mistick, or Mystic. Declared "a peculiar town," Oct. 15, 1684. Part of Malden annexed to Medford, June 10, 1817. See *Charlestown* and *Winchester*. Part of Everett annexed to, Apr. 20, 1875. Part of, annexed to Malden, Apr. 20, 1877; also Feb. 20, 1878.
Melrose . . .	May 3, 1850,	Part of Malden.
Natick . . .	—— –, 1762,	The Society and Parish of Natick. Incorp. as a District in 1762, and as a Town, Feb. 10, 1781. Part of Sherburne annexed to Natick, Feb. 7, 1820. Boundary line between Natick and Wayland estab. Apr. 26, 1850. Part of, annexed to Framingham, 1871. See *Needham*.
Newton . . .	Dec. 15, 1691,	New Cambridge. An island between Needham and Newton, annexed to Newton, June 21, 1803. Part of Waltham annexed to Newton, Apr. 16, 1849. See *Roxbury*. Incorp. as a City by Act of June 2, 1873, and Act accepted by the people. Part of the City of Boston annexed to, May 5, 1875.
North Reading . .	Mar. 22, 1853,	Northern part of Reading. Boundary line between Lynnfield and North Reading changed May 27, 1857.

Pepperell . . .	Apr. 6, 1753,	Incorp. as a District from Second Precinct of Groton. Part of Pepperell annexed to Groton, Feb. 3, 1803. See *Groton.*
Reading . . .	May 29, 1644,	Lynn Village. See *Lynnfield, Wilmington,* and *South Reading.*
Sherborn . . .	May 27, 1674,	Boggastown. Name changed from Sherburne to Sherborn, May 3, 1852. See *Holliston, Natick,* and *Medway.*
Shirley . . .	Jan. 5, 1753,	South-west part of Groton. Part of Groton annexed to Shirley, Feb. 6, 1798. See *Lunenburg* and *Ayer.*
Somerville. . .	Mar. 3, 1842,	Part of Charlestown. Incorp. as a City by Act of Apr. 14, 1871; accepted by the voters. See *Cambridge.*
South Reading . .	Feb. 25, 1812,	Second Parish of Reading. Part of Stoneham annexed to South Reading, Apr. 5, 1856. Name changed to Wakefield, June 30, 1868.
Stoneham . . .	Dec. 17, 1725,	Part of Charlestown. See *South Reading.*
Stow	May 16, 1683,	Indian name, Pomposetticut. See *Boxborough, Harvard,* and *Maynard.*
Sudbury . . .	Sept. 4, 1639,	See *Maynard.*
Tewksbury . .	Dec. 23, 1734,	Indian name, Wamesit. Northerly part of Billerica. Part of, annexed to Lowell, June 5, 1874. See *Lowell.*
Townsend . . .	June 29, 1732,	Townshend. North part of Turkey Hill. See *Ashby.*

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — *Concluded.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Tyngsborough . .	June 22, 1789,	South and easterly part of Dunstable. Incorp. as a District, June 22, 1789, and as a Town, Feb. 23, 1809. Part of Dunstable annexed to Tyngsborough, Mar. 3, 1792. Boundary line between Tyngsborough and Dunstable estab. June 10, 1814. See *Dunstable.*
Wakefield . . .	Feb. 25, 1812,	See *South Reading* and *Lynnfield.* Boundary line between Wakefield and Lynnfield defined Apr. 2, 1870.
Waltham . . .	Jan. 4, 1737,	Westerly Precinct of Watertown. See *Belmont* and *Newton.*
Watertown . .	Sept. 7, 1630,	Indian name, Pigsgusset. See *Belmont, Weston,* and *Cambridge.*
Wayland . . .	Apr. 10, 1780,	See *East Sudbury* and *Natick.*
West Cambridge .	Feb. 27, 1807,	Westerly Parish of Cambridge. Part of Charlestown annexed to West Cambridge, Feb. 25, 1842. Name changed to Arlington, Apr. 30, 1867. See *Winchester, Belmont,* and *Cambridge.*
Westford . . .	Sept. 23, 1729,	Westerly Precinct of Chelmsford.
Weston . . .	Jan. 1, 1712,	Part of Watertown. See *Lincoln.*

Wilmington . .	Sept. 25, 1730,	From parts of Woburn and Reading.
Winchester . .	Apr. 30, 1850,	From parts of Woburn, Medford, and West Cambridge. Part of, annexed to Woburn by Act of May 12, 1873. [*Winchester.*
Woburn . . .	May 18, 1642,	Charlestown Village. See *Burlington*, *Wilmington*, and

NANTUCKET COUNTY. Incorp. June 20, 1695. (Indian name, Nautican.)

Nantucket. . .	June 27, 1687,	See *Sherburn.*
Sherburn . . .	June 27, 1687,	Name changed to Nantucket, June 8, 1795.

NORFOLK COUNTY. Incorp. March 26, 1793.

[Norfolk County, as incorporated, included all the original territory of Suffolk, except the towns of Boston and Chelsea. May 10, 1643, the Colony was divided into four Counties; viz., Essex, Middlesex, Suffolk, and Norfolk. The latter was composed of the Towns of Haverhill, Salisbury, Hampton, Exeter, Dover, and Strawberry Bank (Portsmouth). The four last-named Towns having been "taken off," upon the separation of New Hampshire from Massachusetts in 1680, the others were set back to Essex, Feb. 4, 1680, and the original County of Norfolk ceased to exist.]

Bellingham . .	Nov. 27, 1719,	From parts of Dedham, Wrentham, and Mendon. Boundary line between Bellingham, Franklin, and Medway, estab. Feb. 23, 1832; line between Bellingham and Mendon estab. Mar. 7, 1872.
Braintree . . .	May 13, 1640,	Mount Wollaston, Merry Mount, Mount Dagan. See *Quincy* [and *Randolph.*

NORFOLK COUNTY — *Continued.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Brookline . . .	Nov. 13, 1705,	Muddy River; Brooklyn. Part of Roxbury annexed to Brookline, Feb. 24, 1844. Part of, annexed to Boston, 1870. Part of, annexed to Boston, May 8, 1874. See *Boston*. Line between Brookline and City of Boston changed Apr. 27, 1872.
Canton . . .	Feb. 23, 1797,	Northerly part of Stoughton. See *Stoughton*.
Cohasset . . .	Apr. 26, 1770,	Indian name, Conahesset. Second Precinct of Hingham.
Dedham . . .	Sept. 8, 1636,	Boundary line between Dedham and Dover defined Mar. 7, 1791. See *Bellingham*, *Dover*, *Dorchester*, *Needham*, *Medfield*, *Walpole*, *West Roxbury*, *Hyde Park*, and *Norwood*.
Dorchester . . .	Sept. 7, 1630,	Indian name, Mattapan. Boundary line between Dorchester and Quincy changed July 10, 1814, and estab. Feb. 21, 1820. Part of Dedham annexed to Dorchester, June 17, 1831. Annexed to Boston by Act of June 4, 1869, and vote of the people of the City and Town. See *Boston*, *Quincy*, *Stoughton*, and *Hyde Park*.
Dover. . . .	July 7, 1784,	Part of Dedham. Incorp. as a District, July 7, 1784, and as a Town, Mar. 31, 1836. Boundary line between Dover and Dedham defined Mar. 7, 1791. Line between Dover and Walpole changed Feb. 27, 1872.

Foxborough . .	June 10, 1778,	From parts of Wrentham, Walpole, Stoughton, and Stoughtonham (Sharon). Parts of Stoughton and Sharon annexed to Foxborough, Mar. 12, 1796; part of Wrentham, Feb. 7, 1831; and part of Sharon, Feb. 28, 1850. See *Sharon*, *Walpole*, *Wrentham*, and *Everett*.
Franklin . . .	Mar. 2, 1778,	Westerly part of Wrentham. Part of Medway annexed to Franklin, June 27, 1792. Boundary line between Franklin and Medway estab. Nov. 3, 1792, and Feb. 23, 1832. See *Bellingham* and *Norfolk*.
Holbrook . . .	Feb. 29, 1872,	Part of Randolph.
Hyde Park . .	Apr. 22, 1868,	From parts of Dorchester, Dedham, and Milton.
Medfield . . .	May 23, 1651,	Dedham Village. See *Medway*.
Medway . . .	Oct. 24, 1713,	Part of Medfield. Boundary line between Medway and Sherborn estab. Mar. 3, 1792. See *Bellingham*, *Franklin*, *Holliston*, and *Norfolk*.
Milton . . .	May 7, 1662,	Indian name, Uncataguisset, or Unquety. See *Hyde Park*.
Needham . . .	Nov. 5, 1711,	Part of Dedham. Boundary line between Needham and Natick changed June 22, 1797. See *Newton*. Part of, set off and incorp. as the Town of Wellesley, Apr. 6, 1881.
Norfolk . . .	Feb. 23, 1870,	From parts of Wrentham, Franklin, Medway, and Walpole. Boundary line between it and Wrentham changed in 1871.

NORFOLK COUNTY — *Concluded.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Norwood . . .	Feb. 23, 1872,	From parts of Dedham and Walpole.
Quincy . . .	Feb. 24, 1792,	North Precinct of Braintree. Parts of Dorchester annexed to Quincy, Feb. 12, 1819, and May 2, 1855; and a part of Braintree, Apr. 24, 1856. See *Dorchester*.
Randolph . . .	Mar. 9, 1793,	Part of Braintree. Portion of boundary line defined June 22, 1811. Part set off into a new Town, Feb. 29, 1872. See *Holbrook*.
Roxbury . . .	Sept. 28, 1630,	Part of Newton annexed to Roxbury, Apr. 23, 1838. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 12, 1846. Act accepted Mar. 25, 1846. Boundary line between Boston and Roxbury estab. May 3, 1850, and changed Apr. 3, 1860. Annexed to Boston by Act of June 1, 1867, and vote of the people of the two Cities on the second Monday of September following. See *Boston* and *West Roxbury*.
Sharon . . .	**June 20, 1765,**	Indian name, Mashapoag. Stoughtonham. Second Precinct of Stoughton. Part of Stoughton annexed to Sharon, Feb. 12, 1792; also Mar. 26, 1864. Boundary line between Sharon and Foxborough estab. Jan. 30, 1833. Part of, annexed to Walpole, May 1, 1874. See *Foxborough* and *Walpole*.

Stoughton . . .	Dec. 22, 1726,	Indian name, Punkapoag. Part of Dorchester. Part of Canton annexed to Stoughton, Mar. 31, 1847. See *Canton*, *Foxborough*, and *Sharon*.
Walpole . . .	Dec. 10, 1724,	Part of Dedham. Parts of Sharon annexed to Walpole, Feb. 28, 1804, and June 21, 1811; part of Dedham, June 21, 1811; and parts of Foxborough, Mar. 27, 1833, and Mar. 28, 1834. Line between Dover and Walpole changed Feb. 27, 1872. See *Foxborough*, *Norfolk*, and *Norwood*.
Wellesley . . .	April 6, 1881,	Incorp. from the Town of Needham, Apr. 6, 1881.
West Roxbury . .	May 24, 1851,	Part of Roxbury. Part of Dedham annexed to West Roxbury, Apr. 21, 1852. Boundary line between it and Boston changed 1870. Annexed to Boston by Act of May 29, 1873, and by votes of City and Town. Mount Hope Cemetery in, annexed to the City of Boston, Apr. 12, 1872.
Weymouth . .	Sept. 2, 1635,	Indian name, Wessagusett, or Wessaguson. Boundary line between Weymouth and Abington estab. Mar. 31, 1847.
Wrentham . .	Oct. 15, 1673,	Indian name, Wallonopaug. Boundary line between Wrentham and Foxborough estab. Feb. 3, 1819. Boundary line between it and Norfolk changed in 1871. See *Attleborough*, *Bellingham*, *Foxborough*, *Franklin*, and *Norfolk*.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 2, 1685.

Abington . . .	June 10, 1712,	Indian name, Manamooskeagin. Easterly part of Bridgewater. See *Weymouth*, *Rockland*, and *South Abington*.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY — *Continued.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Bridgewater . .	June 3, 1656,	Indian name, Nunketest. Duxboro' Plantation. Boundary line between Bridgewater and East Bridgewater estab. Feb. 23, 1838, and Mar. 20, 1846. See *East Bridgewater*, *Halifax*, *North Bridgewater*, and *West Bridgewater*.
Brockton . . .	Mar. 28, 1874,	Name changed from North Bridgewater to Brockton. Part of, annexed to South Abington, Apr. 24, 1875. Part of South Abington annexed to, Apr. 24, 1875. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 9, 1881.
Carver . . .	June 9, 1790,	South part of Plympton. Boundary line between Middleborough and Carver estab. Mar. 24, 1849. See *Plympton*.
Duxbury . . .	June 7, 1637,	Indian name, Mattakeeset. Duxboro'. Boundary line between Duxbury and Marshfield estab. June 14, 1813. See *Kingston* and *Pembroke*.
East Bridgewater .	June 14, 1823,	Part of Bridgewater. Part of Halifax annexed to East Bridgewater, Apr. 11, 1857. See *Bridgewater* and *South Abington*. Part of, annexed to Brockton, Apr. 24, 1875.
Hanson . . .	Feb. 22, 1820,	Westerly part of Pembroke.

Halifax . . .	July 4, 1734,	Indian name, Monoponset. From parts of Plympton, Middleborough, and Pembroke. Part of Bridgewater annexed to Halifax, Feb. 20, 1824; and part of Plympton, Mar. 16, 1830. Boundary line between it and Plympton estab. Feb. 6, 1863. See *East Bridgewater*.
Hanover . . .	June 14, 1727,	Boundary line between Hanover and South Scituate determined May 15, 1857, under Resolves of May 31, 1856. Boundary line between Hanover and South Scituate changed Feb. 11, 1878. See *Rockland*.
Hingham . . .	Sept. 2, 1635,	Barecove. Hingham and Hull taken from Suffolk County, June 18, 1803. See *Cohasset*.
Hull	May 29, 1644,	Nantasket. See *Hingham*.
Kingston . . .	June 16, 1726,	Part of Plymouth. Part of Duxbury annexed to Kingston, Apr. 14, 1857.
Lakeville . . .	May 13, 1853,	South-westerly part of Middleborough. Boundary line between it and Taunton defined 1867.
Marion . . .	May 14, 1852,	South-easterly part of Rochester. Boundary line between Marion and Wareham estab. Feb. 18, 1859, and Feb. 13, 1866.
Marshfield . . .	Mar. 2, 1640,	Green Harbor. Rexham. See *Duxbury*.
Mattapoisett . .	May 20, 1857,	Mattapoisett Precinct, — a part of Rochester.
Middleborough . .	June –, 1669,	Indian names, Assawampsit, or Assawomit, and Nemesket. See *Carver* and *Lakeville*.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY — *Concluded.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
North Bridgewater .	June 15, 1821,	Part of Bridgewater. Boundary line between North and West Bridgewater estab. Jan. 22, 1825. In 1871 the name of the Town was changed to Standish, subject to the approval of the voters. The Act was not approved. Name changed to Brockton, Mar. 28, 1874.
Pembroke. . .	Mar. 21, 1711,	Westerly part of Duxbury, or Mattakeeset. See *Hanson.*
Plymouth. . .	Dec. 11, 1620,	Indian names, Accomack, Apaum, or Umpane, and Patuxet. See *Kingston, Wareham,* and *Plympton.*
Plympton. . .	June 4, 1707,	Indian name, Wenatukset. South-westerly part of Plymouth. Boundary line between Plymouth and Carver estab. Feb. 8, 1793. See *Carver* and *Halifax.*
Rochester. . .	June 4, 1686,	Indian name, Seipican, or Sippican. Boundary line between Rochester and Fairhaven estab. Apr. 9, 1836. See *Marion* and *Mattapoisett.*
Rockland . . .	Mar. 9, 1874,	North and east part of Abington. Boundary line between Hanover and Rockland estab. March 23, 1878.

Scituate. . .	Oct. 5, 1636,	Indian name, Satuit, from Satuit Brook in the eastern part of the Town. See *Cohasset* and *South Scituate.*
South Abington .	Mar. 4, 1875,	Parts of Abington and East Bridgewater. Part of, annexed to Brockton, Apr. 24, 1875.
South Scituate . .	Feb. 14, 1849,	Part of Scituate. See *Hanover.* Part of Hanover annexed Feb. 11, 1878.
Wareham . . .	July 10, 1739,	Plantation of Agawam, or Agowaywam. Part of Plymouth annexed to Wareham, Jan. 20, 1827. Boundary line between it and Rochester defined 1864 and 1866. See *Marion.*
West Bridgewater .	Feb. 16, 1822,	Part of Bridgewater. See *North Bridgewater.*

SUFFOLK COUNTY. INCORP. MAY 10, 1643. See *Norfolk County.*

Chelsea . . .	Jan. 10, 1738,	Indian name, Winnisimet. Rumney Marsh. See *Saugus* and *North Chelsea.*
North Chelsea . .	Mar. 19, 1848,	Part of Chelsea. See *Winthrop.* Name changed to Revere by Act of Mar. 24, 1871; approved by the Town.
Revere . . .	Mar. 19, 1848,	See *North Chelsea.*
Winthrop . . .	Mar. 27, 1852,	Easterly part of North Chelsea.

SUFFOLK COUNTY — *Concluded.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Boston . . .	Sept. 7, 1630,	Indian name, Shawmut. Tri-Mountain. Noddle's Island (East Boston) granted to Samuel Maverick, Apr. 1, 1633, and annexed to Boston, Mar. 9, 1636-8. Long, Spectacle, Deer, and Hog Islands granted to Boston, Mar. 4, 1634. Dorchester Point (South Boston) annexed to Boston, Mar. 6, 1804. Boston incorp. as a City, Feb. 23, 1822. Act accepted Mar. 4, 1822. Boundary line between Boston and Brookline estab., and part of Brookline annexed to Boston, Feb. 22, 1825; annexed portion joined to Ward 6, Mar. 3, 1826. Thompson's Island granted to Dorchester, Mar. 4, 1634, and annexed to Boston from Dorchester, Mar. 25, 1834. Boundary line between Boston and Roxbury estab. Mar. 16, 1836; changed Apr. 19, 1837; estab. May 3, 1850; and changed Apr. 3, 1860. Part of Dorchester, known as Washington Village, annexed to Boston, May 21, 1859. Dorchester annexed 1869. Part of Brookline annexed 1870. Line changed between, and West Roxbury, Apr. 2, 1870. Boundary line between Brookline and Boston changed Apr. 27, 1872. Mount Hope Cemetery in W. Roxbury annexed to, Apr. 12, 1872. See *Roxbury, Dorchester*, and *West Roxbury*. Brighton, West Roxbury, and Charlestown annexed by chaps. 303, 314, and 286 of the Acts of 1873. Part of, annexed to the City of Newton, May 5, 1875.

Ashburnham . .	Feb. 22, 1765,	Dorchester Canada. Part of Gardner annexed to Ashburnham, Feb. 16, 1815; and part of Westminster, Jan. 28, 1824. See *Ashby* and *Gardner*.
Athol	Mar. 6, 1762,	Indian name, Payguage, or Poquaig. Part of Gerry annexed to Athol, Feb. 28, 1806; part of Orange, Feb. 7, 1816; and parts of New Salem, Feb. 5, 1830, and Mar. 16, 1837. Land confirmed to Athol, June 11, 1829. See *Royalston*, *Gerry*, and *Boylston*.
Auburn . . .	Apr. 10, 1778,	See *Ward*.
Ward	Apr. 10, 1778,	From parts of Worcester, Sutton, Oxford, and Leicester. Name changed to Auburn, Feb. 7, 1837.
Barre	Mar. 28, 1753,	North-westerly part of Rutland incorp. as Rutland District, Mar. 28, 1753. Rutland District incorp. as Town of Hutchinson, June –, 1774. Name changed to Barre, Nov. –, 1776.
Hutchinson . . .	June –, 1774,	See *Barre*.
Berlin	Mar. 16, 1784,	South Parish of Bolton incorp. as District of Berlin, Mar. 16, 1784, and as a Town, Feb. 6, 1812. Part of Lancaster annexed to Berlin, Feb. 8, 1791; and a part of Northborough, Feb. 14, 1806.
Blackstone . .	Mar. 25, 1845,	Part of Mendon.

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Continued.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Bolton . . .	June 24, 1738,	Part of Lancaster. Part of Marlborough annexed to Bolton, Feb. 11, 1829. Boundary line between Bolton and Westborough estab. Mar. 16, 1858. See *Berlin;* also *Hudson*, in Middlesex County.
Boylston . . .	Mar. 1, 1786,	North Parish of Shrewsbury. See *West Boylston.*
Brookfield . . .	Nov. 12, 1718,	Indian name, Quaboag, Quoboag, or Quobage. Boundary line between Brookfield and New Braintree estab. June 10, 1791, and Mar. 8, 1792. Part of New Brookfield annexed to Brookfield, Apr. 15, 1854. See *North Brookfield* and *Ware.*
Charlton . . .	Nov. 2, 1754,	West part of Oxford. See *Oxford*, *Southbridge*, and *Sturbridge.*
Clinton . . .	Mar. 14, 1850,	Part of Lancaster.
Dana	Feb. 18, 1801,	From parts of Petersham, Hardwick, and Greenwich. Boundary line estab. Feb. 12, 1803. Boundary line between Dana and Greenwich estab. June 19, 1811. Parts of Petersham and Hardwick annexed to Dana, Feb. 4, 1842.
Douglas . . .	—— –, 1746,	Incorp. as a District. (See note on page 103.) Boundary line between it and Uxbridge estab. Apr. 25, 1864. See *Webster.*

Dudley . . .	Feb. 2, 1731,	Indian name, Chabanakongmum. From lands between Woodstock and Oxford. Middlesex Gore annexed to Dudley and Sturbridge, June 25, 1794. See *Southbridge* and *Webster*.
Fitchburg . . .	Feb. 3, 1764,	West part of Lunenburg. See *Ashby* and *Westminster*. Incorp. as a City by Act of Mar. 8, 1872; accepted by the people.
Gardner . . .	June 27, 1785,	From parts of Westminster, Ashburnham, Winchendon, and Templeton. See *Ashburnham*, *Ashby*, and *Westminster*.
Grafton . . .	Apr. 18, 1735,	Indian name, Hassanamisco. Gore of land annexed to Grafton, June 14, 1823; part of Shrewsbury annexed Mar. 3, 1826; and part of Sutton, Mar. 3, 1842. See *Worcester*.
Hardwick . . .	Jan.10,1738-39,	Lambstown. Part of New Braintree annexed to Hardwick, June 10, 1814; and gores of land, Feb. 7, 1831, and Feb. 6, 1833. See *Dana* and *Petersham*.
Harvard . . .	June 29, 1732,	From parts of Lancaster, Groton, and Stow. See *Boxborough*.
Holden . . .	Jan. 9, 1740,	North part of Worcester. Boundary line between Holden and Paxton estab. Mar. 27, 1793. Part of Paxton annexed to Holden, Mar. 19, 1831. See *Paxton* and *West Boylston*.
Hubbardston . .	June 13, 1767,	North-easterly part of Rutland. See *Princeton*.
Lancaster . . .	May 18, 1653,	Indian name, Nashwash, or Nashawog. Boundary line between Lancaster and Sterling estab. Mar. 7, 1837. See *Berlin*, *Holden*, and *Sterling*.

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Continued.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Leicester . . .	Feb. 15, 1713,	Indian name, Towtaid. See *Ward*, *Spencer*, and *Paxton*.
Leominster . .	June 23, 1740,	Part of Lancaster. Part of No-town annexed to Leominster, Apr. 13, 1838.
Lunenburg . .	Aug. 1, 1728,	So. part of Turkey Hills. Boundary line between Lunenburg and Shirley estab. Mar. 3, 1846. See *Fitchburg* and *Townsend*.
Mendon . . .	May 15, 1667,	Indian name, Qunshapauge, or Squnshopog. See *Bellingham*, *Blackstone*, and *Milford*.
Milford . . .	Apr. 11, 1780,	Indian name, Wopowage. East Precinct of Mendon. Part of Holliston annexed to Milford, Apr. 1, 1859.
Millbury . . .	June 11, 1813,	North Parish in Sutton.
New Braintree . .	Jan. 31, 1751,	Indian name, Wenimesset. See *Brookfield* and *Hardwick*.
Northborough . .	Jan. 24, 1766,	North Precinct of Westborough. Part of Marlborough annexed to Northborough, June 20, 1807. See *Berlin*.
Northbridge . .	July 14, 1772,	North part of Uxbridge. Parts of Sutton annexed to Northbridge, Feb. 17, 1801, and Mar. 16, 1844. See *Sutton* and *Uxbridge*.

North Brookfield .	Feb. 28, 1812,	North Parish in Brookfield. See *Brookfield.*
Oakham . . .	June 11, 1762,	[17, 1762. West wing of Rutland. Incorp. as District of Oakham, June
Oxford . . .	——, –, 1813,	Part of Sutton annexed to Oxford, Feb. 18, 1793; Oxford South Gore annexed Feb. 6, 1807; part of Charlton, Feb. 3, 1809; and Oxford North Gore, Mar. 22, 1838. See *Charlton, Ward,* and *Webster.*
Paxton . . .	Feb. 12, 1765,	South part of Rutland and north part of Leicester incorp. as District of Paxton, Feb. 12, 1775. Parts of Holden annexed to Paxton, Feb. 13, 1804, and Apr. 9, 1838; and part of Rutland, May 24, 1851. See *Holden* and *Rutland.*
Petersham. . .	Apr. 20, 1754,	Indian name, Nitchawog. See *Dana.*
Phillipston . .	Oct. 20, 1786,	See *Gerry.* Boundary line between Phillipston and Royalston changed Mar. 29, 1837. See *Royalston.*
Gerry	Oct. 20, 1786,	From parts of Templeton and Athol. Name changed to Phillipston, Feb. 5, 1814. See *Athol* and *Royalston.*
Princeton . . .	Apr. 24, 1771,	Indian name, Wachusett. East wing of Rutland. Part of Hubbardston annexed to Princeton, Feb. 16, 1810; and part of No-town, April 4, 1838. Part of Westminster annexed to, Apr. 22, 1870. See *Westminster.*
Royalston . . .	Feb. 17, 1765,	Royalstonshire. Parts of Athol and Gerry annexed to Royalston, Feb. 26, 1799; and part of Athol, Mar. 7, 1803. See *Phillipston.*

Cities and Towns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Rutland . . .	Feb. 23, 1713,	Indian name, Nagueag. Boundary line between Rutland and Paxton estab. Feb. 20, 1829. See *Hubbardston, Oakland,* and *Paxton.*
Shrewsbury . .	Dec. 19, 1727,	See *Boylston* and *Grafton.*
Southborough . .	July 6, 1727,	Part of Marlborough. Boundary line between Southborough and Westborough estab. Mar. 5, 1835. See *Marlborough.*
Southbridge . .	Feb. 15, 1816,	From parts of Sturbridge, Charlton, and Dudley. Part of Dudley annexed to Southbridge, Feb. 23, 1822; and part of Sturbridge, Apr. 6, 1839. Boundary line between it and Sturbridge changed in 1871.
Spencer . . .	Apr. 3, 1753,	Second Precinct of Leicester.
Sterling . . .	Apr. 25, 1781,	Second Precinct of Lancaster. See *Lancaster* and *W. Boylston.*
Sturbridge . . .	June 24, 1738,	New Medfield. Part of Charlton annexed to Sturbridge, June 27, 1792. See *Dudley* and *Southbridge.* Boundary line between it and Southbridge changed in 1871.
Sutton . . .	June 21, 1715,	Nipmug Country. Part of Northbridge annexed to Sutton, June 15, 1831. Boundary line between Sutton and Northbridge changed Mar. 7, 1837. See *Ward, Grafton, Millbury, Northbridge,* and *Oxford.*

Templeton . .	Mar. 6, 1762,	Narragansett, "No. 6." See *Gerry* and *Gardner*.
Upton . . .	June 14, 1735,	From parts of Mendon, Sutton, Uxbridge, and Hopkinton.
Uxbridge . . .	June 27, 1727,	Indian name, Waeuntug. Part of Mendon. Boundary line between Uxbridge and Northbridge changed Apr. 30, 1856. [See *Douglas*.
Warren . . .	Jan. 16, 1741,	See *Western*.
Webster . . .	Mar. 6, 1832,	From parts of Dudley and Oxford. Boundary line between Webster and Douglas estab. Feb. 27, 1841.
Westborough . .	Nov. 18, 1717,	Chauncy. See *Bolton* and *Southborough*.
West Boylston . .	Jan. 30, 1808,	From parts of Boylston, Holden, and Sterling. Part of Boylston annexed to West Boylston, Feb. 10, 1820, and June 17, [1820. See *Bolton*.
West Brookfield .	Mar. 3, 1848,	Part of Brookfield.
Western . . .	Jan. 16, 1741,	From parts of Brookfield, Brimfield, and easterly part of Kingsfield. Name changed to Warren, Mar. 13, 1834. See *Palmer* and *Ware*.
Westminster . .	Apr. 26, 1770,	Narragansett, "No. 2." Parts of Fitchburg annexed to Westminster, Feb. 12, 1796, and Feb. 16, 1813; and part of No-town, Apr. 10, 1838. Part of, annexed to Princeton, Apr. 22, 1870. See *Ashburnham* and *Gardner*.
Winchendon . .	June 14, 1764,	Ipswich Canada. See *Gardner*.
Worcester . . .	Oct. 15, 1684,	Indian name, Quansigamond. Grafton Gore annexed to Worcester, Mar. 22, 1838. See *Holden* and *Ward*.

CITIES IN THE COMMONWEALTH,

WITH THE DATE OF THEIR ORGANIZATION.

NAME.	INCORPORATED.
Boston	Feb. 23, 1822.
Salem	March 23, 1836.
Lowell	April 1, 1836.
Cambridge	March 17, 1846.
New Bedford	March 9, 1847.
Worcester	Feb. 29, 1848.
Lynn	April 9, 1849.
Newburyport	May 24, 1851.
Springfield	April 12, 1852.
Lawrence	March 21, 1853.
Fall River	April 12, 1854.
Chelsea	March 13, 1857.
Taunton	May 11, 1864.
Haverhill	May 10, 1869.
Somerville	April 14, 1871.
Fitchburg	March 8, 1872.
Holyoke	April 17, 1873.
Gloucester	April 28, 1873.
Newton	June 2, 1873.
Malden	March 31, 1881.
Brockton	April 9, 1881.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

[Established by Chapter 300, Acts of 1872, and Chapter 113, Acts of 1876.]

DISTRICT No. 1.

Towns.	Population. 1880.	Towns.	Population. 1880.
Barnstable Co.		*Bristol Co.*	
Barnstable	4,250	Acushnet	1,105
Brewster	1,144	Dartmouth	3,430
Chatham	2,252	Fairhaven	2,875
Dennis	3,290	Fall River	49,006
Eastham	692	Freetown	1,329
Falmouth	2,422	New Bedford	26,875
Harwich	3,265	Somerset	2,006
Mashpee	347	Swansea	1,356
Orleans	1,294	Westport	2,898
Provincetown	4,345		
Sandwich	3,544	*Plymouth Co.*	
Truro	1,019	Carver	1,039
Wellfleet	1,908	Duxbury	2,196
Yarmouth	2,173	Halifax	542
		Kingston	1,524
		Lakeville	1,008
Dukes Co.		Marion	958
Chilmark	494	Marshfield	1,785
Cottage City	679	Mattapoisett	1,365
Edgartown	1,301	Middleborough	5,237
Gay Head	161	Pembroke	1,405
Gosnold	154	Plymouth	7,094
Tisbury	1,516	Plympton	694
		Rochester	1,043
		Wareham	2,897
Nantucket Co.			
Nantucket	3,726	Total	159,643

DISTRICT No. 2.

Towns.	Population, 1880.	Towns.	Population, 1880.
Bristol Co.		*Norfolk Co.*—Con.	
Attleborough	11,111	Sharon	1,492
Berkley	927	Stoughton	4,875
Dighton	1,791	Walpole	2,494
Easton	3,902	Weymouth	10,571
Mansfield	2,765	Wrentham	2,482
Norton	1,732		
Raynham	1,681	*Plymouth Co.*	
Rehoboth	1,891	Abington	3,697
Seekonk	1,228	Bridgewater	3,620
Taunton	21,213	Brockton	13,608
		East Bridgewater	2,710
Norfolk Co.		Hanover	1,897
Braintree	3,855	Hanson	1,309
Canton	4,523	Hingham	4,485
Cohasset	2,182	Hull	383
Foxborough	2,951	Rockland	4,553
Holbrook	2,132	Scituate	2,466
Hyde Park	7,090	South Abington	3,024
Milton	3,206	South Scituate	1,820
Norfolk	930	West Bridgewater	1,665
Quincy	10,529		
Randolph	4,027	Total	156,817

DISTRICT No. 3.

Suffolk Co.		*Suffolk Co.*—Con.	
Boston, Ward 13	21,462	Boston, Ward 19	19,973
Ward 14	20,005	Ward 20	17,391
Ward 15	14,903	Ward 21	14,712
Ward 16	15,184	Ward 24	16,871
Ward 17	14,445		
Ward 18	13,141	Total	168,087

DISTRICT No. 4.

Suffolk Co.		*Suffolk Co.*—Con.	
Boston, Ward 1	14,773	Boston, Ward 6	16,904
Ward 2	15,153	Ward 7	12,550

DISTRICT No. 4 — *Concluded.*

Towns.	Population, 1880.	Towns.	Population, 1880.
Suffolk Co. — Con.		*Suffolk Co.* — Con.	
Boston, Ward 8	12,795	Chelsea	21,785
Ward 9	12,322	Revere	2,263
Ward 10	11,503	Winthrop	1,043
Ward 11	16,601		
Ward 12	14,697	Total	152,389

DISTRICT No. 5.

Essex Co.		*Middlesex Co.* — Con.	
Lynn	38,284	Somerville	24,985
Nahant	808	Stoneham	4,891
Saugus	2,626	Wakefield	5,548
Swampscott	2,501	Waltham	11,711
		Winchester	3,802
Middlesex Co.		Woburn	10,938
Arlington	4,100		
Belmont	1,615		
Burlington	711	*Suffolk Co.*	
Everett	4,159	Boston, Ward 3	11,515
Lexington	2,460	Ward 4	11,258
Malden	12,017	Ward 5	10,961
Medford	7,573		
Melrose	4,560	Total	177,023

DISTRICT No. 6.

Essex Co.		*Essex Co.* — Con.	
Amesbury	3,355	Merrimac	2,237
Beverly	8,445	Middleton	1,000
Boxford	824	Newbury	1,566
Bradford	2,643	Newburyport	13,537
Danvers	6,636	North Andover	3,217
Essex	1,670	Peabody	9,028
Georgetown	2,231	Rockport	3,912
Gloucester	19,329	Rowley	1,201
Groveland	2,227	Salem	27,598
Hamilton	935	Salisbury	4,079
Haverhill	18,475	Topsfield	1,165
Ipswich	3,699	Wenham	889
Lynnfield	686	West Newbury	1,989
Manchester	1,640		
Marblehead	7,467	Total	151,680

DISTRICT No. 7.

Towns.	Population, 1880.	Towns.	Population, 1880.
Essex Co.		*Middlesex Co.* — Con.	
Andover	5,171	Marlborough	10,126
Lawrence	39,178	Maynard	2,291
Methuen	4,392	North Reading	900
		Pepperell	2,348
		Reading	3,181
Middlesex Co.		Shirley	1,365
Acton	1,797	Stow	1,045
Ashby	914	Sudbury	1,178
Ayer	1,882	Tewksbury	2,171
Bedford	931	Townsend	1,967
Billerica	2,000	Tyngsborough	631
Boxborough	319	Westford	2,147
Carlisle	478	Wilmington	933
Chelmsford	2,553		
Concord	3,922		
Dracut	1,605	*Worcester Co.*	
Dunstable	453	Berlin	977
Groton	1,862	Bolton	903
Hudson	3,739	Harvard	1,253
Lincoln	882	Lancaster	2,008
Littleton	994		
Lowell	59,485	Total	167,981

DISTRICT No. 8.

Middlesex Co.		*Norfolk Co.* — Con.	
Ashland	2,394	Franklin	4,051
Cambridge	52,740	Medfield	1,365
Framingham	6,235	Medway	3,955
Holliston	3,099	Needham	5,254
Hopkinton	4,602	Norwood	2,345
Natick	8,480	Wellesley*	-
Newton	16,995		
Sherborn	1,401	*Suffolk Co.*	
Watertown	5,426	Boston, Ward 22	12,715
Wayland	1,962	Ward 23	14,008
Weston	1,448	Ward 25	6,693
		Worcester Co.	
Norfolk Co.		Milford	9,310
Brookline	8,053	Southborough	2,142
Dedham	6,224		
Dover	653	Total	181,550

* Incorporated from a part of Needham, April 6, 1881.

DISTRICT No. 9.

Towns.	Population, 1880.	Towns.	Population, 1880.
Worcester Co.		*Worcester Co.*—Con.	
Auburn	1,317	Paxton	592
Barre	2,418	Princeton	1,100
Blackstone	4,908	Rutland	1,060
Boylston	854	Shrewsbury	1,500
Brookfield	2,820	Southbridge	6,465
Charlton	1,900	Spencer	7,466
Douglas	2,241	Sturbridge	2,062
Dudley	2,804	Sutton	3,105
Grafton	4,030	Upton	2,023
Hardwick	2,233	Uxbridge	3,111
Holden	2,499	Warren	3,889
Hubbardston	1,386	Webster	5,696
Leicester	2,779	Westborough	5,214
Mendon	1,094	West Boylston	2,994
Millbury	4,741	West Brookfield	1,917
New Braintree	610	Worcester	58,295
Northborough	1,676		
Northbridge	4,053	*Norfolk Co.*	
North Brookfield	4,459	Bellingham	1,223
Oakham	869		
Oxford	2,604	Total	160,007

DISTRICT No. 10.

Franklin Co.		*Franklin Co.*	
Ashfield	1,062	Shutesbury	529
Bernardston	934	Sunderland	755
Buckland	1,739	Warwick	713
Charlemont	932	Wendell	465
Colrain	1,777	Whately	1,074
Conway	1,760		
Deerfield	3,543	*Hampden Co.*	
Erving	872	Holyoke	21,851
Gill	733		
Greenfield	3,903	*Hampshire Co.*	
Hawley	592	Amherst	4,299
Heath	560	Belchertown	2,346
Leverett	742	Chesterfield	769
Leyden	507	Cummington	881
Monroe	166	Easthampton	4,206
Montague	4,876	Enfield	1,043
New Salem	869	Goshen	327
Northfield	1,603	Granby	753
Orange	3,171	Greenwich	634
Rowe	502	Hadley	1,938
Shelburne	1,621	Hatfield	1,495

DISTRICT No. 10 — *Concluded.*

Towns.	Population, 1880.	Towns.	Population, 1880.
Hampshire Co. — Con.		*Worcester Co.* — Con.	
Huntington	1,236	Clinton	8,030
Middlefield	648	Dana	736
Northampton	12,172	Fitchburg	12,405
Pelham	614	Gardner	4,988
Plainfield	457	Leominster	5,776
Prescott	460	Lunenburg	1,101
South Hadley	3,538	Petersham	1,109
Southampton	1,046	Phillipston	621
Ware	4,817	Royalston	1,192
Westhampton	564	Sterling	1,414
Williamsburg	2,234	Templeton	2,789
Worthington	758	Westminster	1,652
		Winchendon	3,722
Worcester Co.			
Ashburnham	1,666	Total	156,594
Athol	4,307		

DISTRICT No. 11.

Berkshire Co.		*Berkshire Co.* — Con.	
Adams	5,593	Richmond	1,124
Alford	348	Sandisfield	1,107
Becket	1,123	Savoy	715
Cheshire	1,537	Sheffield	2,204
Clarksburg	724	Stockbridge	2,360
Dalton	2,052	Tyringham	542
Egremont	875	Washington	492
Florida	459	West Stockbridge	1,934
Great Barrington	4,658	Williamstown	3,395
Hancock	642	Windsor	644
Hinsdale	1,595		
Lanesborough	1,278		
Lee	3,939	*Hampden Co.*	
Lenox	2,043	Agawam	2,216
Monterey	635	Blandford	979
Mt. Washington	205	Brimfield	1,203
New Ashford	203	Chester	1,473
New Marlborough	1,876	Chicopee	11,325
North Adams	10,192	Granville	1,205
Otis	785	Hampden	958
Peru	403	Holland	302
Pittsfield	13,367	Longmeadow	1,401

DISTRICT No. 11 — *Concluded.*

Towns.	Population, 1880.	Towns.	Population, 1880.
Hampden Co.		*Hampden Co.* — Con.	
Ludlow	1,526	Tolland	452
Monson	3,758	Wales	1,030
Montgomery	303	Westfield	7,587
Palmer	5,504	West Springfield	4,149
Russell	823	Wilbraham	1,628
Southwick	1,104		
Springfield	33,340	Total	151,315

NOTE. — The population is according to the United States Census of 1880.

RECAPITULATION.

District No. 1	159,643
District No. 2	156,817
District No. 3	168,087
District No. 4	152,389
District No. 5	177,023
District No. 6	151,680
District No. 7	167,981
District No. 8	181,550
District No. 9	160,007
District No. 10	156,594
District No. 11	151,315
Total	1,783,086

COUNCIL DISTRICTS.

AS ESTABLISHED BY CHAPTER 222 OF THE ACTS OF 1876.

I.—The Cape, First and Second Plymouth, and the Second and Third Bristol Districts. Legal voters, 46,347.

Cape District.— Barnstable, Brewster, Chatham, Chilmark, Dennis, Eastham, Edgartown, Falmouth, Gay Head, Gosnold, Harwich, Mashpee, Nantucket, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Tisbury, Truro, Wellfleet, and Yarmouth.

First Plymouth District.— Carver, Duxbury, Halifax, Hanson, Kingston, Lakeville, Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester, Scituate, South Scituate, and Wareham.

Second Plymouth District. — Abington, Bridgewater, Brockton, Cohasset, East Bridgewater, Hingham, Hull, Hanover, Rockland, South Abington, and West Bridgewater.

Second Bristol District.— Berkley, Dighton, Fall River, Rehoboth, Somerset, and Swansea.

Third Bristol District. — Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Freetown, New Bedford, and Westport.

II.—The First Bristol, First and Second Norfolk, Eighth Suffolk, and the Second Worcester Districts. Legal voters, 44,798.

First Bristol District.— Attleborough, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, Raynham, Seekonk, and Taunton.

First Norfolk District. — Braintree, Canton, Holbrook, Milton, Quincy, Randolph, Stoughton, and Weymouth.

Second Norfolk District.— Bellingham, Brookline, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Hyde Park, Medfield, Medway, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Sharon, Walpole, Wellesley,* and Wrentham.

Eighth Suffolk District.— Wards Nos. 22, 23, 24, and 25, Boston.

* Wellesley was incorporated from a part of Needham, April 6, 1881.

Second Worcester District. — Blackstone, Boylston, Douglas, Grafton, Mendon, Milford, Northborough, Northbridge, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Upton, Uxbridge, and Westborough.

III. — The First and Second Suffolk, and the First, Second, and Third Middlesex Districts. Legal voters, 44,543.

First Suffolk District. — Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, and Wards Nos. 1 and 2, Boston.
Second Suffolk District. — Wards Nos. 3, 4, and 5, Boston.
First Middlesex District. — Everett, Malden, Medford, and Somerville.
Second Middlesex District. — Arlington, Belmont, Lexington, Newton, Waltham, and Watertown.
Third Middlesex District. — Cambridge.

IV. — The Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Suffolk Districts. Legal voters, 47,000.

Third Suffolk District. — Wards Nos. 6, 7, and 8, Boston.
Fourth Suffolk District. — Wards Nos. 9, 10, 11, and 12, Boston.
Fifth Suffolk District. — Wards Nos. 13, 14, and 15, Boston.
Sixth Suffolk District. — Wards Nos. 16, 17, and 18, Boston.
Seventh Suffolk District. — Wards Nos. 19, 20, and 21, Boston.

V. — The First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Essex Districts. Legal voters, 40,654.

First Essex District. — Lynn, Nahant, Saugus, and Swampscott.
Second Essex District. — Lynnfield, Marblehead, Peabody, and Salem.
Third Essex District. — Beverly, Essex, Gloucester, Hamilton, Manchester, Rockport, and Wenham.
Fourth Essex District. — Amesbury, Ipswich, Merrimac, Newbury, Newburyport, Rowley, Salisbury, and West Newbury.
Fifth Essex District. — Boxford, Bradford, Danvers, Georgetown, Groveland, Haverhill, Middleton, and Topsfield.

VI. — The Sixth Essex, and the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Middlesex Districts. Legal voters, 40,730.

Sixth Essex District. — Andover, Lawrence, Methuen, and North-Andover.
Fourth Middlesex District. — Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Marlborough, Natick, Sherborn, Wayland, and Weston.
Fifth Middlesex District. — Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Boxborough, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Groton, Hudson, Lincoln,

Littleton, Maynard, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Sudbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, and Westford.

Sixth Middlesex District. — Bedford, Billerica, Burlington, Melrose, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Tewksbury, Wakefield, Wilmington, Winchester, and Woburn.

Seventh Middlesex District. — Lowell.

VII. — The First, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Worcester, and the First Franklin Districts. Legal voters, 44,760.

First Worcester District. — Worcester.

Third Worcester District. — Auburn, Brookfield, Charlton, Dudley, Leicester, Millbury, Oxford, Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Sutton, Warren, Webster, and West Brookfield.

Fourth Worcester District. — Athol, Barre, Dana, Gardner, Hardwick, Holden, Hubbardston, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Oakham, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Rutland, Templeton, and Winchendon.

Fifth Worcester District. — Ashburnham, Berlin, Bolton, Clinton, Fitchburg, Harvard, Lancaster, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton, Sterling, West Boylston, and Westminster.

Franklin District. — Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, and Whately.

VIII. — The Hampshire, First and Second Hampden, and the North and South Berkshire Districts. Legal voters, 42,300.

Hampshire District. — Amherst, Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Enfield, Goshen, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Pelham, Plainfield, Prescott, South Hadley, Southampton, Ware, Westhampton, Williamsburg, and Worthington.

First Hampden District. — Brimfield, Hampden, Holland, Monson, Palmer, Springfield, Wales, and Wilbraham.

Second Hampden District. — Agawam, Blandford, Chester, Chicopee, Granville, Holyoke, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Russell, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield, and West Springfield.

North Berkshire District. — Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, New Ashford, North Adams, Peru, Pittsfield, Savoy, Williamstown, and Windsor.

South Berkshire District. — Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Richmond, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, and West Stockbridge.

SENATE DISTRICTS.

As Established by Chapter 190 of the Acts of 1876.

[Average ratio for the State, 8,776+.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY — *Eight Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 9,220+.]

First District. — Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, and Wards Nos. 1 and 2, Boston. Legal voters, 10,310.

Second District. — Wards Nos. 3, 4, and 5, Boston. Legal voters, 7,924.

Third District. — Wards Nos. 6, 7, and 8, Boston. Legal voters, 8,567.

Fourth District. — Wards Nos. 9, 10, 11, and 12, Boston. Legal voters, 11,757.

Fifth District. — Wards Nos. 13, 14, and 15, Boston. Legal voters, 8,629.

Sixth District. — Wards Nos. 16, 17, and 18, Boston. Legal voters, 9,035.

Seventh District. — Wards Nos. 19, 20, and 21, Boston. Legal voters, 9,012.

Eighth District. — Wards Nos. 22, 23, 24, and 25, Boston. Legal voters, 8,527.

ESSEX COUNTY — *Six Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 9,726.]

First District. — Lynn, Nahant, Saugus, and Swampscott. Legal voters, 9,067.

Second District. — Lynnfield, Marblehead, Peabody, and Salem. Legal voters, 9,103.

Third District. — Beverly, Essex, Gloucester, Hamilton, Manchester, Rockport, and Wenham. Legal voters, 7,594.

Fourth District. — Amesbury, Ipswich, Merrimac, Newbury, Newburyport, Rowley, Salisbury, and West Newbury. Legal voters, 7,489.

Fifth District. — Boxford, Bradford, Danvers, Georgetown, Groveland, Haverhill, Middleton, and Topsfield. Legal voters, 7,401.

Sixth District. — Andover, Lawrence, Methuen, and North Andover. Legal voters, 7,976.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — *Seven Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 8,434+.]

First District. — Everett, Malden, Medford, and Somerville. Legal voters, 9,103.

Second District. — Arlington, Belmont, Lexington, Newton, Waltham, and Watertown. Legal voters, 7,993.

Third District. — Cambridge. Legal voters, 9,213.

Fourth District. — Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Marlborough, Natick, Sherborn, Wayland, and Weston. Legal voters, 7,772.

Fifth District. — Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Boxborough, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Groton, Hudson, Lincoln, Littleton, Maynard, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Sudbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, and Westford. Legal voters, 7,384.

Sixth District. — Bedford, Billerica, Burlington, Melrose, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Tewksbury, Wakefield, Wilmington, Winchester, and Woburn. Legal voters, 8,537.

Seventh District. — Lowell. Legal voters, 9,061.

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Five Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 8,978+.]

First District. — Worcester. Legal voters, 10,853.

Second District. — Blackstone, Boylston, Douglas, Grafton, Mendon, Milford, Northborough, Northbridge, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Upton, Uxbridge, and Westborough. Legal voters, 8,647.

Third District. — Auburn, Brookfield, Charlton, Dudley, Leicester, Millbury, Oxford, Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Sutton, Warren, Webster, and West Brookfield. Legal voters, 8,349.

Fourth District. — Athol, Barre, Dana, Gardner, Hardwick, Holden, Hubbardston, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Oakham, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Rutland, Templeton, and Winchendon. Legal voters, 7,968.

Fifth District. — Ashburnham, Berlin, Bolton, Clinton, Fitchburg, Harvard, Lancaster, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton, Sterling, West Boylston, and Westminster. Legal voters, 9,074.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY — *One Senator.*

Hampshire District. — Amherst, Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Enfield, Goshen, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Pelham, Plainfield, Prescott, South Hadley, Southampton, Ware, Westhampton, Williamsburg, and Worthington. Legal voters, 9,253.

HAMPDEN COUNTY — *Two Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 9,456+.]

First District. — Brimfield, Hampden, Holland, Monson, Palmer, Springfield, Wales, and Wilbraham. Legal voters, 9,483.

Second District. — Agawam, Blandford, Chester, Chicopee, Granville, Holyoke, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Russell, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield, and West Springfield. Legal voters, 9,429.

FRANKLIN COUNTY — *One Senator.*

Franklin District. — Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, and Whately. Legal voters, 8,516.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — *Two Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 7,067+.]

North Berkshire District. — Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, New Ashford, North Adams, Peru, Pittsfield, Savoy, Williamstown, and Windsor. Legal voters, 8,330.

South Berkshire District. — Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Richmond, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, and West Stockbridge. Legal voters, 5,805.

NORFOLK COUNTY — *Two Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 9,357+.]

First District. — Braintree, Canton, Holbrook, Milton, Quincy, Randolph, Stoughton, and Weymouth. Legal voters, 9,355.

Second District. — Bellingham, Brookline, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Hyde Park, Medfield, Medway, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Sharon, Walpole, Wellesley,* and Wrentham. Legal voters, 9,360.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY — *Two Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 8,968.]

First District. — Carver, Duxbury, Halifax, Hanson, Kingston, Lakeville, Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester, Scituate, South Scituate, and Wareham. Legal voters, 8,950.

Second District. — Abington, Bridgewater, Brockton, Cohasset, East Bridgewater, Hingham, Hull, Hanover, Rockland, South Abington, and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 8,986.

* Wellesley was incorporated from a part of Needham, April 6, 1881.

BRISTOL COUNTY — *Three Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 8,958+.]

First District. — Attleborough, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, Raynham, Seekonk, and Taunton. Legal voters, 8,909.

Second District. — Berkley, Dighton, Fall River, Rehoboth, Somerset, and Swansea. Legal voters, 8,945.

Third District. — Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Freetown, New Bedford, and Westport. Legal voters, 9,022.

BARNSTABLE, DUKES, AND NANTUCKET COUNTIES — *One Senator.*

Cape District. — Barnstable, Brewster, Chatham, Chilmark, Dennis, Eastham, Edgartown, Falmouth, Gay Head, Gosnold, Harwich, Mashpee, Nantucket, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Tisbury, Truro, Wellfleet, and Yarmouth. Legal voters, 10,444.

REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS.

ESTABLISHED UNDER CHAPTER 15, ACTS OF 1876.

[Average ratio for the State, 1,462 + voters.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY — *Fifty Representatives.*

DISTRICT			
I.	Boston, 1st Ward.	Legal voters, 2,719.	Two representatives.
II.	Boston, 2d Ward.	Legal voters, 2,645.	Two representatives.
III.	Boston, 3d Ward.	Legal voters, 2,652.	Two representatives.
IV.	Boston, 4th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,612.	One representative.
V.	Boston, 5th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,660.	Two representatives.
VI.	Boston, 6th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,860.	Two representatives.
VII.	Boston, 7th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,799.	Two representatives.
VIII.	Boston, 8th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,908.	Two representatives.
IX.	Boston, 9th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,910.	Two representatives.
X.	Boston, 10th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,950.	Two representatives.
XI.	Boston, 11th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,936.	Two representatives.
XII.	Boston, 12th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,961.	Two representatives.
XIII.	Boston, 13th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,888.	Two representatives.
XIV.	Boston, 14th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,126.	Two representatives.
XV.	Boston, 15th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,615.	Two representatives.
XVI.	Boston, 16th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,958.	Two representatives.
XVII.	Boston, 17th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,077.	Two representatives.
XVIII.	Boston, 18th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,000.	Two representatives.
XIX.	Boston, 19th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,221.	Two representatives.
XX.	Boston, 20th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,913.	Two representatives.
XXI.	Boston, 21st Ward.	Legal voters, 2,878.	Two representatives.
XXII.	Boston, 22d Ward.	Legal voters, 1,601.	One representative.
XXIII.	Boston, 23d Ward.	Legal voters, 2,639.	Two representatives.
XXIV.	Boston, 24th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,872.	Two representatives.
XXV.	Boston, 25th Ward.	Legal voters, 1,415.	One representative.
XXVI.	Chelsea, Revere, and Winthrop.	Legal voters, 4,946.	Three representatives.

ESSEX COUNTY — *Thirty-three Representatives.*

DISTRICT

I. — Rockport and Gloucester, 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,596. One representative.

II. — Gloucester, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,611. Two representatives.

III. — Gloucester, 8th Ward, Essex, Manchester, and Hamilton. Legal voters, 1,388. One representative.

IV. — Wenham and Danvers. Legal voters, 1,441. One representative.

V. — Beverly. Legal voters, 1,748. One representative.

VI. — Salem, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,821. Two representatives.

VII. — Salem, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,477. Two representatives.

VIII. — Marblehead and Swampscott. Legal voters, 2,440. Two representatives.

IX. — Lynn, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,560. One representative.

X. — Lynn, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 7th Ward, and Nahant. Legal voters, 4,633. Three representatives.

XI. — Lynn, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,689. One representative.

XII. — Peabody. Legal voters, 1,720. One representative.

XIII. — Saugus, Lynnfield, Middleton, and Topsfield. Legal voters, 1,446. One representative.

XIV. — Andover and North Andover. Legal voters, 1,446. One representative.

XV. — Boxford, Rowley, and Ipswich. Legal voters, 1,519. One representative.

XVI. — Newbury, Newburyport, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,229. Two representatives.

XVII. — Georgetown, Groveland, and Bradford. Legal voters, 1,668. One representative.

XVIII. — West Newbury, Salisbury, Amesbury, and Merrimac. Legal voters, 2,962. Two representatives.

XIX. — Haverhill, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and Methuen. Legal voters, 4,633. Three representatives.

XX. — Lawrence, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,780. Two representatives.

XXI. — Lawrence, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,823. Two representatives.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — *Forty Representatives.*

DISTRICT

I. — Cambridge, 1st Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,704. Two representatives.

II. — Cambridge, 2d Ward and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 4,789. Three representatives.

III. — Cambridge, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,720. One representative.

IV. — Somerville, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,538. One representative.

V. — Somerville, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 1,396. One representative.

VI. — Somerville, 3d Ward and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 1,531. One representative.

VII. — Medford. Legal voters, 1,512. One representative.

VIII. — Malden and Everett. Legal voters, 3,126. Two representatives.

IX. — Melrose. Legal voters, 1,035. One representative.

X. — Stoneham. Legal voters, 1,281. One representative.

XI. — Wakefield. Legal voters, 1,218. One representative.

XII. — Reading, North Reading, and Wilmington. Legal voters, 1,319. One representative.

XIII. — Woburn. Legal voters, 1,958. One representative.

XIV. — Arlington and Winchester. Legal voters, 1,425. One representative.

XV. — Watertown and Belmont. Legal voters, 1,457. One representative.

XVI. — Newton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 3,278. Two representatives.

XVII. — Waltham. Legal voters, 1,897. One representative.

XVIII. — Lexington, Burlington, Bedford, and Billerica. Legal voters, 1,359. One representative.

XIX. — Tewksbury, Chelmsford, Tyngsborough, and Dracut. Legal voters, 1,258. One representative.

XX. — Lowell, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,617. One representative.

XXI. — Lowell, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 1,528. One representative.

XXII. — Lowell, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,484. One representative.

XXIII. — Lowell, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 1,554. One representative.

XXIV. — Lowell, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,377. One representative.

XXV. — Lowell, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,501. One representative.

XXVI. — Concord, Acton, Carlisle, and Lincoln. Legal voters, 1,407. One representative.

DISTRICT

XXVII. — Weston, Wayland, Sudbury, and Maynard. Legal voters, 1,396. One representative.

XXVIII. — Natick. Legal voters, 1,716. One representative.

XXIX. — Holliston and Sherborn. Legal voters, 1,105. One representative.

XXX. — Hopkinton and Ashland. Legal voters, 1,470. One representative.

XXXI. — Framingham. Legal voters, 1,054. One representative.

XXXII. — Marlborough. Legal voters, 1,645. One representative.

XXXIII. — Hudson, Stow, Boxborough, and Littleton. Legal voters 1,256. One representative.

XXXIV. — Westford, Groton, Dunstable, and Pepperell. Legal voters, 1,518. One representative.

XXXV. — Ayer, Shirley, Townsend, and Ashby. Legal voters, 1,614. One representative.

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Thirty-one Representatives.*

DISTRICT

I. — Blackstone and Uxbridge. Legal voters, 1,399. One representative.

II. — Mendon, Milford, and Upton. Legal voters, 2,870. Two representatives.

III. — Northbridge and Grafton. Legal voters, 1,513. One representative.

IV. — Westborough and Southborough. Legal voters, 1,545. One representative.

V. — Clinton, Berlin, Bolton, Sterling, Lancaster, Harvard, and Lunenburg. Legal voters, 3,098. Two representatives.

VI. — Fitchburg. Legal voters, 2,815. Two representatives.

VII. — Winchendon, Ashburnham, Gardner, Westminster, and Princeton. Legal voters, 3,030. Two representatives.

VIII. — Athol and Royalston. Legal voters, 1,405. One representative.

IX. — Petersham, Phillipston, Templeton, and Hubbardston. Legal voters, 1,547. One representative.

X. — Dana, Hardwick, Barre, Oakham, and New Braintree. Legal voters, 1,584. One representative.

XI. — Rutland, Holden, Paxton, and Leicester. Legal voters, 1,437. One representative.

XII. — West Brookfield, Warren, Brookfield, North Brookfield, and Sturbridge. Legal voters, 2,932. Two representatives.

XIII. — Spencer, Charlton, Southbridge, and Oxford. Legal voters, 2,908. Two representatives.

DISTRICT

XIV.—Douglas, Webster, and Dudley. Legal voters, 1,679. One representative.

XV.—Auburn, Millbury, and Sutton. Legal voters, 1,485. One representative.

XVI.—Shrewsbury, Northborough, Boylston, and West Boylston. Legal voters, 1,400. One representative.

XVII.—Leominster. Legal voters, 1,391. One representative.

XVIII.—Worcester, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,342. One representa tive.

XIX.—Worcester, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 1,315. One representative.

XX.—Worcester, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,359. One representative.

XXI.—Worcester, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 1,368. One representative.

XXII.—Worcester, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,374. One representative.

XXIII.—Worcester, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,396. One representative.

XXIV.—Worcester, 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,346. One representative.

XXV.—Worcester, 8th Ward. Legal voters, 1,353. One representative.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY — *Six Representatives.*

DISTRICT

I.—Easthampton, Northampton, and Southampton. Legal voters, 3,125. Two representatives.

II.—Hadley, Hatfield, Westhampton, and Williamsburg. Legal voters, 1,312. One representative.

III.—Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshen, Huntington, Middlefield, Plainfield, and Worthington. Legal voters, 1,326. One representative.

IV.—Amherst, Pelham, Prescott, and South Hadley. Legal voters, 1,706. One representative.

V.—Belchertown, Enfield, Granby, Greenwich, and Ware. Legal voters, 1,784. One representative.

HAMPDEN COUNTY — *Thirteen Representatives.*

DISTRICT

I.—Monson, Brimfield, Holland, and Wales. Legal voters, 1,349. One representative.

DISTRICT

II.—Hampden, Palmer, Wilbraham, and Ludlow. Legal voters, 1,639. One representative.

III.—Chicopee. Legal voters, 1,686. One representative.

IV.—Springfield, 1st Ward and 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,589. Two representatives.

V.—Springfield, 3d Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,481. One representative.

VI.—Springfield, 4th Ward, 7th Ward, and Longmeadow. Legal voters, 1,455. One representative.

VII.—Springfield, 5th Ward and 8th Ward. Legal voters, 1,568. One representative.

VIII.—Holyoke, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,592. One representative.

IX.—Holyoke, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, and West Springfield. Legal voters, 1,463. One representative.

X.—Westfield, Agawam, and Montgomery. Legal voters, 2,620. Two representatives.

XI.—Southwick, Granville, Tolland, Blandford, Chester, and Russell. Legal voters, 1,479. One representative.

FRANKLIN COUNTY—*Six Representatives.*

DISTRICT

I.—Erving, Warwick, Orange, and New Salem. Legal voters, 1,416. One representative.

II.—Montague, Sunderland, Leverett, Shutesbury, and Wendell. Legal voters, 1,467. One representative.

III.—Greenfield, Gill, and Shelburne. Legal voters, 1,417. One representative.

IV.—Deerfield, Conway, and Whately. Legal voters, 1,382. One representative.

V.—Northfield, Bernardston, Leyden, Colrain, and Heath. Legal voters, 1,368. One representative.

VI.—Ashfield, Buckland, Charlemont, Hawley, Rowe, and Monroe. Legal voters, 1,466. One representative.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY—*Ten Representatives.*

DISTRICT

I.—Hancock, Lanesborough, New Ashford, Williamstown, and Clarksburg. Legal voters, 1,346. One representative.

II.—Adams and North Adams. Legal voters, 2,820. Two representatives.

III.—Pittsfield and Dalton. Legal voters, 2,863. Two representatives.

DISTRICT

IV.—Florida, Savoy, Cheshire, Windsor, Washington, Peru, and Hinsdale. Legal voters, 1,423. One representative.

V.—Becket, Lee, Otis, and Tyringham. Legal voters, 1,446. One representative.

VI.—Richmond, Lenox, Stockbridge, and West Stockbridge. Legal voters, 1,477. One representative.

VII.—Alford, Egremont, Great Barrington, and Monterey. Legal voters, 1,457. One representative.

VIII.—Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Sandisfield, and Sheffield. Legal voters, 1,303. One representative.

NORFOLK COUNTY—*Thirteen Representatives.*

DISTRICT

I.—Dedham and Norwood. Legal voters, 1,514. One representative.

II.—Brookline. Legal voters, 1,247. One representative.

III.—Hyde Park. Legal voters, 1,237. One representative.

IV.—Milton and Canton. Legal voters, 1,312. One representative.

V.—Quincy and Weymouth. Legal voters, 4,400. Three representatives.

VI.—Braintree and Holbrook. Legal voters, 1,433. One representative.

VII.—Randolph, Stoughton, Sharon, and Walpole. Legal voters, 3,046. Two representatives.

VIII.—Franklin, Foxborough, Wrentham, Bellingham, and Medway. Legal voters, 2,972. Two representatives.

IX.—Needham, Dover, Medfield, Norfolk, and Wellesley.* Legal voters, 1,554. One representative.

BRISTOL COUNTY—*Eighteen Representatives.*

DISTRICT

I.—Attleborough, Norton, and Mansfield. Legal voters, 2,894. Two representatives.

II.—Easton and Raynham. Legal voters, 1,301. One representative.

III.—Taunton and Berkley. Legal voters, 4,628. Three representatives.

IV.—Acushnet, Fairhaven, and Freetown. Legal voters, 1,396. One representative.

V.—New Bedford, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,000. Two representatives.

* Wellesley was incorporated from a part of Needham, April 6, 1881.

District

VI.—New Bedford, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,004. Two representatives.

VII.—Westport and Dartmouth. Legal voters, 1,622. One representative.

VIII.—Fall River, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 4,670. Three representatives.

IX.—Fall River, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and Somerset. Legal voters, 2,788. Two representatives.

X.—Seekonk, Swansea, Rehoboth, and Dighton. Legal voters, 1,573. One representative.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY—*Twelve Representatives.*

District

I.—Hingham and Hull. Legal voters, 1,147. One representative.

II.—Cohasset, Scituate, and South Scituate. Legal voters, 1,610. One representative.

III.—Marshfield, Pembroke, Hanson, and Halifax. Legal voters, 1,443. One representative.

IV.—Duxbury, Kingston, Plympton, and Carver. Legal voters, 1,565. One representative.

V.—Plymouth. Legal voters, 1,656. One representative.

VI.—Wareham, Rochester, Marion, and Mattapoisett. Legal voters, 1,502. One representative.

VII.—Middleborough and Lakeville. Legal voters, 1,671. One representative.

VIII.—Bridgewater and East Bridgewater. Legal voters, 1,516. One representative.

IX.—Rockland and Hanover. Legal voters, 1,509. One representative.

X.—Brockton and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 2,804. Two representatives.

XI.—Abington and South Abington. Legal voters, 1,513. One representative.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY—*Six Representatives.*

District

I.—Sandwich and Falmouth. Legal voters, 1,519. One representative.

II.—Barnstable and Mashpee. Legal voters, 1,268. One representative.

III.—Yarmouth and Dennis. Legal voters, 1,502. One representative.

DISTRICT

IV. — Harwich and Chatham. Legal voters, 1,468. One representative.

V. — Brewster, Orleans, Eastham, and Wellfleet. Legal voters, 1,457. One representative.

VI. — Truro and Provincetown. Legal voters, 1,223. One representative.

DUKES COUNTY — *One Representative.*

DISTRICT

I. — Chilmark, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, and Tisbury. Legal voters, 1,117. One representative.

NANTUCKET COUNTY — *One Representative.*

DISTRICT

I. — Nantucket. Legal voters, 890. One representative.

A LIST

Of the Counties, Towns, and Cities in the Commonwealth, with the Census of Inhabitants in 1875[1] and 1880,[2] and of Legal Voters in 1875.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	Population.		Voters in 1875.
	1875.	1880.	
Barnstable.			
Barnstable	4,302	4,250	1,204
Brewster	1,219	1,144	307
Chatham	2,274	2,252	603
Dennis	3,369	3,290	921
Eastham	639	692	172
Falmouth	2,211	2,422	632
Harwich	3,355	3,265	865
Mashpee	278	347	64
Orleans	1,373	1,294	400
Provincetown	4,357	4,345	948
Sandwich	3,417	3,544	887
Truro	1,008	1,019	275
Wellfleet	1,988	1,908	578
Yarmouth	2,264	2,173	581
Totals	32,144	31,945	8,437
Berkshire.			
Adams *	15,760	5,593	2,820
Alford	389	348	106
Becket	1,329	1,123	280
Cheshire	1,693	1,537	401
Clarksburg	670	724	159
Dalton	1,759	2,052	342
Egremont	890	875	233
Florida	572	459	122
Great Barrington	4,385	4,658	944
Hancock	730	642	178
Hinsdale	1,571	1,595	317
Lanesborough	1,357	1,278	265
Lee	3,900	3,939	821
Lenox	1,845	2,043	409
Monterey	703	635	174
Mount Washington	182	205	46
New Ashford	160	203	42
New Marlborough	2,037	1,876	464
North Adams *	-	10,192	-

* North Adams incorporated from the town of Adams, April 16, 1878.

[1] State census. [2] United States census.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	Population.		Voters in 1875.
	1875.	1880.	
Berkshire — *Con.*			
Otis	855	785	212
Peru	443	403	97
Pittsfield	12,267	13,367	2,521
Richmond	1,141	1,124	193
Sandisfield	1,172	1,107	306
Savoy	730	715	199
Sheffield	2,233	2,204	487
Stockbridge	2,089	2,360	456
Tyringham	517	542	133
Washington	603	432	122
West Stockbridge	1,981	1,934	419
Williamstown	3,683	3,395	702
Windsor	624	644	165
Totals	68,270	69,049	14,135
Bristol.			
Acushnet	1,059	1,105	288
Attleborough	9,224	11,111	1,884
Berkley	781	927	227
Dartmouth	3,434	3,430	814
Dighton	1,755	1,791	416
Easton	3,898	3,902	873
Fairhaven	2,768	2,875	760
Fall River	45,340	49,006	7,024
Freetown	1,396	1,329	348
Mansfield	2,656	2,765	622
New Bedford	25,895	26,875	6,004
Norton	1,595	1,732	388
Raynham	1,687	1,681	428
Rehoboth	1,827	1,891	524
Seekonk	1,167	1,228	313
Somerset	1,940	2,006	434
Swansea	1,308	1,356	320
Taunton	20,445	21,213	4,401
Westport	2,912	2,898	808
Totals	131,087	139,121	26,876
Dukes.			
Chilmark	508	494	158
Cottage City *	–	679	–
Edgartown	1,707	1,301	466
Gay Head	216	161	58
Gosnold	115	154	31
Tisbury	1,525	1,516	404
Totals	4,071	4,305	1,117

* Incorporated from Edgartown, Feb. 17, 1880.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	Population.		Voters in 1875.
	1875.	1880.	
Essex.			
Amesbury	3,816	3,355	746
Andover	5,097	5,171	804
Beverly	7,271	8,445	1,748
Boxford	834	824	221
Bradford	2,347	2,643	546
Danvers	6,024	6,636	1,190
Essex	1,713	1,670	484
Georgetown	2,214	2,231	631
Gloucester	16,754	19,329	3,440
Groveland	2,084	2,227	491
Hamilton	797	935	213
Haverhill	14,628	18,475	3,706
Ipswich	3,674	3,699	917
Lawrence	34,916	39,178	5,693
Lynn	32,600	38,284	7,713
Lynnfield	769	686	186
Manchester	1,560	1,640	402
Marblehead	7,677	7,467	1,899
Merrimac*	2,171	2,237	612
Methuen	4,205	4,392	927
Middleton	1,092	1,000	260
Nahant	766	808	169
Newbury	1,426	1,566	402
Newburyport	13,323	13,537	2,827
North Andover	2,981	3,217	642
Peabody	8,066	9,028	1,720
Rockport	4,490	3,912	1,056
Rowley	1,162	1,201	381
Salem	25,955	27,598	5,298
Salisbury	4,078	4,079	1,093
Saugus	2,578	2,626	644
Swampscott	2,128	2,501	541
Topsfield	1,221	1,165	356
Wenham	911	889	251
West Newbury	2,021	1,989	511
Totals	223,349	244,640	48,630
Franklin.			
Ashfield	1,190	1,062	342
Bernardston	991	934	261
Buckland	1,921	1,739	430
Charlemont	1,029	932	306
Colrain	1,699	1,777	421
Conway	1,452	1,760	340
Deerfield	3,414	3,543	801
Erving	794	872	213

* Incorporated April 11, 1876.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	Population.		Voters in 1875.
	1875.	1880.	
Franklin — *Con.*			
Gill	673	733	189
Greenfield	3,540	3,903	835
Hawley	588	592	164
Heath	515	560	142
Leverett	831	742	249
Leyden	524	507	114
Monroe	190	166	49
Montague	3,380	4,876	707
New Salem	923	869	253
Northfield	1,641	1,603	430
Orange	2,497	3,171	722
Rowe	661	502	175
Shelburne	1,590	1,621	393
Shutesbury	558	529	157
Sunderland	860	755	201
Warwick	744	713	218
Wendell	503	465	153
Whately	958	1,074	241
Totals	33,696	36,000	8,516
Hampden.			
Agawam	2,248	2,216	432
Blandford	964	979	259
Brimfield	1,201	1,203	298
Chester	1,396	1,473	355
Chicopee	10,335	11,325	1,686
Granville	1,240	1,205	295
Hampden*	–	958	–
Holland	334	302	83
Holyoke	16,260	21,851	2,225
Longmeadow	1,467	1,401	335
Ludlow	1,222	1,526	254
Monson	3,733	3,758	714
Montgomery	304	303	82
Palmer	4,572	5,504	761
Russell	643	823	146
Southwick	1,114	1,104	306
Springfield	31,053	33,340	6,758
Tolland	452	452	118
Wales	1,020	1,030	254
Westfield	8,431	7,587	2,106
West Springfield	3,739	4,149	830
Wilbraham	2,576	1,628	615
Totals	94,304	104,117	18,912

* Incorporated from town of Wilbraham, Mar. 28, 1878.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	Population.		Voters in 1875.
	1875.	1880.	
Hampshire.			
Amherst	3,037	4,209	847
Belchertown	2,315	2,346	553
Chesterfield	746	769	208
Cummington	916	881	247
Easthampton	3,072	4,206	634
Enfield	1,065	1,043	273
Goshen	349	327	93
Granby	812	753	199
Greenwich	606	634	80
Hadley	2,125	1,938	423
Hatfield	1,690	1,495	294
Huntington	1,095	1,236	261
Middlefield	603	648	129
Northampton	11,108	12,172	2,231
Pelham	633	614	146
Plainfield	481	457	156
Prescott	493	460	144
South Hadley	3,370	3,538	569
Southampton	1,050	1,046	260
Ware	4,142	4,817	679
Westhampton	556	564	124
Williamsburg	2,029	2,234	466
Worthington	818	758	229
Totals	44,821	47,235	9,253
Middlesex.			
Acton	1,708	1,797	447
Arlington	3,906	4,100	794
Ashby	962	914	255
Ashland	2,211	2,394	522
Ayer	1,872	1,882	464
Bedford	960	931	224
Belmont	1,937	1,615	337
Billerica	1,881	2,090	419
Boxborough	318	319	87
Burlington	650	711	149
Cambridge	47,838	52,740	9,213
Carlisle	548	478	163
Chelmsford	2,372	2,553	528
Concord	2,676	3,922	624
Dracut	1,116	1,695	294
Dunstable	452	453	131

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	Population.		Voters in 1875.
	1875.	1880.	
Middlesex — *Con.*			
Everett	3,651	4,159	806
Framingham	5,167	6,235	1,054
Groton	1,903	1,862	414
Holliston	3,399	3,099	833
Hopkinton	4,503	4,602	948
Hudson	3,493	3,739	699
Lexington	2,505	2,460	567
Lincoln	834	882	173
Littleton	950	994	209
Lowell	49,688	59,485	9,061
Malden	10,843	12,017	2,320
Marlborough	8,424	10,126	1,645
Maynard	1,965	2,291	310
Medford	6,627	7,573	1,512
Melrose	3,990	4,560	1,035
Natick	7,419	8,480	1,716
Newton	16,105	16,995	3,278
North Reading	979	900	264
Peppercll	1,927	2,348	494
Reading	3,186	3,181	829
Sherborn	999	1,401	272
Shirley	1,352	1,365	325
Somerville	21,868	24,985	4,465
Stoneham	4,984	4,891	1,281
Stow	1,022	1,045	261
Sudbury	1,177	1,178	304
Tewksbury	1,997	2,171	283
Townsend	2,196	1,967	570
Tyngsborough	665	631	153
Wakefield	5,349	5,548	1,218
Waltham	9,967	11,711	1,897
Watertown	5,099	5,426	1,120
Wayland	1,766	1,962	447
Westford	1,933	2,147	479
Weston	1,282	1,448	335
Wilmington	879	933	226
Winchester	3,099	3,802	631
Woburn	9,568	10,938	1,953
Totals	284,112	317,951	59,043
Nantucket.			
Nantucket	3,201	3,726	890

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	Population.		Voters in 1875.
	1875.	1880.	
Norfolk.			
Bellingham	1,247	1,223	295
Braintree	4,156	3,855	1,005
Brookline	6,675	8,053	1,247
Canton	4,192	4,523	733
Cohasset	2,197	2,182	497
Dedham	5,756	6,224	1,115
Dover	650	653	148
Foxborough	3,168	2,951	695
Franklin	2,983	4,051	568
Holbrook	1,726	2,132	428
Hyde Park	6,316	7,090	1,237
Medfield	1,163	1,365	295
Medway	4,242	3,955	865
Milton	2,738	3,206	579
Needham	4,548	5,254	915
Norfolk	920	930	196
Norwood	1,749	2,345	399
Quincy	9,155	10,529	1,976
Randolph	4,064	4,027	1,059
Sharon	1,330	1,492	315
Stoughton	4,842	4,875	1,151
Walpole	2,290	2,494	521
Wellesley *	–	–	–
Weymouth	9,819	10,571	2,424
Wrentham	2,395	2,482	549
Totals	88,221	96,462	19,212
Plymouth.			
Abington	3,241	3,697	832
Bridgewater	3,969	3,620	785
Brockton	10,578	13,608	2,434
Carver	1,127	1,039	301
Duxbury	2,245	2,196	641
East Bridgewater	2,808	2,710	731
Halifax	568	542	169
Hanover	1,801	1,897	595
Hanson	1,265	1,309	351
Hingham	4,654	4,485	1,064
Hull	316	383	83
Kingston	1,569	1,524	414
Lakeville	1,061	1,008	295
Marion	862	958	232
Marshfield	1,817	1,785	516
Mattapoisett	1,361	1,365	389

* Wellesley was incorporated from a part of Needham, April 6, 1881.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	Population.		Voters in 1875.
	1875.	1880.	
PLYMOUTH — *Con.*			
Middleborough	5,023	5,237	1,376
Pembroke	1,399	1,405	407
Plymouth	6,370	7,094	1,656
Plympton	755	694	239
Rochester	1,001	1,043	286
Rockland	4,203	4,553	1,004
Scituate	2,463	2,466	611
South Scituate	1,818	1,820	502
South Abington	2,456	3,024	681
Wareham	2,874	2,897	505
West Bridgewater	1,758	1,665	370
Totals	69,362	74,024	17,439
SUFFOLK.			
Boston	341,919	362,535	68,815
Chelsea	20,737	21,785	4,480
Revere	1,603	2,263	308
Winthrop	627	1,043	158
Totals	364,886	387,626	73,761
WORCESTER.			
Ashburnham	2,141	1,666	513
Athol	4,134	4,307	1,073
Auburn	1,233	1,317	219
Barre	2,460	2,418	639
Berlin	987	977	259
Blackstone	4,640	4,908	799
Bolton	987	903	245
Boylston	895	854	201
Brookfield	2,660	2,820	645
Charlton	1,852	1,900	470
Clinton	6,781	8,030	1,151
Dana	760	736	223
Douglas	2,202	2,241	430
Dudley	2,653	2,804	336
Fitchburg	12,289	12,405	2,815
Gardner	3,750	4,988	881
Grafton	4,442	4,030	850
Hardwick	1,992	2,233	326
Harvard	1,204	1,253	362
Holden	2,180	2,499	467
Hubbardston	1,440	1,386	398

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	Population.		Voters in 1875.
	1875.	1880.	
WORCESTER — *Con.*			
Lancaster	1,957	2,008	396
Leicester	2,770	2,779	545
Leominster	5,201	5,776	1,391
Lunenburg	1,153	1,101	299
Meudon	1,176	1,094	259
Milford	9,818	9,310	2,128
Millbury	4,529	4,741	755
New Braintree	606	610	164
Northborough	1,398	1,676	317
Northbridge	4,030	4,053	663
North Brookfield	3,749	4,459	770
Oakham	873	869	222
Oxford	2,933	2,604	686
Paxton	600	592	159
Petersham	1,203	1,109	326
Phillipston	666	621	177
Princeton	1,063	1,100	279
Royalston	1,260	1,192	332
Rutland	1,030	1,060	266
Shrewsbury	1,524	1,500	372
Southborough	1,986	2,142	417
Southbridge	5,740	6,465	876
Spencer	5,451	7,466	876
Sterling	1,569	1,414	446
Sturbridge	2,213	2,062	467
Sutton	3,051	3,105	511
Templeton	2,764	2,789	646
Upton	2,125	2,023	483
Uxbridge	3,029	3,111	600
Warren	3,260	3,889	651
Webster	5,064	5,696	893
Westborough	5,141	5,214	1,128
West Boylston	2,905	2,994	510
West Brookfield	1,903	1,917	399
Westminster	1,712	1,652	468
Winchendon	3,762	3,722	889
Worcester	49,317	58,295	10,854
Totals	210,295	226,885	44,892

RECAPITULATION.

COUNTIES.	Number of Cities and Towns.	Population.		Voters in 1875.
		1875.	1880.	
Barnstable	14	32,144	31,945	8,437
Berkshire	32	68,270	69,049	14,135
Bristol	19	131,087	139,121	26,876
Dukes	6	4,071	4,305	1,117
Essex	35	223,349	244,640	48,630
Franklin	26	33,696	36,000	8,516
Hampden	22	94,304	104,117	18,912
Hampshire	23	44,821	47,235	9,253
Middlesex	54	284,112	317,951	59,043
Nantucket	1	3,201	3,726	890
Norfolk	25	88,321	96,462	19,212
Plymouth	27	69,362	74,024	17,439
Suffolk	4	364,886	387,626	73,761
Worcester	58	210,295	226,885	44,892
Totals	346	1,651,919	1,783,086	351,113

VALUATION OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

ESTABLISHED BY CHAPTER 189 OF THE ACTS OF 1876.*

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of $1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Barnstable	1,100	$2,863,099 00	$1 56
Brewster	279	748,160 00	41
Chatham	542	881,632 00	50
Dennis	702	1,646,437 00	92
Eastham	177	212,633 00	13
Falmouth	672	2,561,805 00	1 37
Harwich	858	1,103,508 00	65
Mashpee	73	97,502 00	06
Orleans	378	520,679 00	30
Provincetown	1,101	1,943,982 00	1 10
Sandwich	756	1,442,201 00	81
Truro	319	294,363 00	18
Wellfleet	516	960,940 00	54
Yarmouth	522	1,558,494 00	84
Total	8,085	$16,835,435 00	$9 37

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

Adams	2,937	$6,685,060 00	$3 69
Alford	111	292,863 00	16
Becket	363	472,518 00	28
Cheshire	436	1,117,018 00	61
Clarksburg	152	261,850 00	15
Dalton	324	1,371,426 00	73
Egremont	254	613,063 00	34
Florida	242	191,874 00	12
Great Barrington	1,113	3,541,601 00	1 91
Hancock	165	459,607 00	25
Hinsdale	468	858,134 00	48
Lanesborough	423	781,820 00	44
Lee	899	2,027,731 00	1 12

* This schedule constitutes the basis of apportionment for State and County taxes until the year 1885, unless hereafter changed by law.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of $1,000, includ. Polls at one tenth of mill each.
Lenox	475	$1,477,811 00	$0 80
Monterey	197	280,736 00	16
Mount Washington	77	78,989 00	05
New Ashford	48	94,201 09	05
New Marlborough	470	847,278 00	48
North Adams*	–	–	–
Otis	212	279,926 00	16
Peru	128	151,765 00	09
Pittsfield	2,841	9,402,059 00	5 06
Richmond	304	593,554 00	33
Sandisfield	306	432,851 00	25
Savoy	187	213,764 00	13
Sheffield	540	1,215,178 00	67
Stockbridge	520	2,933,760 00	1 57
Tyringham	137	265,444 00	15
Washington	161	248,026 00	14
West Stockbridge	513	881,894 00	50
Williamstown	741	1,894,873 00	1 04
Windsor	162	224,014 00	13
Total	15,906	$40,250,128 00	$22 04

* Incorporated from Adams, April 16, 1878.

BRISTOL COUNTY.

Acushnet	268	$623,980 00	$0 34
Attleborough	2,366	4,627,974 00	2 59
Berkley	207	316,967 00	18
Dartmouth	750	1,909,515 00	1 05
Dighton	433	846,659 00	47
Eastham	993	3,003,753 00	1 66
Fairhaven	714	1,608,404 00	89
Fall River	11,118	50,382,058 00	26 71
Freetown	316	770,047 00	42
Mansfield	671	1,187,158 00	67
New Bedford	5,930	27,523,048 00	14 58
Norton	432	875,257 00	49
Raynham	426	1,290,699 00	70
Rehoboth	450	820,551 00	46
Seekonk	262	641,638 00	35
Somerset	478	1,083,109 00	60
Swansea	307	702,963 00	39
Taunton	5,352	17,773,864 00	9 57
Westport	702	1,483,918 00	82
Total	32,175	$117,536,662 00	$62 94

DUKES COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of $1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Chilmark	166	$297,423 00	$0 17
Cottage City*	–	–	–
Edgartown	511	1,816,506 00	97
Gay Head	32	11,834 00	01
Gosnold	36	187,925 00	10
Tisbury	419	710,558 00	40
Total	1,164	$3,021,246 00	$1 65

* Incorporated from Edgartown, Feb. 17, 1880.

ESSEX COUNTY.

Amesbury	988	$1,802,007 00	$1 02
Andover	1,105	4,009,874 00	2 15
Beverly	2,202	8,931,663 00	4 76
Boxford	241	617,568 00	34
Bradford	567	1,423,243 00	78
Danvers	1,398	3,928,544 00	2 14
Essex	464	982,031 00	55
Georgetown	651	1,047,714 00	60
Gloucester	3,390	9,166,267 00	5 00
Groveland	540	874,444 00	50
Hamilton	200	543,936 00	30
Haverhill	4,226	10,984,538 00	6 00
Ipswich	880	2,211,187 00	1 21
Lawrence	7,728	23,329,454 00	12 63
Lynn	8,419	27,713,391 00	14 92
Lynnfield	200	841,885 00	45
Manchester	471	1,830,385 00	98
Marblehead	2,130	4,247,711 00	2 37
Merrimac	705	968,845 00	56
Methuen	1,038	2,429,809 00	1 34
Middleton	237	475,582 00	27
Nahant	169	8,119,833 00	4 14
Newbury	312	1,062,203 00	57
Newburyport	3,208	7,975,814 00	4 37
North Andover	796	2,278,826 00	1 24
Peabody	2,168	6,763,364 00	3 65
Rockport	1,097	2,184,509 00	1 22
Rowley	309	562,950 00	32
Salem	6,271	27,674,630 00	14 69
Salisbury	1,200	2,189,333 00	1 23
Saugus	632	1,888,960 00	1 02
Swampscott	612	2,695,681 00	1 43
Topsfield	307	783,413 00	43
Wenham	232	609,392 00	33
West Newbury	532	1,122,416 00	62
Total	55,625	$174,272,302 00	$94 13

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of $1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Ashfield	342	$544,556 00	$0 31
Bernardston	243	426,528 00	24
Buckland	461	593,489 00	35
Charlemont	260	356,808 00	21
Colrain	397	695,501 00	39
Conway	378	836,555 00	46
Deerfield	808	1,710,340 00	95
Erving	249	346,218 00	20
Gill	193	502,043 00	27
Greenfield	929	3,300,622 00	1 77
Hawley	159	157,354 00	10
Heath	149	191,401 00	11
Leverett	224	333,626 00	19
Leyden	111	228,748 00	13
Monroe	44	43,214 00	03
Montague	803	2,100,063 00	1 15
New Salem	262	325,395 00	19
Northfield	433	757,180 00	43
Orange	860	1,584,615 00	89
Rowe	147	174,826 00	10
Shelburne	380	973,093 00	53
Shutesbury	144	166,806 00	10
Sunderland	217	482,846 00	27
Warwick	224	298,435 00	17
Wendell	133	171,910 00	10
Whately	283	820,401 00	44
Total	8,833	$18,122,573 00	$10 08

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

Agawam	595	$1,277,089 00	$0 71
Blandford	253	407,798 00	23
Brimfield	302	593,247 00	33
Chester	374	533,469 00	31
Chicopee	2,522	5,861,559 00	3 23
Granville	322	404,157 00	24
Hampden *	–	–	–
Holland	80	122,299 00	07
Holyoke	3,559	10,631,605 00	5 76
Longmeadow	402	1,417,694 00	76
Ludlow	307	548,863 00	31
Monson	755	1,441,257 00	81
Montgomery	84	141,298 00	08
Palmer	1,006	1,854,962 00	1 04
Russell	163	430,520 00	23
Southwick	300	635,669 00	35

* Incorporated from Wilbraham, March 28, 1878.

HAMPDEN COUNTY — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of $1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Springfield	8,160	$41,742,118 00	$22 03
Tolland	128	236,400 00	13
Wales	276	429,799 00	25
Westfield	2,439	7,337,548 00	3 97
West Springfield	970	3,081,937 00	1 66
Wilbraham	591	964,845 00	55
Total	23,588	$80,094,133 00	$43 05

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

Amherst	937	$2,588,314 00	$1 41
Belchertown	573	1,069,399 00	60
Chesterfield	207	320,022 00	18
Cummington	261	423,422 00	24
Easthampton	793	2,623,493 00	1 41
Enfield	304	772,795 00	42
Goshen	95	124,888 00	07
Granby	219	518,965 00	29
Greenwich	186	307,347 00	17
Hadley	582	1,473,127 00	81
Hatfield	409	1,323,563 00	71
Huntington	250	519,007 00	29
Middlefield	158	386,722 00	21
Northampton	2,423	7,857,455 00	4 23
Pelham	157	160,807 00	10
Plainfield	158	216,125 00	13
Prescott	132	195,335 00	11
South Hadley	713	1,921,344 00	1 05
Southampton	274	497,224 00	28
Ware	950	1,926,153 00	1 07
Westhampton	116	294,347 00	16
Williamsburg	565	1,378,175 00	76
Worthington	220	342,834 00	20
Total	10,682	$27,245,863 00	$14 90

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

Acton	472	$1,325,424 00	$0 72
Arlington	1,009	6,377,689 00	3 34
Ashby	280	545,364 00	30
Ashland	669	1,468,016 00	81
Ayer	537	1,092,883 00	61

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of $1,000, includ. l'olls at one-tenth of mill each.
Bedford	253	$760,901 00	$0 41
Belmont	535	4.305,961 00	2 24
Billerica	490	1,771,662 00	95
Boxborough	86	271,701 00	15
Burlington	195	530,794 00	29
Cambridge	11,983	66,081,126 00	34 77
Carlisle	164	381,350 00	21
Chelmsford	642	1,504,912 00	83
Concord	713	3,157,531 00	1 68
Dracut	335	1,045,853 00	56
Dunstable	138	340,832 00	19
Everett	927	4,380,269 00	2 32
Framingham	1,448	4,845,835 00	2 61
Groton	467	2,306,032 00	1 22
Holliston	932	1,863,695 00	1 04
Hopkinton	1,056	2,319,537 00	1 28
Hudson	953	1,687,492 00	95
Lexington	731	3,067,692 00	1 63
Lincoln	235	881,382 00	47
Littleton	245	775,066 00	42
Lowell	11,336	39,300,500 00	21 10
Malden	2,570	9,731,455 00	5 20
Marlborough	2,082	3,285,860 00	1 88
Maynard	518	1,336,342 00	73
Medford	1,785	9,736,661 00	5 13
Melrose	1,039	4,473,067 00	2 38
Natick	1,864	3,708,110 00	2 07
Newton	3,917	30,867,560 00	16 08
North Reading	265	449,198 00	25
Pepperell	551	1,457,142 00	80
Reading	882	2,377,630 00	1 30
Sherborn	281	927,158 00	50
Shirley	318	975,348 00	53
Somerville	5,341	29,334,350 00	15 44
Stoneham	1,350	3,139,181 00	1 72
Stow	274	714,050 00	39
Sudbury	337	1,043,080 00	56
Tewksbury	286	929,408 00	50
Townsend	613	776,758 00	46
Tyngsborough	161	309,502 00	17
Wakefield	1,484	4,706,256 00	2 54
Waltham	2,552	10.257,698 00	5 47
Watertown	1,285	8,170,369 00	4 28
Wayland	452	1,131,363 00	62
Westford	517	1,115,083 00	62
Weston	345	1,737,649 00	92
Wilmington	255	542,091 00	30
Winchester	849	4,781,527 00	2 51
Woburn	2,924	8,767,630 00	4 75
Total	71,928	$299,160,880 00	$159 20

NANTUCKET COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of $1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Nantucket	837	$2,446,936 00	$1 33

NORFOLK COUNTY.

Bellingham	329	$531,926 00	$0 30
Braintree	1,077	2,733,625 00	1 50
Brookline	1,728	30,760,194 00	15 81
Canton	958	3,242,254 00	1 74
Cohasset	563	2,411,466 00	1 28
Dedham	1,542	6,250,090 00	3 33
Dover	170	444,801 00	24
Foxborough	781	1,761,058 00	97
Franklin	717	1,486,788 00	83
Holbrook	496	1,598,675 00	86
Hyde Park	1,609	6,545,203 00	3 49
Medfield	310	1,043,036 00	56
Medway	974	1,825,077 00	1 02
Milton	731	8,275,712 00	4 28
Needham	1,166	4,576,394 00	2 44
Norfolk	330	539,881 00	31
Norwood	503	1,759,652 00	94
Quincy	2,414	7,203,329 00	3 90
Randolph	1,169	2,471,764 00	1 37
Sharon	384	966,313 00	53
Stoughton	1,264	2,487,872 00	1 39
Walpole	556	1,533,404 00	83
Wellesley *	-	-	-
Weymouth	2,729	6,119,045 00	3 38
Wrentham	580	1,160,069 00	65
Total	23,080	$97,736,628 00	$51 95

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

Abington	1,018	$1,657,879 00	$0 94
Bridgewater	989	2,620,298 00	1 43
Brockton	2,894	5,590,721 00	3 13
Carver	265	597,290 00	33
Duxbury	680	1,340,538 00	75
East Bridgewater	787	1,367,826 00	77
Halifax	169	291,943 00	17
Hanover	469	985,625 00	55
Hanson	363	572,791 00	33

* Incorporated from a part of Needham, April 6, 1881.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of $1,000, includ. Polls, at one-tenth of mill each.
Hingham	1,234	$3,590,222 00	$1 95
Hull	78	617,251 00	32
Kingston	452	1,748,679 00	93
Lakeville	305	572,735 00	32
Marion	232	489,064 00	27
Marshfield	502	978,188 00	55
Mattapoisett	343	1,266,062 00	68
Middleborough	1,388	2,556,523 00	1 44
Pembroke	398	714,449 00	40
Plymouth	1,633	4,565,865 00	2 48
Plympton	197	310,817 00	18
Rochester	289	493,931 00	28
Rockland	1,152	2,030,697 00	1 15
Scituate	654	1,461,254 00	81
South Abington	686	1,393,904 00	78
South Scituate	475	1,129,694 00	62
Wareham	761	1,124,248 00	65
West Bridgewater	461	923,115 00	52
Total	18,874	$40,991,609 00	$22 73

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Boston	84,684	$795,638,935 00	$412 74
Chelsea	5,374	18,270,619 00	9 82
Revere	404	1,971,955 00	1 04
Winthrop	167	1,074,126 00	56
Total	90,629	$816,955,635 00	$424 16

WORCESTER COUNTY.

Ashburnham	650	$1,112,682 00	$0 63
Athol	1,179	2,855,548 00	1 57
Auburn	284	590,426 00	33
Barre	698	1,956,812 00	1 06
Berlin	283	489,691 00	28
Blackstone	1,049	2,143,923 00	1 19
Bolton	283	556,372 00	31
Boylston	214	581,669 00	32
Brookfield	745	1,411,318 00	79
Charlton	501	1,003,629 00	56
Clinton	1,591	4,548,192 00	2 47
Dana	206	290,184 00	17

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of $1,000, includ. Polls, at one-tenth of mill each.
Douglas	607	$922,375 00	$0 53
Dudley	619	1,039,645 00	59
Fitchburg	3,733	13,217,220 00	7 09
Gardner	1,135	2,103,023 00	1 18
Grafton	1,000	1,950,459 00	1 09
Hardwick	501	1,093,452 00	61
Harvard	348	1,131,722 00	61
Holden	520	982,204 00	55
Hubbardston	420	883,049 00	49
Lancaster	423	2,412,592 00	1 27
Leicester	713	2,104,297 00	1 19
Leominster	1,473	3,941,878 00	2 15
Lunenburg	307	785,049 00	43
Mendon	316	659,572 00	37
Milford	2,700	5,107,290 00	2 86
Millbury	1,050	2,680,798 00	1 47
New Braintree	154	501,115 00	27
Northborough	385	1,321,153 00	71
Northbridge	900	2,282,544 00	1 25
North Brookfield	1,048	1,848,489 00	1 04
Oakham	230	347,879 00	20
Oxford	800	1,529,756 00	86
Paxton	174	321,911 00	18
Petersham	290	713,469 00	39
Phillipston	189	317,555 00	18
Princeton	314	932,909 00	51
Royalston	345	760,525 00	42
Rutland	254	460,895 00	26
Shrewsbury	426	1,157,279 00	63
Southborough	545	1,401,967 00	77
Southbridge	1,235	3,210,879 00	1 75
Spencer	1,262	2,786,234 00	1 54
Sterling	439	1,166,371 00	64
Sturbridge	575	1,140,047 00	64
Sutton	688	1,469,105 00	82
Templeton	755	1,314,781 00	74
Upton	503	859,936 00	49
Uxbridge	686	1,872,954 00	1 02
Warren	796	1,557,419 00	87
Webster	1,359	2,486,999 00	1 40
Westborough	1,049	2,448,983 00	1 35
West Boylston	665	1,161,436 00	66
West Brookfield	442	848,347 00	48
Westminster	443	874,917 00	49
Winchendon	1,041	2,245,237 00	1 24
Worcester	13,341	53,488,687 00	28 51
Total	54,881	$151,474,149 00	$82 47

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT IN 1880.

(By Counties.)

Note.—The vote for the first candidate for elector-at-large on each ticket is given. A summary at the end of the tables gives the aggregate vote for all the chief candidates for electors-at-large.

County of Barnstable.

Towns.	Garfield.	Hancock.	Weaver.	Dow.	Scattering.
Barnstable	483	225	-	-	-
Brewster	94	19	-	-	-
Chatham	175	98	-	7	-
Dennis	287	48	-	2	-
Eastham	92	22	-	-	-
Falmouth	349	54	6	1	-
Harwich	301	114	-	9	-
Mashpee*	-	-	-	-	-
Orleans	163	36	-	-	-
Provincetown	475	89	-	7	-
Sandwich	437	166	-	-	-
Truro	122	6	-	-	-
Wellfleet	207	38	-	6	-
Yarmouth	288	41	-	-	-
Totals	3,473	956	6	32	-

County of Berkshire.

Adams	372	261	1	1	-
Alford	30	60	-	1	-
Becket	111	101	-	2	-
Cheshire	128	149	-	-	-
Clarksburg	64	22	-	2	-
Dalton	159	159	-	3	-
Egremont	121	93	-	-	-
Florida	78	8	-	-	-
Great Barrington	485	330	-	-	-
Hancock	78	41	-	-	-
Hinsdale	149	120	-	1	-
Lanesborough	137	89	-	-	-
Lee	434	303	-	4	-

* Number of votes not returned.

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Garfield.	Hancock.	Weaver.	Dow.	Scattering.
Lenox	130	193	–	–	–
Monterey	82	59	–	–	–
Mt. Washington	29	10	–	–	–
New Ashford	14	26	–	–	–
New Marlborough	162	192	–	–	–
North Adams	982	356	2	12	–
Otis	67	97	–	–	–
Peru	72	25	–	–	–
Pittsfield	1,102	1,210	2	11	–
Richmond	70	94	–	–	–
Sandisfield	101	96	–	–	–
Savoy	80	48	–	–	–
Sheffield	202	165	–	–	2
Stockbridge	257	214	–	–	–
Tyringham	66	58	–	–	–
Washington	46	44	–	–	–
West Stockbridge	156	164	–	–	–
Williamstown	335	195	–	–	–
Windsor	87	51	–	–	–
Totals	6,386	5,033	5	37	2

COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

Acushnet	143	28	–	1	–
Attleborough	1,112	414	6	–	–
Berkley	186	16	–	–	–
Dartmouth	381	49	–	11	–
Dighton	237	57	–	–	–
Easton	297	231	–	3	–
Fairhaven	405	126	–	8	–
Fall River	3,325	2,299	149	–	–
Freetown	181	41	–	2	–
Mansfield	313	100	9	13	–
New Bedford	2,977	1,270	–	31	19
Norton	203	70	–	–	–
Raynham	236	54	1	–	–
Rehoboth	248	70	–	1	–
Seekonk	133	77	–	–	–
Somerset	288	74	–	–	–
Swansea	191	50	–	–	–
Taunton	2,198	1,138	50	9	–
Westport	364	12	–	10	–
Totals	13,418	6,176	215	89	19

COUNTIES OF DUKES AND NANTUCKET.

Towns.	Garfield.	Hancock.	Weaver.	Dow.	Scattering.
Chilmark	70	40	–	–	–
Cottage City	87	31	–	1	–
Edgartown	201	52	–	1	–
Gay Head *	–	–	–	–	–
Gosnold	1	–	–	–	–
Tisbury	199	51	–	–	–
Totals	576	174	–	2	–
Nantucket	395	108	–	–	–

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

Amesbury	326	218	7	6	–
Andover	585	178	4	–	–
Beverly	856	500	28	14	–
Boxford	112	58	–	–	–
Bradford	259	246	11	–	–
Danvers	637	295	227	2	–
Essex	195	119	59	–	–
Georgetown	301	208	18	–	–
Gloucester	1,384	1,138	62	–	–
Groveland	246	203	14	–	–
Hamilton	107	63	3	–	–
Haverhill	1,907	1,256	144	2	–
Ipswich	438	238	34	–	–
Lawrence	2,627	2,546	106	–	–
Lynn	3,429	2,789	422	22	–
Lynnfield	94	37	–	2	–
Manchester	181	113	14	8	–
Marblehead	620	866	179	–	–
Merrimac	293	144	43	10	–
Methuen	487	285	3	–	–
Middleton	122	58	21	–	–
Nahant	56	67	1	3	–
Newbury	218	90	5	–	–
Newburyport	1,192	1,088	49	1	–
North Andover	307	259	5	–	–
Peabody	922	615	108	5	–
Rockport	420	251	72	14	–
Rowley	170	107	4	–	–

* No names returned.

COUNTY OF ESSEX — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Garfield.	Hancock.	Weaver.	Dow.	Scattering.
Salem	2,425	1,615	55	2	1
Salisbury	534	261	12	3	–
Saugus	279	158	23	4	–
Swampscott	268	104	15	1	–
Topsfield	143	60	16	–	–
Wenham	111	61	24	–	–
West Newbury	293	134	20	1	–
Totals	22,544	16,428	1,808	100	1

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

Ashfield	178	41	–	–	–
Bernardston	124	45	–	–	–
Buckland	138	137	2	–	–
Charlemont	179	23	–	–	–
Colrain	232	60	7	–	–
Conway	184	92	–	–	–
Deerfield	289	181	14	–	6
Erving	67	69	13	–	–
Gill	101	37	–	–	–
Greenfield	424	384	11	–	–
Hawley	91	11	–	–	–
Heath	91	19	–	–	–
Leverett	87	40	27	–	–
Leyden	58	40	–	–	–
Monroe	28	8	–	–	–
Montague	280	240	3	–	–
New Salem	148	26	–	–	–
Northfield	167	154	7	–	–
Orange	428	148	24	–	–
Rowe	99	12	–	–	–
Shelburne	255	49	4	–	–
Shutesbury	–	31	–	–	–
Sunderland	137	25	3	–	–
Warwick	97	63	–	–	–
Wendell	51	38	–	–	–
Whately	89	124	7	–	–
Totals	4,022	2,097	122	–	6

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

Towns.	Garfield.	Hancock.	Weaver.	Dow.	Scattering.
Agawam	152	156	2	–	–
Blandford	129	89	–	–	–
Brimfield	137	63	–	–	–
Chester	149	117	–	–	–
Chicopee	600	633	11	–	–
Granville	134	109	–	–	–
Hampden	92	72	–	1	–
Holland	44	13	–	–	–
Holyoke	1,006	1,066	13	5	11
Longmeadow	170	71	–	1	–
Ludlow	168	46	–	–	–
Monson	353	183	1	4	1
Montgomery	49	23	–	–	–
Palmer	428	272	–	1	–
Russell	62	72	–	–	–
Southwick	125	117	–	–	–
Springfield	3,410	1,941	80	11	–
Tolland	45	41	–	–	–
Wales	122	38	5	–	–
Westfield	765	853	12	7	–
West Springfield	329	170	–	4	–
Wilbraham	204	50	–	–	–
Totals	8,673	6,195	124	34	12

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

Amherst	565	166	11	–	–
Belchertown	247	97	30	–	–
Chesterfield	118	39	3	–	–
Cummington	161	48	8	–	–
Easthampton	395	208	5	–	–
Enfield	144	48	1	–	1
Goshen	57	5	–	–	–
Granby	123	31	–	–	–
Greenwich	81	32	–	–	–
Hadley	214	46	4	–	–
Hatfield	150	71	1	–	–
Huntington	136	88	1	–	–
Middlefield	78	18	–	–	–
Northampton	957	551	39	1	–
Pelham	83	39	–	–	–
Plainfield	101	12	–	–	–

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Garfield.	Hancock.	Weaver.	Dow.	Scattering.
Prescott	58	19	–	–	–
South Hadley	323	139	–	–	–
Southampton	172	23	3	3	3
Ware	405	211	6	1	–
Westhampton	85	18	–	–	–
Williamsburg	223	173	–	–	–
Worthington	149	29	–	–	–
Totals	5,025	2,111	112	5	4

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Acton	254	162	7	–	–
Arlington	415	293	–	–	–
Ashby	174	50	–	–	–
Ashland	255	115	–	–	–
Ayer	192	209	–	–	–
Bedford	126	55	2	–	–
Belmont	189	129	1	1	–
Billerica	289	17	3	–	–
Boxborough	35	43	1	–	–
Burlington	61	62	3	–	–
Cambridge	4,227	3,293	42	5	–
Carlisle	80	37	–	–	–
Chelmsford	273	140	3	–	–
Concord	384	124	1	–	–
Dracut	154	92	–	–	–
Dunstable	49	65	–	–	–
Everett	513	222	2	–	–
Framingham	640	460	2	6	–
Groton	274	59	1	–	–
Holliston	368	313	8	14	–
Hopkinton	417	463	–	–	–
Hudson	329	225	72	1	1
Lexington	278	155	–	–	–
Lincoln	116	20	–	–	–
Littleton	161	40	–	–	–
Lowell	4,513	3,917	20	23	16
Malden	1,360	719	44	–	–
Marlborough	769	681	90	11	–
Maynard	190	140	–	–	–
Medford	868	403	1	1	–
Melrose	573	250	8	–	–
Natick	757	855	90	27	–

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Garfield.	Hancock.	Weaver.	Dow.	Scattering.
Newton	1,985	715	8	3	–
North Reading	106	38	4	–	–
Pepperell	273	153	–	–	–
Reading	412	88	112	4	4
Sherborn	130	49	–	1	–
Shirley	157	43	–	–	–
Somerville	2,248	1,169	10	–	–
Stoneham	556	303	150	3	–
Stow	135	39	6	–	–
Sudbury	162	92	–	–	–
Tewksbury	181	55	–	3	–
Townsend	283	146	–	–	–
Tyngsborough	84	33	–	–	–
Wakefield	625	333	41	–	–
Waltham	1,117	731	23	1	–
Watertown	511	375	–	6	–
Wayland	211	104	67	–	–
Westford	215	165	1	–	–
Weston	185	32	–	–	1
Wilmington	112	47	17	–	–
Winchester	402	194	–	3	–
Woburn	966	1,087	30	8	–
Totals	30,339	19,799	870	121	22

COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

Bellingham	137	79	–	–	–
Braintree	440	356	27	4	–
Brookline	779	395	–	–	10
Canton	343	389	–	–	–
Cohasset	229	95	–	7	–
Dedham	630	492	26	1	2
Dover	74	39	–	–	–
Foxborough	404	117	2	–	–
Franklin	377	199	–	3	–
Holbrook	313	161	1	–	–
Hyde Park	695	299	15	–	–
Medfield	182	68	2	1	–
Medway	438	317	5	8	–
Milton	365	158	3	–	–
Needham	539	216	4	–	8
Norfolk	85	32	–	–	–

COUNTY OF NORFOLK — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Garfield.	Hancock.	Weaver.	Dow.	Scattering.
Norwood	265	160	12	1	–
Quincy	986	887	6	–	–
Randolph	313	527	19	2	–
Sharon	149	102	9	–	–
Stoughton	549	495	13	8	–
Walpole	262	171	–	4	–
Weymouth	1,152	653	39	23	–
Wrentham	313	105	–	–	–
Totals	10,019	6,512	183	62	20

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

Abington	446	296	37	–	–
Bridgewater	366	280	–	–	–
Brockton	1,590	948	29	17	–
Carver	93	115	20	–	–
Duxbury	256	142	–	–	–
East Bridgewater	353	221	–	2	–
Halifax	87	35	–	–	–
Hanover	240	88	15	–	–
Hanson	126	53	9	1	–
Hingham	581	186	–	–	–
Hull	33	25	–	–	–
Kingston	220	122	1	–	–
Lakeville	139	37	5	–	–
Marion	128	71	–	1	–
Marshfield	249	67	–	–	–
Mattapoisett	236	19	–	–	–
Middleborough	695	304	46	–	–
Pembroke	166	78	–	–	–
Plymouth	902	335	31	2	–
Plympton	67	74	2	–	–
Rochester	130	26	8	–	–
Rockland	495	356	75	1	–
Scituate	265	113	9	4	–
South Abington	392	255	30	–	–
South Scituate	241	109	2	4	–
Wareham	260	194	4	–	–
West Bridgewater	186	111	–	–	–
Totals	8,942	4,660	323	32	–

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

TOWNS.	Garfield.	Hancock.	Weaver.	Dow.	Scattering.
Boston	25,550	27,421	293	55	17
Chelsea	2,456	1,246	13	11	-
Revere	223	141	6	-	-
Winthrop	117	54	1	-	-
Totals	28,346	28,862	313	66	17

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

Ashburnham	229	65	3	3	-
Athol	517	288	9	-	-
Auburn	102	32	-	1	-
Barre	311	103	-	-	-
Berlin	143	15	10	3	-
Blackstone	286	447	2	-	-
Bolton	125	31	3	4	-
Boylston	119	16	-	-	-
Brookfield	295	196	-	-	-
Charlton	273	83	-	-	-
Clinton	682	513	1	7	-
Dana	85	28	1	-	-
Douglas	172	234	-	-	-
Dudley	145	230	3	-	-
Fitchburg	1,398	803	44	1	-
Gardner	534	403	2	8	-
Grafton	375	115	9	-	-
Hardwick	207	73	-	-	-
Harvard	149	74	-	-	-
Holden	231	70	-	-	-
Hubbardston	156	71	-	-	-
Lancaster	260	81	3	-	-
Leicester	304	139	-	-	-
Leominster	931	264	7	-	-
Lunenburg	155	46	21	-	-
Mendon	139	62	-	3	-
Milford	881	617	61	12	-
Millbury	376	245	4	-	-
New Braintree	71	28	-	-	-
Northborough	200	67	16	-	-
Northbridge	364	200	4	4	-
North Brookfield	431	260	8	1	-
Oakham	104	32	-	-	-
Oxford	261	183	-	12	-

COUNTY OF WORCESTER — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Garfield.	Hancock.	Weaver.	Dow.	Scattering.
Paxton	102	38	–	2	–
Petersham	151	63	–	–	–
Phillipston	113	17	–	–	–
Princeton	142	30	–	1	–
Royalston	216	45	2	–	–
Rutland	108	52	–	–	–
Shrewsbury	216	57	–	–	–
Southborough	192	71	–	4	–
Southbridge	438	362	–	2	–
Spencer	611	277	6	–	2
Sterling	238	46	–	–	–
Sturbridge	207	116	–	–	–
Sutton	226	194	2	2	2
Templeton	353	148	7	–	–
Upton	247	114	1	–	–
Uxbridge	335	196	12	1	–
Warren	356	209	–	–	–
Webster	410	383	25	2	–
Westborough	546	230	–	11	–
West Boylston	290	51	15	–	2
West Brookfield	212	153	2	–	–
Westminster	288	61	–	–	–
Winchendon	485	124	4	–	–
Worcester	5,547	3,698	182	18	8
Totals	23,040	12,849	467	102	14

Aggregate of Votes for Presidential Electors-at-large for 1880.

COUNTIES.	GARFIELD.		HANCOCK.		WEAVER.		DOW.		
	Paul A. Chadbourne.	John M. Forbes.	Josiah G. Abbott.	Jonas H. French.	Eugene J. Flaherty.	Herbert B. Rowley.	A. A. Miner.	John Blackmer.	All others.
Suffolk .	28,346	28,344	28,862	28,861	313	314	66	66	17
Essex .	22,544	22,550	16,428	16,307	1,808	1,819	100	100	1
Middlesex .	30,339	30,339	19,799	19,801	870	871	121	120	22
Worcester .	23,040	23,042	12,849	12,852	467	441	102	102	14
Hampshire,	5,025	5,025	2,111	2,042	112	108	5	5	4
Hampden .	8,673	8,673	6,195	6,194	124	113	34	32	12
Franklin .	4,022	4,023	2,057	2,098	122	122	-	-	6
Berkshire .	6,386	6,387	5,033	5,034	5	5	37	37	2
Norfolk .	10,019	10,018	6,512	6,498	183	181	62	62	20
Plymouth .	8,942	8,942	4,660	4,659	323	323	32	32	-
Bristol .	13,418	13,418	6,176	6,136	215	215	89	88	19
Barnstable .	3,473	3,473	956	956	6	6	32	32	-
Dukes .	576	576	174	174	-	-	2	2	-
Nantucket .	395	395	108	108	-	-	-	-	-
Totals .	165,198	165,205	111,960	111,720	4,548	4,518	682	678	117

CITIES AND TOWNS ALPHABETICALLY,

WITH THE

CONGRESSIONAL, COUNCILLOR, SENATORIAL, AND REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT OF EACH.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Congressional.	Councillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Abington	2	1	2d Plymouth	11th Plymouth.
Acton	7	6	5th Middlesex	26th Middlesex.
Acushnet	1	1	3d Bristol	4th Bristol.
Adams	11	8	N. Berkshire	2d Berkshire.
Agawam	11	8	2d Hampden	10th Hampden.
Alford	11	8	S. Berkshire	7th Berkshire.
Amesbury	6	5	4th Essex	18th Essex.
Amherst	10	8	Hampshire	4th Hampshire.
Andover	7	6	6th Essex	14th Essex.
Arlington	5	3	2d Middlesex	14th Middlesex.
Ashburnham	10	7	5th Worcester	7th Worcester.
Ashby	7	6	5th Middlesex	35th Middlesex.
Ashfield	10	7	Franklin	6th Franklin.
Ashland	8	6	4th Middlesex	30th Middlesex.
Athol	10	7	4th Worcester	8th Worcester.
Attleborough	2	2	1st Bristol	1st Bristol.
Auburn	9	7	3d Worcester	15th Worcester.
Ayer	7	6	5th Middlesex	35th Middlesex.
Barnstable	1	1	Cape	2d Barnstable.
Barre	9	7	4th Worcester	10th Worcester.
Becket	11	8	S. Berkshire	5th Berkshire.
Bedford	7	6	6th Middlesex	18th Middlesex.
Belchertown	10	8	Hampshire	5th Hampshire.
Bellingham	9	2	2d Norfolk	8th Norfolk.
Belmont	5	3	2d Middlesex	15th Middlesex.
Berkley	2	1	2d Bristol	3d Bristol.
Berlin	7	7	5th Worcester	5th Worcester.
Bernardston	10	7	Franklin	5th Franklin.
Beverly	6	5	3d Essex	5th Essex.
Billerica	7	6	6th Middlesex	18th Middlesex.
Blackstone	9	2	2d Worcester	1st Worcester.
Blandford	11	8	2d Hampden	11th Hampden.
Bolton	7	7	5th Worcester	5th Worcester.

Cities and Towns.	Congressional.	Councillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Boston .	3d Dis., W'ds 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 24. 4th District, Wards 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12. 5th Dis., W'ds 3, 4, 5. 8th Dis., W'ds 22, 23, 25.	2d District, Wards 22, 23, 24, 25. 3d District, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. 4th District, Wards 6 to 21 inclusive.	1st Suffolk, W'ds 1, 2, 2d Suffolk, W'ds 3, 4, 5, 3d Suffolk, W'ds 6, 7, 8, 4th Suffolk, W'ds 9, 10, 11, 12 . . 5th Suffolk, W'ds 13, 14, 15, 6th Suffolk, W'ds 16, 17, 18, 7th Suffolk, W'ds 19, 20, 21, 8th Suffolk, W'ds 22, 23, 24, 25 .	1st to 25th Suffolk.
Boxborough .	6	5	5th Middlesex .	33d Middlesex.
Boxford . .	6	5	5th Essex . .	15th Essex.
Boylston . .	9	2	2d Worcester .	16th Worcester.
Bradford . .	6	5	5th Essex . .	17th Essex.
Braintree . .	2	2	1st Norfolk .	6th Norfolk.
Brewster . .	1	1	Cape . . .	
Bridgewater .	2	1	2d Plymouth .	
Brimfield . .	11	8	1st Hampden .	1st Hampden.
Brockton . .	2	1	2d Plymouth .	10th Plymouth.
Brookfield . .	9	7	3d Worcester .	12th Worcester.
Brookline . .	8	2	2d Norfolk .	2d Norfolk.
Buckland . .	10	7	Franklin . .	6th Franklin.
Burlington .	5	6	6th Middlesex .	18th Middlesex.
Cambridge .	8	3	3d Middlesex	Wards 1, 5, 1st Middlesex. Wards 2, 4, 2d Middlesex. Ward 3, 3d Middlesex.
Canton . .	2	2	1st Norfolk .	4th Norfolk.
Carlisle . .	7	6	5th Middlesex .	26th Middlesex.
Carver . .	1	1	1st Plymouth .	4th Plymouth.
Charlemont .	10	7	Franklin . .	6th Franklin.
Charlton . .	9	7	3d Worcester .	13th Worcester.
Chatham . .	1	1	Cape . . .	4th Barnstable.
Chelmsford .	7	6	5th Middlesex .	19th Middlesex.

Cities and Towns.	Congressional.	Councillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Chelsea	4	3	1st Suffolk	26th Suffolk.
Cheshire	11	8	N. Berkshire	4th Berkshire.
Chester	11	8	2d Hampden	11th Hampden.
Chesterfield	10	8	Hampshire	3d Hampshire.
Chicopee	11	8	2d Hampden	3d Hampden.
Chilmark	1	1	Cape	1st Dukes.
Clarksburg	11	8	N. Berkshire	1st Berkshire.
Clinton	10	7	5th Worcester	5th Worcester.
Cohasset	2	1	2d Plymouth	2d Plymouth.
Colrain	10	7	Franklin	5th Franklin.
Concord	7	6	5th Middlesex	26th Middlesex.
Conway	10	7	Franklin	4th Franklin.
Cottage City	1	1	Cape	1st Dukes.
Cummington	10	8	Hampshire	3d Hampshire.
Dalton	11	8	N. Berkshire	3d Berkshire.
Dana	10	7	4th Worcester	10th Worcester.
Danvers	6	5	5th Essex	4th Essex.
Dartmouth	1	1	3d Bristol	7th Bristol.
Dedham	8	2	2d Norfolk	1st Norfolk.
Deerfield	10	7	Franklin	4th Franklin.
Dennis	1	1	Cape	3d Barnstable.
Dighton	2	1	2d Bristol	10th Bristol.
Douglas	9	2	2d Worcester	14th Worcester.
Dover	8	2	2d Norfolk	9th Norfolk.
Dracut	7	6	5th Middlesex	19th Middlesex.
Dudley	9	7	3d Worcester	14th Worcester.
Dunstable	7	6	5th Middlesex	34th Middlesex.
Duxbury	1	1	1st Plymouth	4th Plymouth.
E. Bridgewater,	2	1	2d Plymouth	8th Plymouth.
Eastham	1	1	Cape	5th Barnstable.
Easthampton	10	8	Hampshire	1st Hampshire.
Easton	2	2	1st Bristol	2d Bristol.
Edgartown	1	1	Cape	1st Dukes.
Egremont	11	8	S. Berkshire	7th Berkshire.
Enfield	10	8	Hampshire	5th Hampshire.
Erving	10	7	Franklin	1st Franklin.
Essex	6	5	3d Essex	3d Essex.
Everett	5	3	1st Middlesex	8th Middlesex.
Fairhaven	1	1	3d Bristol	4th Bristol.
Fall River	1	1	2d Bristol	Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 8th Bristol. Wards 5, 6, 9th Bristol.
Falmouth	1	1	Cape	1st Barnstable.
Fitchburg	10	7	5th Worcester	6th Worcester.
Florida	11	8	N. Berkshire	4th Berkshire.
Foxborough	2	2	2d Norfolk	8th Norfolk.

Cities and Towns.	Con. gressional.	Coun-cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Framingham	8	6	4th Middlesex	31st Middlesex.
Franklin	8	2	2d Norfolk	8th Norfolk.
Freetown	1	1	3d Bristol	4th Bristol.
Gay Head	1	1	Cape	1st Dukes.
Gardner	10	7	4th Worcester	7th Worcester.
Georgetown	6	5	5th Essex	17th Essex.
Gill	10	7	Franklin	3d Franklin.
Gloucester	6	5	3d Essex	Ward 7, 1st Essex. Wards 1 to 6, 2d Essex. Ward 8, 3d Essex.
Goshen	10	8	Hampshire	3d Hampshire.
Gosnold	1	1	Cape	1st Dukes.
Grafton	9	2	2d Worcester	3d Worcester.
Granby	10	8	Hampshire	5th Hampshire.
Granville	11	8	2d Hampden	11th Hampden.
Gt. Barrington	11	8	S. Berkshire	7th Berkshire.
Greenfield	10	7	Franklin	3d Franklin.
Greenwich	10	8	Hampshire	5th Hampshire.
Groton	7	6	5th Middlesex	34th Middlesex.
Groveland	6	5	5th Essex	17th Essex.
Hadley	10	8	Hampshire	2d Hampshire.
Halifax	1	1	1st Plymouth	3d Plymouth.
Hamilton	6	5	3d Essex	3d Essex.
Hampden	11	8	1st Hampden	2d Hampden.
Hancock	11	8	N. Berkshire	1st Berkshire.
Hanover	2	1	2d Plymouth	9th Plymouth.
Hanson	2	1	1st Plymouth	3d Plymouth.
Hardwick	9	7	4th Worcester	10th Worcester.
Harvard	7	7	5th Worcester	5th Worcester.
Harwich	1	1	Cape	4th Barnstable.
Hatfield	10	8	Hampshire	2d Hampshire.
Haverhill	6	5	5th Essex	19th Essex.
Hawley	10	7	Franklin	6th Franklin.
Heath	10	7	Franklin	5th Franklin.
Hingham	2	1	2d Plymouth	1st Plymouth.
Hinsdale	11	8	N. Berkshire	4th Berkshire.
Holbrook	2	2	1st Norfolk	6th Norfolk.
Holden	9	7	4th Worcester	11th Worcester.
Holland	11	8	1st Hampden	1st Hampden.
Holliston	8	6	4th Middlesex	29th Middlesex.
Holyoke	10	8	2d Hampden	Wards 1 to 5, 8th Hampden. Wards 6 and 7, 9th Hampden.
Hopkinton	8	6	4th Middlesex	30th Middlesex.
Hubbardston	9	7	4th Worcester	9th Worcester.
Hudson	7	6	5th Middlesex	33d Middlesex.

Cities and Towns.	Congressional.	Councillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Hull	2	1	2d Plymouth	1st Plymouth.
Huntington	10	8	Hampshire	3d Hampshire.
Hyde Park	2	2	2d Norfolk	3d Norfolk.
Ipswich	6	5	4th Essex	15th Essex.
Kingston	1	1	1st Plymouth	4th Plymouth.
Lakeville	1	1	1st Plymouth	7th Plymouth.
Lancaster	7	7	5th Worcester	5th Worcester.
Lanesborough,	11	8	N. Berkshire	1st Berkshire.
Lawrence	7	6	6th Essex	Wards 1, 2, 3, 20th Essex. Wards 4, 5, 6, 21st Essex.
Lee	11	8	S. Berkshire	5th Berkshire.
Leicester	9	7	3d Worcester	11th Worcester.
Lenox	11	8	S. Berkshire	6th Berkshire.
Leominster	10	7	5th Worcester	17th Worcester.
Leverett	10	7	Franklin	2d Franklin.
Lexington	5	3	2d Middlesex	18th Middlesex.
Leyden	10	7	Franklin	5th Franklin.
Lincoln	7	6	5th Middlesex	26th Middlesex.
Littleton	7	6	5th Middlesex	33d Middlesex.
Longmeadow	11	8	2d Hampden	6th Hampden.
Lowell	7	6	7th Middlesex	Ward 1, 20th Middlesex. Ward 2, 21st Middlesex. Ward 3, 22d Middlesex. Ward 4, 23d Middlesex. Ward 5, 24th Middlesex. Ward 6, 25th Middlesex.
Ludlow	11	8	2d Hampden	2d Hampden.
Lunenburg	10	7	5th Worcester	5th Worcester.
Lynn	5	5	1st Essex	Ward 3, 9th Essex. Wards 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 10th Essex. Ward 6, 11th Essex.
Lynnfield	6	5	2d Essex	13th Essex.
Malden	5	3	1st Middlesex	8th Middlesex.
Manchester	6	5	3d Essex	3d Essex.
Mansfield	2	2	1st Bristol	1st Bristol.

Cities and Towns.	Congressional.	Councillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Marblehead	6	5	2d Essex	8th Essex.
Marion	1	1	1st Plymouth	6th Plymouth.
Marlborough	7	6	4th Middlesex	32d Middlesex.
Marshfield	1	1	1st Plymouth	3d Plymouth.
Mashpee	1	1	Cape	2d Barnstable.
Mattapoisett	1	1	1st Plymouth	6th Plymouth.
Maynard	7	6	5th Middlesex	27th Middlesex.
Medfield	8	2	2d Norfolk	9th Norfolk.
Medford	5	3	1st Middlesex	7th Middlesex.
Medway	8	2	2d Norfolk	8th Norfolk.
Melrose	5	6	6th Middlesex	9th Middlesex.
Mendon	9	2	2d Worcester	2d Worcester.
Merrimac	6	5	4th Essex	18th Essex.
Methuen	7	6	6th Essex	19th Essex.
Middleborough,	1	1	1st Plymouth	7th Plymouth.
Middlefield	10	8	Hampshire	3d Hampshire.
Middleton	6	5	5th Essex	13th Essex.
Milford	8	2	2d Worcester	2d Worcester.
Millbury	9	7	3d Worcester	15th Worcester.
Milton	2	2	1st Norfolk	4th Norfolk.
Monroe	10	7	Franklin	6th Franklin.
Monson	11	8	1st Hampden	1st Hampden.
Montague	10	7	Franklin	2d Franklin.
Monterey	11	8	S. Berkshire	7th Berkshire.
Montgomery	11	8	2d Hampden	10th Hampden.
Mt. Washington,	11	8	S. Berkshire	7th Berkshire.
Nahant	5	5	1st Essex	10th Essex.
Nantucket	1	1	Cape	1st Nantucket.
Natick	8	6	4th Middlesex	23th Middlesex.
Needham	8	2	2d Norfolk	9th Norfolk.
New Ashford	11	8	N. Berkshire	1st Berkshire.
New Bedford	1	1	3d Bristol	Wards 1, 2, 3, 5th Bristol. Wards 4, 5, 6, 6th Bristol.
New Braintree,	9	7	4th Worcester	10th Worcester.
New Marlboro',	11	8	S. Berkshire	7th Berkshire.
New Salem	10	7	Franklin	1st Franklin.
Newbury	6	5	4th Essex	16th Essex.
Newburyport	6	5	4th Essex	16th Essex.
Newton	8	3	2d Middlesex	16th Middlesex.
Norfolk	2	2	2d Norfolk	9th Norfolk.
North Adams	11	8	N. Berkshire	2d Berkshire.
Northampton	10	8	Hampshire	1st Hampshire.
N. Andover	6	6	6th Essex	14th Essex.
Northborough,	9	2	2d Worcester	16th Worcester.
Northbridge	9	2	2d Worcester	3d Worcester.
N. Brookfield	9	7	4th Worcester	12th Worcester.
Northfield	10	7	Franklin	5th Franklin.

Cities and Towns.	Congressional.	Councillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
N. Reading	7	6	6th Middlesex	12th Middlesex.
Norton	2	2	1st Bristol	1st Bristol.
Norwood.	8	2	2d Norfolk	1st Norfolk.
Oakham	9	7	4th Worcester	10th Worcester.
Orange	10	7	Franklin	1st Franklin.
Orleans	1	1	Cape	5th Barnstable.
Otis	11	8	S. Berkshire	5th Berkshire.
Oxford	9	7	3d Worcester	13th Worcester.
Palmer	11	8	1st Hampden	2d Hampden.
Paxton	9	7	4th Worcester	11th Worcester.
Peabody	6	5	2d Essex	12th Essex.
Pelham	10	8	Hampshire	4th Hampshire.
Pembroke	1	1	1st Plymouth	3d Plymouth.
Pepperell	7	6	5th Middlesex	34th Middlesex.
Peru	11	8	N. Berkshire	4th Berkshire.
Petersham	10	7	4th Worcester	9th Worcester.
Phillipston	10	7	4th Worcester	9th Worcester.
Pittsfield	11	8	N. Berkshire	3d Berkshire.
Plainfield	10	8	Hampshire	3d Hampshire.
Plymouth	1	1	1st Plymouth	5th Plymouth.
Plympton	1	1	1st Plymouth	4th Plymouth.
Prescott	10	8	Hampshire	4th Hampshire.
Princeton	9	7	5th Worcester	7th Worcester.
Provincetown	1	1	Cape	6th Barnstable.
Quincy	2	2	1st Norfolk	5th Norfolk.
Randolph	2	2	1st Norfolk	7th Norfolk.
Raynham	2	2	1st Bristol	2d Bristol.
Reading	7	6	6th Middlesex	12th Middlesex.
Rehoboth	2	1	2d Bristol	10th Bristol.
Revere	4	3	1st Suffolk	26th Suffolk.
Richmond	11	8	S. Berkshire	6th Berkshire.
Rochester	1	1	1st Plymouth	6th Plymouth.
Rockland	2	1	2d Plymouth	9th Plymouth.
Rockport	6	5	3d Essex	1st Essex.
Rowe	10	7	Franklin	6th Franklin.
Rowley	6	5	4th Essex	15th Essex.
Royalston	10	7	4th Worcester	8th Worcester.
Russell	11	8	2d Hampden	11th Hampden.
Rutland	9	7	4th Worcester	11th Worcester.
Salem	6	5	2d Essex	Wards 1, 2, 5, 6th Essex. Wards 3, 4, 6, 7th Essex.
Salisbury	6	5	4th Essex	18th Essex.
Sandisfield	11	8	S. Berkshire	7th Berkshire.

Cities and Towns.	Congressional.	Councillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Sandwich	1	1	Cape	1st Barnstable.
Saugus	5	5	1st Essex	13th Essex.
Savoy	11	8	N. Berkshire	4th Berkshire.
Scituate	2	1	1st Plymouth	2d Plymouth.
Seekonk	2	2	1st Bristol	10th Bristol.
Sharon	2	2	2d Norfolk	7th Norfolk.
Sheffield	11	8	South Berkshire,	7th Berkshire.
Shelburne	10	7	Franklin	3d Franklin.
Sherborn	8	6	4th Middlesex	29th Middlesex.
Shirley	7	6	5th Middlesex	35th Middlesex.
Shrewsbury	9	2	2d Worcester	16th Worcester.
Shutesbury	10	7	Franklin	2d Franklin.
Somerset	1	1	2d Bristol	9th Bristol.
Somerville	5	3	1st Middlesex	Ward 1, 4th Middlesex. Ward 2, 5th Middlesex. Wards 3, 4, 6th Middlesex.
S. Abington	2	1	2d Plymouth	11th Plymouth.
Southampton	10	8	Hampshire	1st Hampshire.
Southborough	8	2	2d Worcester	4th Worcester.
Southbridge	9	7	3d Worcester	13th Worcester.
South Hadley	10	8	Hampshire	4th Hampshire.
South Scituate,	2	1	1st Plymouth	2d Plymouth.
Southwick	11	8	2d Hampden	11th Hampden.
Spencer	9	7	3d Worcester	13th Worcester.
Springfield	11	8	1st Hampden	Wards 1 and 2, 4th Hampden. Wards 3 and 6, 5th Hampden. Wards 4 and 7, 6th Hampden. Wards 5 and 8, 7th Hampden.
Sterling	10	7	5th Worcester	5th Worcester.
Stockbridge	11	8	S. Berkshire	6th Berkshire.
Stoneham	5	6	6th Middlesex	10th Middlesex.
Stoughton	2	2	1st Norfolk	7th Norfolk.
Stow	7	6	5th Middlesex	33d Middlesex.
Sturbridge	9	7	3d Worcester	12th Worcester.
Sudbury	7	6	5th Middlesex	27th Middlesex.
Sunderland	10	7	Franklin	2d Franklin.
Sutton	9	7	3d Worcester	15th Worcester.
Swampscott	5	5	1st Essex	8th Essex.
Swansea	1	1	2d Bristol	10th Bristol.
Taunton	2	2	1st Bristol	3d Bristol.
Templeton	10	7	4th Worcester	9th Worcester.
Tewksbury	7	6	6th Middlesex	19th Middlesex.

Cities and Towns.	Congressional.	Councillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Tisbury	1	1	Cape	1st Dukes.
Tolland	11	8	2d Hampden	11th Hampden.
Topsfield	6	5	5th Essex	13th Essex.
Townsend	7	6	5th Middlesex	35th Middlesex.
Truro	1	1	Cape	6th Barnstable.
Tyngsborough,	7	6	5th Middlesex	19th Middlesex.
Tyringham	11	8	S. Berkshire	5th Berkshire.
Upton	9	2	2d Worcester	2d Worcester.
Uxbridge	9	2	2d Worcester	1st Worcester.
Wakefield	5	6	6th Middlesex	11th Middlesex.
Wales	11	8	1st Hampden	1st Hampden.
Walpole	2	2	2d Norfolk	7th Norfolk.
Waltham	5	3	2d Middlesex	17th Middlesex.
Ware	10	8	Hampshire	5th Hampshire.
Wareham	1	1	1st Plymouth	6th Plymouth.
Warren	9	7	3d Worcester	12th Worcester.
Warwick	10	7	Franklin	1st Franklin.
Washington	11	8	S. Berkshire	4th Berkshire.
Watertown	8	3	2d Middlesex	15th Middlesex.
Wayland	8	6	4th Middlesex	27th Middlesex.
Webster	9	7	3d Worcester	14th Worcester.
Wellesley	8	2	2d Norfolk	9th Norfolk.
Wellfleet	1	1	Cape	5th Barnstable.
Wendell	10	7	Franklin	2d Franklin.
Wenham	6	5	3d Essex	4th Essex.
Westborough	9	2	2d Worcester	4th Worcester.
West Boylston,	9	7	5th Worcester	16th Worcester.
W. Bridgew'tr,	2	1	2d Plymouth	10th Plymouth.
W. Brookfield,	9	7	3d Worcester	12th Worcester.
Westfield	11	8	2d Hampden	10th Hampden.
Westford	7	6	5th Middlesex	34th Middlesex.
Westhampton,	10	8	Hampshire	2d Hampshire.
Westminster	10	7	5th Worcester	7th Worcester.
W. Newbury	6	5	4th Essex	18th Essex.
Weston	8	6	4th Middlesex	27th Middlesex.
Westport	1	1	3d Bristol	7th Bristol.
W. Springfield,	11	8	2d Hampden	9th Hampden.
W. Stockbridge,	11	8	S. Berkshire	6th Berkshire.
Weymouth	2	2	1st Norfolk	5th Norfolk.
Whately	10	7	Franklin	4th Franklin.
Wilbraham	11	8	1st Hampden	2d Hampden.
Williamsburg	10	8	Hampshire	2d Hampshire.
Williamstown,	11	8	N. Berkshire	1st Berkshire.
Wilmington	7	6	6th Middlesex	12th Middlesex.
Winchendon	10	7	4th Worcester	7th Worcester.
Winchester	5	6	6th Middlesex	14th Middlesex.
Windsor	11	8	N. Berkshire	4th Berkshire.
Winthrop	4	3	1st Suffolk	26th Suffolk.
Woburn	5	6	6th Middlesex	13th Middlesex.

Cities and Towns.	Con. gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Worcester .	9	7	1st Worcester	Ward 1, 18th Worcester. Ward 2, 19th Worcester. Ward 3, 20th Worcester. Ward 4, 21st Worcester. Ward 5, 22d Worcester. Ward 6, 23d Worcester. Ward 7, 24th Worcester. Ward 8, 25th Worcester.
Worthington .	10	8	Hampshire .	3d Hampshire.
Wrentham .	2	2	2d Norfolk .	8th Norfolk.
Yarmouth .	1	1	Cape . . .	3d Barnstable.

GOVERNORS AND LIEUT.-GOVERNORS IN MASS.

[Revised and Corrected by David Pulsifer, Esq.]

CHOSEN ANNUALLY BY THE PEOPLE.

Governors of Plymouth Colony.

1620 Nov. 11, John Carver.
1621 April, William Bradford.
1633 Jan. 1, Edward Winslow.
1634 Mar. 27, Thomas Prence.
1635 Mar. 3, William Bradford.
1636 Mar. 1, Edward Winslow.
1637 Mar. 7, William Bradford.
1638 June 5, Thomas Prence.
1639 June 3, William Bradford.
1644 June 5, Edward Winslow.
1645 June 4, William Bradford.
1657 June 3, Thomas Prence.
1673 June 3, Josiah Winslow.
1680 Dec. 18, Thomas Hinckley.*

Deputy-Governors of Plymouth Colony.

1680 Thomas Hinckley.†
1681 James Cudworth.
1682 William Bradford, to 1686
1689 William Bradford, to 1692

CHOSEN ANNUALLY UNDER THE FIRST CHARTER.

Governors of Massachusetts.

1629 Apr. 30, John Endicott.‡
1630 Oct. 20, John Winthrop.‡
1634 May 14, Thomas Dudley.
1635 May 6, John Haynes.
1636 May 25, Henry Vane.
1637 May 17, John Winthrop.
1640 May 13, Thomas Dudley.
1641 June 2, Richard Bellingham.
1642 May 18, John Winthrop.
1644 May 29, John Endicott.
1645 May 14, Thomas Dudley.
1646 May 6, John Winthrop.
1649 May 2, John Endicott.
1650 May 22, Thomas Dudley.
1651 May 7, John Endicott.
1654 May 3, Richard Bellingham.
1655 May 23, John Endicott.
1665 May 3, Richard Bellingham.
1672 Dec. 12, John Leverett (act'g).
1673 May 7, John Leverett.
1679 May 28, Simon Bradstreet, to 1686.

* Mr. Hinckley was Governor till the union of the colonies in 1692, except during the administration of Andros.

† Previously there was no Deputy-Governor, a Governor *pro tem.* being appointed by the Governor to serve in his absence.

‡ By the Royal Charter, which passed the seals March 4, 1628-9, Matthew Cradock was appointed the first Governor, and Thomas Goffe, Deputy-Governor, both of whom had held the same offices before the Charter was granted. On the 13th of the following May the same persons were re-chosen under the Charter; but they never came to New England. On the 20th of October, 1629, John Winthrop was chosen Governor, and John Humphry, Deputy-Governor. On the 30th of April, 1629, John Endicott was chosen, in London, to be Governor of the Plantation in New England, and held the office until the arrival of the Governor (Winthrop) in 1630.

DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1629	Thomas Dudley *	to 1634	
1634	Roger Ludlow	1635	
1635	Richard Bellingham	1636	
1636	John Winthrop	1637	
1637	Thomas Dudley	1640	
1640	Richard Bellingham	1641	
1641	John Endicott	1644	
1644	John Winthrop	1646	
1646	Thomas Dudley	1650	
1650	John Endicott	1651	
1651	Thomas Dudley	to 1653	
1653	Richard Bellingham	1654	
1654	John Endicott	1655	
1655	Richard Bellingham	1665	
1665	Francis Willoughby	1671	
1671	John Leverett	1673	
1673	Sam'l Symonds, to Oct.	1678	
1678	Oct., Simon Bradstreet,	1679	
1679	Thomas Danforth	1686	

NOTE.—May 25, 1686, Joseph Dudley assumed the office of President under a commission of King James II., and, with a council, had jurisdiction over the king's dominion of New England. This office he held till Dec. 20, the same year, when Sir Edmund Andros appeared as Governor of New England, appointed by James II. April 20, 1689, Governor Andros was deposed by a revolution of the people.

AFTER THE DISSOLUTION OF THE FIRST CHARTER.

Simon Bradstreet was Governor from May 24, 1689, to May 14, 1692; and Thomas Danforth was Deputy-Governor during the same time.

APPOINTED BY THE KING UNDER SECOND CHARTER.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1692	May 14, Sir William Phipps.	1730	June 30, *William Tailer.*
1694	Nov. 17, *William Stoughton.*†	1730	Aug. 8, Jonathan Belcher.
1699	May 26, Richard Coote, Earl of Bellamont.	1741	Aug. 17, William Shirley.
		1749	Sept. 11, *Spencer Phips.*
1700	July, *William Stoughton.*	1753	Aug. 7, William Shirley.
1701	July 7, The Council.	1756	Sept. 25, *Spencer Phips.*
1702	June 11, Joseph Dudley.	1757	April 4, The Council.
1714–15	Feb., The Council.	1757	Aug. 3, Thomas Pownal.
1714–15	March, Joseph Dudley.	1760	June 3, *Thomas Hutchinson.*
1715	Nov. 9, *William Tailer.*‡	1760	Aug. 1, Sir Francis Bernard, Bart.
1716	Oct. 4, Samuel Shute.	1769	Aug. 1, *Thomas Hutchinson.*
1722	Dec. 27, *William Dummer.*	1771	March, Thomas Hutchinson.
1728	July 13, William Burnet.	1774	May 13, Thomas Gage.
1729	Sept. 7, *William Dummer.*		

* Thomas Goffe never came to New England. John Humphry was elected, but did not serve.

† Those whose names are printed in italics were Acting Governors.

‡ In November, 1715, Elizeus Burgess was proclaimed Governor, he having had the appointment in March, 1714; but he never came over to perform his duties, and resigned the office in 1716.

LIEUT.-GOVERNORS IN MASSACHUSETTS.

1692 Wm. Stoughton to July, 1701
1702 Thomas Povey . . 1706
1705–6 Jan., vacancy to Oct. . 1711
1711 William Tailer.
1716 William Dummer.
1730 William Tailer.
1733 Spencer Phips.
1758 Thomas Hutchinson.
1771 Andrew Oliver.
1774 Thomas Oliver.

UNTIL THE CONSTITUTION.

1774 Oct., a Provincial Congress.
1775 July, The Council.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1780 John Hancock . . to 1785
1785 James Bowdoin . . 1787
1787 John Hancock, Oct. 8, 1793
1794 Samuel Adams . . 1797
1797 Increase Sumner, June 7, 1799
1800 Caleb Strong . . 1807
1807 Jas. Sullivan, Dec. 10, 1808
1809 Christopher Gore . 1810
1810 Elbridge Gerry . . 1812
1812 Caleb Strong . . 1816
1816 John Brooks . . 1823
1823 Wm. Eustis, Feb. 6 . 1825
1825 Levi Lincoln . . 1834
1834 John Davis, March 1 . 1835
1836 Edward Everett . . 1840
1840 Marcus Morton . . 1841
1841 John Davis . . . to 1843
1843 Marcus Morton . . 1844
1844 George N. Briggs . 1851
1851 George S. Boutwell . 1853
1853 John H. Clifford . . 1854
1854 Emory Washburn . 1855
1855 Henry J. Gardner . 1858
1858 Nathaniel P. Banks . 1861
1861 John A. Andrew . 1866
1866 Alexander H. Bullock, 1869
1869 William Claflin . . 1872
1872 William B. Washburn * 1874
1875 William Gaston . . 1876
1876 Alexander H. Rice . 1879
1879 Thomas Talbot . . 1880
1880 John Davis Long.

LIEUT.-GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1780 Thos. Cushing, to Feb. 28, 1788
1788 Benjamin Lincoln . 1789
1789 *Samuel Adams* † . 1794
1794 *Moses Gill*, May 20 . 1800
1801 Sam'l Phillips, Feb. 10, 1802
1802 Edward H. Robbins . 1806
1807 *Levi Lincoln* ‡ . . 1809
1809 David Cobb . . . to 1810
1810 William Gray . . 1812
1812 William Phillips . . 1823
1823 Levi Lincoln, Feb. . 1824
1824 *Marcus Morton*, July . 1825
1826 Thomas L. Winthrop . 1833
1833 *Samuel T. Armstrong*, 1836

* Resigned May 1, 1874. Chosen U. S. Senator, April 17, 1874.

† The Lieutenant-Governors whose names are in italics were Acting Governors also during vacancies in the office of Governor.

‡ General William Heath was elected in 1806, and declined to accept the office.

1836	George Hull . .	to 1843	
1843	Henry H. Childs .	1844	
1844	John Reed . .	1851	
1851	Henry W. Cushman .	1853	
1853	Elisha Huntington .	1854	
1854	William C. Plunkett .	1855	
1855	Simon Brown . .	1856	
1856	Henry W. Benchley .	1858	
1858	Eliphalet Trask . .	1861	
1861	John Z. Goodrich,	Mar. 29,	1861
1861	John Nesmith,	Sept. .	1862
1863	Joel Hayden . .		1866
1866	William Claflin . .		1869
1869	Joseph Tucker . .		1873
1873	*Thomas Talbot* * . .		1875
1875	Horatio G. Knight .		1879
1879	John D. Long . .		1880
1880	Byron Weston.		

UNITED STATES SENATORS FROM MASSACHUSETTS,

From 1789 to 1881.

Caleb Strong . . .	1789–96	Tristram Dalton . .	1789–91
Theodore Sedgwick .	1796–99	George Cabot . .	1791–96
Samuel Dexter . .	1799–1800	Benjamin Goodhue .	1796–1800
Dwight Foster . .	1800–03	Jonathan Mason . .	1800–03
John Quincy Adams .	1803–08	Timothy Pickering .	1803–11
James Lloyd . . .	1808–13	Joseph Bradley Varnum,	1811–17
Christopher Gore . .	1813–16	Harrison Gray Otis .	1817–22
Eli Porter Ashmun .	1816–18	James Lloyd . . .	1822–26
Prentiss Mellen . .	1818–20	Nathaniel Silsbee . .	1826–35
Elijah Hunt Mills . .	1820–27	John Davis . . .	1835–41
Daniel Webster . .	1827–41	Isaac Chapman Bates .	1841–45
Rufus Choate . . .	1841–45	John Davis . . .	1845–53
Daniel Webster . .	1845–50	Edward Everett . .	1853–54
Robert Charles Winthrop,	1850–51	Julius Rockwell . .	1854–55
Robert Rantoul, Jr. .	1851–51	Henry Wilson . .	1855–73
Charles Sumner † . .	1851–74	George S. Boutwell .	1873–77
William B. Washburn .	1874–75	George Frisbie Hoar ‡ .	1877–
Henry Laurens Dawes ‡	1875–		

NOTE. — Mr. Wilson was elected Vice-President in 1872; George S. Boutwell chosen to fill vacancy.

* Acting Governor from May 1, 1874.

† Charles Sumner died March 11, 1874; William B. Washburn chosen to fill vacancy, April 17, 1874.

‡ Mr. Dawes's term will expire March 4, 1887; Mr. Hoar's term, March 4, 1883.

SECRETARIES.

List of Persons who have held the office of SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH,

Since 1780.

John Avery	1780–1806	John G. Palfrey	1844–48
Jonathan L. Austin	1806–08	William B. Calhoun	1848–51
William Tudor	1808–10	Amasa Walker	1851–53
Benjamin Homans	1810–12	Ephraim M. Wright	1853–56
Alden Bradford	1812–24	Francis DeWitt	1856–58
Edward D. Bangs	1824–36	Oliver Warner	1858–76
John P. Bigelow	1836–43	Henry B. Peirce	1876–
John A. Bolles	1843–44		

TREASURERS.

List of Persons who have held the office of TREASURER AND RECEIVER-GENERAL,

Since 1780.

Henry Gardner	1780–83	David Wilder	1837–42
Thomas Ivers	1783–87	Thomas Russell	1842–43
Alexander Hodgdon	1787–92	John Mills	1843–44
Thomas Davis	1792–97	Thomas Russell	1844–45
Peleg Coffin	*1797–1801	Joseph Barrett	1845–49
Jonathan Jackson	1802–06	Ebenezer Bradbury	1849–51
Tompson J. Skinner	1806–08	Charles B. Hall	1851–53
Josiah Dwight	1808–10	Jacob H. Loud	1853–55
Thomas Harris	1810–11	Thomas J. Marsh	1855–56
Jonathan L. Austin	1811–12	Moses Tenney, Jr.	1856–61
John T. Apthorp	1812–17	Henry K. Oliver	1861–66
Daniel Sargent	1817–22	Jacob H. Loud	1866–71
Nahum Mitchell	1822–27	Charles Adams, Jr.	1871–76
Joseph Sewall	1827–32	Charles Endicott	1876–81
Hezekiah Barnard	1832–37	Daniel A. Gleason	1881–

* Secretary Avery had a warrant to take care of the Treasury on the resignation of Coffin, in 1802.

ATTORNEY-GENERALS.

List of Persons who have held the office of ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

UNDER THE PROVINCE CHARTER.

Anthony Checkley	1692–1702	John Overing	1739–41
Paul Dudley	1702–18	Jeremiah Gridley	1742
Thomas Newton	1718–21	John Overing	1743–48
John Overing	1728–32	James Otis	1748
John Read	1733–35	Edmund Trowbridge	1749–67
William Brattle	1736	Jeremiah Gridley	1767
William Brattle	1738	Jonathan Sewall	1767–69

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

Robert Treat Paine	1780–90	John Henry Clifford	1854–58
James Sullivan	1790–1807	Stephen Henry Phillips,	1858–61
Barnabas Bidwell	1807–10	Dwight Foster	1861–64
Perez Morton	1810–32	Chester I. Reed †	1864–67
James T. Austin	1832–43	Charles Allen	1867–72
John Henry Clifford	*1849–53	Charles R. Train	1872–79
Rufus Choate	1853–54	George Marston	1879–

* The office of Attorney-General was abolished in 1843, and re-established in 1849.

† Resigned during the session of the Legislature of 1867. The vacancy was filled by the election of Charles Allen.

AUDITORS.

List of Persons who have held the office of AUDITOR OF ACCOUNTS.

[Established by Act of 1849.]

David Wilder, Jr.	1849–54	Julius L. Clarke	1865–66
Joseph Mitchell	1854–55	Henry S. Briggs	1866–70
Stephen N. Gifford	1855–56	Charles Endicott	1870–76
Chandler R. Ransom	1856–58	Julius L. Clarke[2]	1876–79
Charles White	1858–61	Charles R. Ladd[2]	1879–
Levi Reed[1]	1861–65		

[1] Resigned Dec. 20, 1865.

[2] Mr. Clarke resigned, and Mr. Ladd was appointed in his place May 5, 1879.

SECRETARIES OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

List of Persons who have held the office of SECRETARY OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

[See Act of 1837.]

Horace Mann . . .	1837-48	George S. Boutwell .	1855-61
Barnas Sears . . .	1848-55	Joseph White . .	1861-77
John W. Dickinson . . .	1877-		

ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE,

Since 1780.

The first General Court, under the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, assembled at Boston, on Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1780, and was finally prorogued (having held three sessions) May 19, 1781. From this time until 1832, the political year commenced on the last Wednesday in May; and the General Court held two, and frequently three, sessions during each year. In 1832, by an amendment of the Constitution, the commencement of the political year was changed to the first Wednesday in January.

SENATE.

PRESIDENTS.

Thos. Cushing, *resigned*, Jeremiah Powell	1780–81	Samuel Phillips	1799–1800
Jeremiah Powell	1781–82	Samuel Phillips	1800–01
Samuel Adams	1782–83	David Cobb	1801–02
Samuel Adams	1783–84	David Cobb	1802–03
Samuel Adams	1784–85	David Cobb	1803–04
Samuel Adams, *resigned*, Samuel Phillips, Jr.	1785–86	David Cobb	1804–05
		Harrison Gray Otis	1805–06
		John Bacon	1806–07
Samuel Phillips, Jr.	1786–87	Samuel Dana	1807–08
Samuel Adams	1787–88	Harrison Gray Otis	1808–09
Samuel Phillips, Jr.	1788–89	Harrison Gray Otis	1809–10
Samuel Phillips, Jr.	1789–90	Harrison Gray Otis	1810–11
Samuel Phillips	1790–91	Samuel Dana	1811–12
Samuel Phillips	1791–92	Samuel Dana	1812–13
Samuel Phillips	1792–93	John Phillips	1813–14
Samuel Phillips	1793–94	John Phillips	1814–15
Samuel Phillips	1794–95	John Phillips	1815–16
Samuel Phillips	1795–96	John Phillips	1816–17
Samuel Phillips	1796–97	John Phillips	1817–18
Samuel Phillips	1797–98	John Phillips	1818–19
Samuel Phillips	1798–99	John Phillips	1819–20

John Phillips	1820–21	Henry Wilson	1851
John Phillips	1821–22	Henry Wilson	1852
John Phillips	1822–23	Charles H. Warren	1853
Nathaniel Silsbee	1823–24	Charles Edward Cook	1854
Nathaniel Silsbee	1824–25	Henry W. Benchley	1855
Nathaniel Silsbee	1825–26	Elihu C. Baker	1856
John Mills	1826–27	Charles W. Upham	1857
John Mills	1827–28	Charles W. Upham	1858
Sherman Leland	1828–29	Charles A. Phelps	1859
Samuel Lathrop	1829–30	Charles A. Phelps	1860
Samuel Lathrop	1830–31	William Claflin	1861
Leverett Saltonstall	1831	John H. Clifford	1862
William Thorndike	1832	Jonathan E. Field	1863
Benj. T. Pickman	1833	Jonathan E. Field	1864
Benj. T. Pickman	1834	Jonathan E. Field	1865
Benj. T. Pickman, *deceased*, George Bliss	1835	Joseph A. Pond	1866
		Joseph A. Pond	1867
Horace Mann	1836	George O. Brastow	1868
Horace Mann	1837	Robert C. Pitman, *resigned*, George O. Brastow	1869
Myron Lawrence	1838		
Myron Lawrence	1839	Horace H. Coolidge	1870
Daniel P. King	1840	Horace H. Coolidge	1871
Daniel P. King	1841	Horace H. Coolidge	1872
Josiah Quincy, Jr.	1842	Geo. B. Loring	1873
Phineas W. Leland, *resigned*, Frederick Robinson	1843	Geo. B. Loring	1874
		Geo. B. Loring	1875
Josiah Quincy, Jr.	1844	Geo. B. Loring	1876
Levi Lincoln	1845	John B. D. Cogswell	1877
William B. Calhoun	1846	John B. D. Cogswell	1878
William B. Calhoun	1847	John B. D. Cogswell	1879
Zeno Scudder	1848	Robert R. Bishop	1880
Joseph Bell	1849	Robert R. Bishop	1881
Marshall P. Wilder	1850		

CLERKS.

William Baker, Jr.	1780–84	Samuel F. Lyman	1822
Samuel Cooper	1785–95	Paul Willard	1823–29
Edward McLane	1796–99	Charles Calhoun	1830–42
Edward Payne Hayman	1800	Lewis Josselyn	1843
George Elliot Vaughn	1801–02	Charles Calhoun	1844–50
Wendell Davis	1803–05	Chauncey L. Knapp	1851
John D. Dunbar	1806–07	Francis H. Underwood	1852
Nathaniel Coffin	1808–10	Charles Calhoun	1853–54
Marcus Morton	1811–12	Peter L. Cox	1855–57
Samuel F. McCleary	1813–21	Stephen N. Gifford	1858

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SPEAKERS.

Caleb Davis	1780–81	Timothy Bigelow	1818–19
Caleb Davis, *resigned*	1781–82	Timothy Bigelow	1819–20
Nathaniel Gorham	1782	Elijah H. Mills, *resigned*,	1820–21
Nathaniel Gorham	1782–83	Josiah Quincy	1821
Tristram Dalton	1783–84	Josiah Quincy, *resigned*,	1821–22
Tristram Dalton	1784–85	Luther Lawrence	1822
Nathaniel Gorham	1785–86	Levi Lincoln	1822–23
Artemas Ward	1786–87	William C. Jarvis	1823–24
James Warren	1787–88	William C. Jarvis	1824–25
Theodore Sedgwick	1788–89	Timothy Fuller	1825–26
David Cobb	1789–90	William C Jarvis	1826–27
David Cobb	1790–91	William C. Jarvis	1827–28
David Cobb	1791–92	William B. Calhoun	1828–29
David Cobb	1792–93	William B. Calhoun	1829–30
Edward H. Robbins	1793–94	William B. Calhoun	1830
Edward H. Robbins	1794–95	William B. Calhoun	1831
Edward H. Robbins	1795–96	William B. Calhoun	1832
Edward H. Robbins	1796–97	William B. Calhoun	1833
Edward H. Robbins	1797–98	William B. Calhoun	1834
Edward H. Robbins	1798–99	Julius Rockwell	1835
Edward H. Robbins	1799–1800	Julius Rockwell	1836
Edward H. Robbins	1800–01	Julius Rockwell	1837
Edward H. Robbins	1801–02	Robert C. Winthrop	1838
John Coffin Jones	1802–03	Robert C. Winthrop	1839
Harrison Gray Otis	1803–04	Robert C. Winthrop	1840
Harrison Gray Otis	1804–05	George Ashmun	1841
Timothy Bigelow	1805–06	Thomas Kinnicut	1842
Perez Morton	1806–07	Daniel P. King	1843
Perez Morton	1807–08	Thomas Kinnicut, *resigned*,	1844
Timothy Bigelow	1808–09	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.	1844
Timothy Bigelow	1809–10	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.	1845
Perez Morton, *resigned*	1810–11	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.	1846
Joseph Story	1811	Ebenezer Bradbury	1847
Joseph Story, *resigned*	1811–12	Francis B. Crowninshield,	1848
Eleazer W. Ripley	1812	Francis B. Crowninshield,	1849
Timothy Bigelow	1812–13	Ensign H. Kellogg	1850
Timothy Bigelow	1813–14	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr.	1851
Timothy Bigelow	1814–15	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr.	1852
Timothy Bigelow	1815–16	George Bliss	1853
Timothy Bigelow	1816–17	Otis P. Lord	1854
Timothy Bigelow	1817–18	Daniel C. Eddy	1855

Charles A. Phelps	1856	Harvey Jewell	1869
Charles A. Phelps	1857	Harvey Jewell	1870
Julius Rockwell	1858	Harvey Jewell	1871
Charles Hale	1859	John E. Sanford	1872
John A. Goodwin	1860	John E. Sanford	1873
John A. Goodwin	1861	John E. Sanford	1874
Alexander H. Bullock	1862	John E. Sanford	1875
Alexander H. Bullock	1863	John D. Long	1876
Alexander H. Bullock	1864	John D. Long	1877
Alexander H. Bullock	1865	John D. Long	1878
James M. Stone	1866	Levi C. Wade	1879
James M. Stone	1867	Charles J. Noyes	1880
Harvey Jewell	1868	Charles J. Noyes	1881

CLERKS.

Andrew Henshaw	1780–81	Charles W. Storey	1844–50
George Richards Minot	1782–91	Lewis Josselyn	1851–52
Henry Warren	1792-1802	William Schouler	1853
Nicholas Tillinghast	1803–05	William Stowe	1854
Chas. Pinckney Sumner,	1806–07	Henry A. Marsh	1855
Nicholas Tillinghast	1808–09	W. E. P. Haskell	1856
Chas. Pinckney Sumner,	1810–11	William Stowe	1857–61
Benjamin Pollard	1812–21	William S. Robinson	1862–73
Pelham W. Warren	1822–31	Charles H. Taylor	1873–74
Luther S. Cushing	1832–43	George A. Marden	1874–

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS.

Benjamin Stevens	1835–59	Oreb F. Mitchell	1875–
John Morissey	1859–75		

The office of Sergeant-at-Arms was established by law in 1835. Previous to that time, Jacob Kuhn was Messenger to the General Court from 1786.

TABLE

Showing the Length of the Sessions of the Legislature, and the Number of Representatives in each Year since 1832.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Prorogued.	Length of Session.	No. of Reps.
1832	January 4.	March 24.	80 days.	528
1833	2.	28.	86 "	574
1834	1.	April 2.	92 "	570
1835 *	7.	8.	92 "	615
1836	6.	16.	102 "	619
1837	4.	20.	107 "	635
1838	3.	25.	113 "	480
1839	2.	10.	99 "	521
1840	1.	March 24.	84 "	521
1841	6.	18.	72 "	397
1842 *	5.	3.	58 "	336
1843	4.	24.	80 "	352
1844	3.	16.	74 "	321

* There was an extra session of sixty-two days in 1835, to revise the Statutes; one of nine days in 1842, to divide the Commonwealth into Congressional Districts; one of three days in 1848, to choose electors of President and Vice-President; one of eighteen days in 1857, to establish districts for the choice of Councillors, Representatives, and Senators; one of one hundred and thirteen days in 1859, to revise the General Statutes; one of fourteen days in 1860, to consider the subject of the disease among the cattle of the Commonwealth; one of ten days in 1861, to consider the duty of the Commonwealth in relation to public affairs, consequent on the Rebellion; one of eight days in 1863, to provide for raising the quota under the call of the President of the United States of the 17th of October, 1863, for 300,000 men; one of thirty days in 1872, to consider what legislation was necessary by reason of the great fire in Boston, November 9 and 10; and one of ten days in 1881, to compile the Public Statutes.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Prorogued.	Length of Session.	No. of Reps.
1845	January 1.	March 26.	85 days.	271
1846	7.	April 16.	100 "	264
1847	6.	16.	111 "	255
1848 *	5.	May 10.	127 "	272
1849	3.	2.	120 "	263
1850	2.	3.	122 "	297
1851	1.	24.	146 "	396
1852	8.	22.	137 "	402
1853	5.	25.	142 "	288
1854	4.	April 29.	116 "	310
1855	3.	May 21.	138 "	380
1856	1.	June 6.	158 "	329
1857 *	7.	May 30.	144 "	357
1858	6.	March 27.	81 "	240
1859 *	5.	April 6.	92 "	240
1860 *	4.	4.	92 "	240
1861 *	2.	11.	100 "	240
1862	1.	30.	120 "	240
1863 *	7.	29.	113 "	240
1864	6.	May 14.	130 "	240
1865	4.	17.	137 "	240
1866	3.	30.	147 "	240
1867	2.	June 1.	150 "	240
1868	1.	12.	164 "	240
1869	6.	24.	170 "	240
1870	5.	23.	170 "	240
1871	4.	May 31.	148 "	240
1872 *	3.	7.	126 "	240
1873	1.	June 12.	163 "	240
1874	7.	30.	175 "	240
1875	6.	May 19.	134 "	240
1876	5.	April 28.	115 "	240
1877	3.	May 17.	135 "	240
1878	2.	17.	136 "	240
1879	1.	April 30.	120 "	240
1880	7.	24.	109 "	240
1881 *	5.	May 13.	129 "	240

* See note on preceding page.

JUDICIARY.

*Judges of the Superior Court of Judicature of the Province of Massachusetts Bay, from 1692 to 1775.**

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.		LEFT THE BENCH.		DIED.
1692.	William Stoughton	1701.	Resigned.	1701.
1702.	Isaac Addington	1703.	Resigned.	1715.
1708.	Wait Winthrop	1717.		
1718.	Samuel Sewall	1728.	Resigned.	1730.
1729.	Benjamin Lynde	1745.		1745.
1745.	Paul Dudley	1751.		1751.
1752.	Stephen Sewall	1760.		1760.
1761.	Thomas Hutchinson	1769.	Appointed Governor.	1780.
1769.	Benjamin Lynde	1771.	Resigned.	1781.
1772.	Peter Oliver	1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1791.

JUSTICES.

1692.	Thomas Danforth	1699.		1699.
1692.	Wait Winthrop	1701.	Resigned.	1717.
1692.	John Richards	1694.		1694.
1693.	Samuel Sewall	1718.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1730.
1695.	Elisha Cooke	1702.	Removed.	1715.
1700.	John Walley	1712.		1712.
1701.	John Saffin	1702.	Removed.	1710.
1702.	John Hathorne	1712.	Resigned.	1717.
1702.	John Leverett	1708.	Resigned.	1724.
1708.	Jonathan Corwin	1715.	Resigned.	1718.
1712.	Benjamin Lynde	1729.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1745.
1712.	Nathaniel Thomas	1718.	Resigned.	1718.
1715.	Addington Davenport	1736.		1736.

* The judges died in office, except where otherwise stated.

APPOINTED.		LEFT THE BENCH.		DIED.
1718.	Paul Dudley	1745.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1751.
1718.	Edmund Quincy	1737.		1737.
1729.	John Cushing	1733.	Removed.	1737.
1733.	Jonathan Remington	1745.		1745.
1736.	Richard Saltonstall	1756.		1756.
1737.	Thomas Greaves	1738.	Resigned.	1747.
1739.	Stephen Sewall	1752.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1760.
1745.	Nathaniel Hubbard	1746.	Resigned.	1748.
1745.	Benjamin Lynde	1769.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1781.
1747.	John Cushing	1771.	Resigned.	1775.
1752.	Chambers Russell	1766.		1766.
1756.	Peter Oliver	1772.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1791.
1767.	Edmund Trowbridge	1775.	Resigned.	1793.
1771.	Foster Hutchinson	1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1799.
1772.	Nathaniel Ropes	1774.		1774.
1772.	William Cushing	1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1810.
1774.	William Browne	1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1802.

Justices of the Superior Court of Judicature and the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts since the Revolution.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.		LEFT THE BENCH.		DIED.
1775.	John Adams	1776.	Resigned.*	1826.
1777.	William Cushing	1789.	Resigned.†	1810.
1790.	Nathaniel Peaslee Sargent,	1791.		1791.
1791.	Francis Dana	1806.	Resigned.	1811.
1806.	Theophilus Parsons	1813.		1813.
1814.	Samuel Sewall	1814.		1814.
1814.	Isaac Parker	1830.		1830.
1830.	Lemuel Shaw	1860.	Resigned.	1861.
1860.	George Tyler Bigelow	1868.	Resigned.	1878.
1868.	Reuben Atwater Chapman,	1873.		1873.
1873.	Horace Gray ‡	1881.		
1882.	Marcus Morton.			

* Mr. Adams never took his seat on the bench.

† Chief Justice Cushing resigned on being appointed one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

‡ Chief Justice Gray vacated his office by accepting an appointment as one of the justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.		LEFT THE BENCH.		DIED.
1775.	William Cushing	1777.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1810.
1775.	Nathaniel Peaslee Sargent,	1790.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1791.
1775.	William Reed	1776.	Superseded.	1780.
1775.	Robert Treat Paine	1776.	Superseded.	1814.
1776.	Jedediah Foster	1779.		1779.
1776.	James Sullivan	1782.	Resigned.	1808.
1777.	David Sewall	1789.	Resigned.*	1825.
1782.	Increase Sumner	1797.	Elected Governor.	1799.
1785.	Francis Dana	1791.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1811.
1790.	Robert Treat Paine	1804.	Resigned.	1814.
1790.	Nathan Cushing	1800.	Resigned.	1812.
1792.	Thomas Dawes	1802.	Resigned.	1825.
1797.	Theophilus Bradbury	1803.	Removed.	1803.
1800.	Samuel Sewall	1814.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1814.
1801.	Simeon Strong	1805.		1805.
1801.	George Thacher	1824.	Resigned.	1824.
1802.	Theodore Sedgwick	1813.		1813.
1806.	Isaac Parker	1814.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1830.
1813.	Charles Jackson	1823.	Resigned.	1855.
1814.	Daniel Dewey	1815.		1815.
1814.	Samuel Putnam	1842.	Resigned.	1853.
1815.	Samuel Sumner Wilde	1850.	Resigned.	1855.
1824.	Levi Lincoln	1825.	Elected Governor.	1868.
1825.	Marcus Morton	1840.	Elected Governor.	1864.
1837.	Charles Augustus Dewey	1866.		1866.
1842.	Samuel Hubbard	1847.		1847.
1848.	Charles Edward Forbes	1848.	Resigned.	
1848.	Thereon Metcalf	1865.	Resigned.	1875.
1848.	Richard Fletcher	1853.	Resigned.	1869.
1850.	George Tyler Bigelow	1860.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1878.
1852.	Caleb Cushing	1853.	Resigned.†	1879.
1853.	Benj. Franklin Thomas	1859.	Resigned.	1878.
1853.	Pliny Merrick	1864.	Resigned.	1867.
1859.	Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar,	1869.	Resigned.	
1860.	Reuben Atwater Chapman,	1868.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1873.
1864.	Horace Gray, Jr.	1873.	Appointed Chief Justice.	

* Mr. Justice Sewall resigned on being appointed Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Maine.

† Mr. Justice Cushing and Mr. Justice Hoar resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States.

APPOINTED.		LEFT THE BENCH.		DIED.
1865.	James Denison Colt . .	1866.	Resigned.	
1866.	Dwight Foster . . .	1869.	Resigned.	
1866.	John Wells . . .	1875.		1875.
1868.	James Denison Colt .	1881.		1881.
1869.	Seth Ames	1881.	Resigned.	
1869.	Marcus Morton . . .	1882.	Appointed Chief Justice.	
1873.	Wm. Crowninshield Endicott.			
1873.	Charles Devens, Jr. . .	1877.	Resigned.*	
1875.	Otis Phillips Lord.			
1877.	Augustus Lord Soule .	1881.	Resigned.	
1881.	Charles Devens.*			
1881.	Walbridge Abner Field.			
1881.	William Allen.			
1882.	Charles Allen.			

Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, from its Establishment in 1820 until its abolition in 1859.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.		LEFT THE BENCH.		DIED.
1820.	Artemas Ward . . .	1839.	Resigned.	1847.
1839.	John Mason Williams .	1844.	Resigned.	1868.
1844.	Daniel Wells . . .	1854.		1854.
1854.	Edward Mellen . . .	1859.		1875.

JUSTICES.

1820.	Solomon Strong . . .	1842.	Resigned.	1850.
1820.	John Mason Williams .	1839.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1868.
1820.	Samuel Howe . . .	1828.		1828.
1828.	David Cummins . . .	1844.	Resigned.	1855.
1839.	Charles Henry Warren .	1844.	Resigned.	1874.
1842.	Charles Allen . . .	1844.	Resigned.	1869.
1843.	Pliny Merrick . . .	1848.	Resigned.	1867.
1844.	Joshua Holyoke Ward .	1848.		1848.
1844.	Emory Washburn . .	1847.	Resigned.	1877.
1844.	Luther Stearns Cushing .	1848.	Resigned.	1856.
1845.	Harrison Gray Otis Colby,	1847.	Resigned.	1853.
1847.	Charles Edward Forbes .	1848.	Appointed to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1847.	Edward Mellen . . .	1854.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1875.
1848.	George Tyler Bigelow .	1850.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1878.
1848.	Jonathan Coggswell Perkins	1859.		1877.

* Mr. Justice Devens resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States, and was re-appointed to the Supreme Bench in 1881.

APPOINTED.		LEFT THE BENCH.		DIED.
1848.	Horatio Byington . .	1856.		1856.
1848.	Thomas Hopkinson . .	1849.	Resigned.	1856.
1849.	Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar,	1853.	Resigned.	
1850.	Pliny Merrick . . .	1854.	App'ted to Sup. Jud. C't.	1867.
1851.	Henry Walker Bishop .	1859.		1871.
1853.	George Nixon Briggs .	1859.		1861.
1854.	George Partridge Sanger .	1859.		
1855.	Henry Morris . . .	1859.		
1856.	David Aiken . . .	1859.		

Justices of the Superior Court since its Establishment in 1859.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.		LEFT THE BENCH.		DIED.
1859.	Charles Allen . . .	1867.	Resigned.	1869.
1867.	Seth Ames	1869.	Appointed to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1869.	Lincoln Flagg Brigham.			

JUSTICES.

1859.	Julius Rockwell.			
1859.	Otis Phillips Lord . .	1875.	Appointed to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1859.	Marcus Morton, Jr. . .	1869.	Appointed to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1859.	Seth Ames	1867.	Appointed Chief Justice.	
1859.	Ezra Wilkinson.			
1859.	Henry Vose . . .	1869.		1869.
1859.	Thomas Russell . . .	1867.	Resigned.	
1859.	John Phelps Putnam . .	1882.		1882.
1859.	Lincoln Flagg Brigham .	1869.	Appointed Chief Justice.	
1867.	Chester Isham Reed . .	1871.	Resigned.	1873.
1867.	Charles Devens, Jr. . .	1873.	Appointed to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1869.	Henry Austin Scudder .	1872.	Resigned.	
1869.	Francis Henshaw Dewey .	1881.	Resigned.	
1869.	Robert Carter Pitman.			
1871.	John William Bacon.			
1872.	William Allen . . .	1881.	Appointed to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1873.	Peleg Emory Aldrich.			
1875.	Waldo Colburn.			
1875.	William Sewall Gardner.			
1881.	Hamilton Barclay Staples.			
1881.	Marcus Perrin Knowlton.			
1882.	Caleb Blodgett.			

Present Organization of the Courts.

[All judges in the Commonwealth are appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, and hold office during good behavior.]

Supreme Judicial Court.

Marcus Morton,	*Chief Justice*	Salary, $6,500
William Crowninshield Endicott of Salem,	*Justice*	" 6,000
Otis Phillips Lord of Salem,	"	" 6,000
Walbridge Abner Field of Boston,	"	" 6,000
Charles Devens of Worcester,	"	" 6,000
William Allen of Northampton,	"	" 6,000
Charles Allen of Boston,	"	" 6,000

Superior Court.

Lincoln Flagg Brigham of Salem,	*Chief Justice*	Salary, $4,800
Julius Rockwell of Lenox,	*Justice*	" 4,500
Ezra Wilkinson of Dedham,	"	" 4,500
Robert Carter Pitman of Newton,	"	" 4,500
John William Bacon of Natick,	"	" 4,500
Peleg Emory Aldrich of Worcester,	"	" 4,500
Waldo Colburn of Dedham,	"	" 4,500
William Sewall Gardner of Newton,	"	" 4,500
Hamilton Barclay Staples of Worcester,	"	" 4,500
Marcus Perrin Knowlton of Springfield,	"	" 4,500
Caleb Blodgett of Boston,	"	" 4,500

Probate Courts and Courts of Insolvency.

There is a PROBATE COURT and a COURT OF INSOLVENCY in each county, distinct in their jurisdiction, powers, proceedings, and practice, but having the same judge and register. These courts are held by the judge of probate and insolvency, appointed for the county; but the judges of the several counties may, in case of necessity or convenience, interchange services, and perform each other's duties.

The names of the judges, registers, assistant registers, and commissioners of insolvency may be found among the list of County Officers.

Police Courts and Municipal Courts.

BOSTON. — (Municipal Court.) J. Wilder May, *Chief Justice;* Joseph M. Churchill and William E. Parmenter, *Associate Justices;* salary, 3,000 each. *Special Justice*, William J. Forsaith. *Clerks*, William T. Connolly, civil side; salary, $2,250. John C. Leighton, criminal side; salary, $2,250. ROXBURY DISTRICT. — *Justice*, Peter S. Wheelock; salary, $2,000. *Special Justices*, Solomon A. Bolster, Henry W. Fuller. *Clerk*, Alfred Williams; salary, $1,200. *Assistant Clerk*, Giles H. Rich; salary, $600. DORCHESTER DISTRICT. — *Justice*, Joseph R. Churchill; salary, $1,200. *Special Justices*, George M. Reed, George A. Fisher. WEST ROXBURY DISTRICT. — *Justice*, James M. F. Howard; salary, $1,200. *Special Justices*, George R. Fowler, Henry R. Brigham. BRIGHTON DISTRICT. — *Justice*, Henry Baldwin; salary, $1,200. *Special Justices*, Joseph Bennett, James H. Rice. SOUTH BOSTON DISTRICT. — *Justice*, Robert I. Burbank; salary, $1,800. *Special Justices*, Joseph D. Fallon, Patrick A. Collins. *Clerk*, Joseph H. Allen; salary, $1,200. EAST BOSTON DISTRICT. — *Justice*, Benjamin Pond; salary, $1,200. *Special Justices*, Roscoe H. Thompson, William Whitton Dwyer. *Clerk*, Willard S. Allen; salary, $800. CHARLESTOWN DISTRICT. — *Justice*, George W. Warren; salary, $1,500. *Special Justices*, Henry W. Bragg, Joseph H. Cotton. *Clerk*, Daniel Williams; salary, $1,200.

CAMBRIDGE. — *Justice*, John S. Ladd; salary, $1,800. *Special Justices*, William H. Orcutt, Jabez Fox. *Clerk*, Emerson W. Law; salary, 1,000.

CHELSEA. — *Justice*, Eben Hutchinson; salary, 1,600. *Special Justices*, William H. Hart, David F. Kimball.

CHICOPEE. — *Justice*, Loranus E. Hitchcock; salary, $1,000. *Special Justices*, Simon G. Southworth, Luther White.

FITCHBURG. — *Justice*, Thornton K. Ware; salary, $1,000. *Special Justices*, David H. Merriam, Charles S. Hayden. *Clerk*, Edward P. Loring; salary, $500.

GLOUCESTER. — *Justice*, James Davis; salary, $1,400. *Special Justice*, Elbridge G. Friend. *Clerk*, Sumner D. York; salary, $600.

HAVERHILL. — *Justice*, Henry Carter; salary, $1,400. *Special Justices*, Henry N. Merrill, Ira A. Abbott. *Clerk*, Edward B. George; salary, $600.

HOLYOKE. — *Justice*, W. B. C. Pearsons; salary, $1,500. *Special Justices*, Porter Underwood, Edward W. Chapin. *Clerk*, Albert A. Tyler; salary, $750.

LAWRENCE. — *Justice*, Nathan W. Harmon; salary, $1,800. *Special Justices*, Charles U. Bell, Wilbur F. Gile. *Clerk*, Henry F. Hopkins; salary, $1,000.

LEE. — *Justice*, Moses H. Pease; salary, $600. *Special Justices*, Franklin W. Gibbs, Albert B. Clarke.

LOWELL. — *Justice*, Nathan Crosby; salary, $1,800. *Special Justices*, John Davis, Frederic T. Greenhalge. *Clerk*, Samuel P. Hadley; salary, $1,000.

LYNN. — *Justice*, Rollin E. Harmon; salary, $1,400. *Special Justices*, John W. Berry, Ira B. Keith. *Clerk*, Henry C. Oliver; salary, $800.

NEWBURYPORT. — *Justice*, John N. Pike; salary, $700. *Special Justices*, David L. Withington, Thomas C. Simpson. *Clerk*, E. F. Bartlett; salary, $600.

NEWTON. — *Justice*, John C. Park; salary, $800. *Special Justices*, Henry H. Mather, Edward H. Mason. *Clerk*, Edward W. Cate; salary, $400.

SOMERVILLE. — *Justice*, Isaac Story; salary, $1,200. *Special Justices*, Alpheus R. Brown, Charles G. Pope. *Clerk*, Lebbeus Stetson; salary, $600.

SPRINGFIELD (jurisdiction, Springfield, West Springfield, Wilbraham, Agawam, and Longmeadow). — *Justice*, Gideon Wells; salary, $1,800. *Special Justices*, Alfred M. Copeland, Samuel B. Spooner. *Clerk*, Charles C. Spellman; salary, $1,000.

WILLIAMSTOWN. — *Justice*, John R. Bulkley; salary, $300. *Special Justices*, Andrew M. Smith, Henry L. Sabin.

District Courts.

CENTRAL BERKSHIRE (court held at Pittsfield; jurisdiction in Hancock, Lanesborough, Peru, Windsor, Hinsdale, Dalton, Pittsfield, and Richmond). — *Justice*, Joseph Tucker; salary, $1,200. *Special Justices*, Lorenzo H. Gamwell, William T. Filley. *Clerk*, Walter B. Smith; salary, $600.

NORTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at Adams, and North Adams; jurisdiction in Adams, Clarksburg, North Adams, Savoy, Florida, and Cheshire). — *Justice*, Jarvis Rockwell; salary, $1,000. *Special Justices*, Henry J. Bliss, Shepherd Thayer. *Clerk*, William Bowers; salary, $500.

SOUTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at Great Barrington; jurisdiction in Sheffield, Great Barrington, Egremont, Alford, Mount Washington, Monterey, and New Marlborough). — *Justice*, James Bradford; salary, $800. *Special Justices*, James H. Rowley, Herbert C. Joiner. *Clerk*, John K. Siggins; salary, $400.

FIRST PLYMOUTH (court held at Brockton; jurisdiction in Brockton, Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, and West Bridgewater). — *Justice*, Jonas R. Perkins; salary, $1,000. *Special Justices*, Hosea Kingman, Charles W. Sumner. *Clerk*, David L. Cowell; salary, $400.

SECOND PLYMOUTH (court held at Abington and Hingham; jurisdiction in Abington, Rockland, Hingham, Hull, Hanover, Hanson, South Abington, Scituate, and South Scituate). — *Justice*, Jesse E. Keith; salary, $1,250. *Special Justices*, Zenas Jenkins, James S. Lewis. *Clerk*, Otis W. Soule; salary, $650.

THIRD PLYMOUTH (court held at Plymouth; jurisdiction in Plymouth, Kingston, Plympton, Pembroke, Duxbury, and Marshfield). — *Justice*, Chas. G. Davis; salary, $700. *Special Justices*, Frank T. Vinal, Wm. S. Danforth. *Clerk*, Benj. A. Hathaway; salary, $300.

FOURTH PLYMOUTH (court held at Middleborough and Wareham; jurisdiction in Middleborough, Wareham, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, and Rochester). — *Justice*, Francis N. Vaughan; salary, $800. *Special Justices*, Lemuel LeB. Holmes, Andrew L. Tinkham. *Clerk*, William L. Chipman; salary, $400.

FIRST NORTHERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Ayer; jurisdiction in Ayer, Groton, Pepperell, Townsend, Ashby, Shirley, Westford, Littleton, and Boxborough). — *Justice*, Levi Wallace; salary, $800. *Special Justices*, Warren H. Atwood, John Spaulding. *Clerk*, George W. Sanderson; salary, $400.

FIRST SOUTHERN MIDDLESEX (court held at South Framingham; jurisdiction in Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Sherborn, Sudbury, and Wayland). — *Justices*, Constantine C. Esty; salary, $1,200. *Special Justices*, Lucius H. Wakefield, Walter Adams. *Clerk*, Joseph H. Ladd; salary, $600.

FIRST EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Malden and Wakefield; jurisdiction in Wilmington, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield, Melrose, Malden, Everett, and Medford). — *Justice*, John W. Pettengill; salary, $1,200. *Special Justices*, Thomas S. Harlow, Solon Bancroft. *Clerk*, William N. Tyler; salary, $800.

SECOND EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Waltham; jurisdiction in Waltham, Watertown, and Weston). — *Justice*, Enos T. Luce; salary, $1,200. *Special Justices*, Henry S. Milton, Samuel P. Abbott.

CENTRAL MIDDLESEX (court held at Concord; jurisdiction in Acton, Bedford, Carlisle, Concord, Lincoln, Maynard, Stow, and Lexington). — *Justice*, John S. Keyes; salary, $600. *Special Justices*, Augustus E. Scott, Charles Thompson.

FIRST ESSEX (court held at Salem; jurisdiction in Salem, Beverly, Danvers, Hamilton, Middleton, Topsfield, and Wenham). — *Justice*, Joseph B. F. Osgood; salary, $1,600. *Special Justices*, Daniel E. Safford, Nathaniel J. Holden. *Clerk*, Samuel P. Andrews; salary, $1,000.

FIRST BRISTOL (court held at Taunton; jurisdiction in Taunton, Rehoboth, Berkley, Dighton, Seekonk, Attleborough, Norton, Mansfield, Easton, and Raynham). — *Justices*, Wm. H. Fox; salary, $1,400. *Special Justices*, Erastus M. Reed, William E. Fuller. *Clerk*, Arthur M. Alger; salary, $800.

SECOND BRISTOL (court held at Fall River; jurisdiction in Fall River, Freetown, Somerset, and Swansea). — *Justice*, Josiah C. Blaisdell; salary, $2,500. *Special Justices*, John J. Archer, Benj. K. Lovatt. *Clerk*, Augustus B. Leonard; salary, $1,800.

THIRD BRISTOL (court held at New Bedford; jurisdiction in New Bedford, Fairhaven, Acushnet, Dartmouth, and Westport). — *Justice*, Alanson Borden; salary, $1,400. *Special Justices*, Francis W. Tappan, Frank A. Milliken. *Clerk*, Thomas J. Cobb; salary, $800.

FIRST SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Southbridge and Webster; jurisdiction in Sturbridge, Southbridge, Charlton, Dudley, Oxford, and Webster). — *Justice*, Clark Jillson; salary, $1,000. *Special Justices*, Frederick W. Botham, William H. Davis.

SECOND SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Blackstone and Uxbridge; jurisdiction in Blackstone, Uxbridge, Douglas, and Northbridge). — *Justice*, Arthur A. Putnam; salary, $1,000. *Special Justice*, Zadok A. Taft.

THIRD SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Milford; jurisdiction in Milford, Mendon, and Upton). — *Justice*, Charles A. Dewey; salary, $1,400. *Special Justices*, James R. Davis, Charles E. Whitney.

First Eastern Worcester (court held at Westborough and Grafton; jurisdiction in Northborough, Southborough, Westborough and Grafton). — *Justice*, Dexter Newton; salary, $700. *Special Justices*, Benj. B. Nourse, Luther K. Leland.

Second Eastern Worcester (court held at Clinton; jurisdiction in Clinton, Berlin, Bolton, Harvard, Lancaster, and Sterling). — *Justice*, Christopher C. Stone; salary, $800. *Special Justice*, Jonathan Smith. *Clerk*, Frank E. Howard; salary, $400.

Central Worcester (court held at Worcester; jurisdiction in Worcester, Millbury, Sutton, Auburn, Leicester, Paxton, W. Boylston, Boylston, Holden, and Shrewsbury). — *Justice*, Hartley Williams; salary, $2,500. *Special Justices*, Samuel Utley, George M. Woodward. *Clerk*, —— ——; salary, $2,000. *Assistant Clerk*, Amos C. Allen; salary, $800.

East Norfolk (court held at Quincy; jurisdiction in Randolph, Braintree, Cohasset, Weymouth, Quincy, Holbrook, and Milton). — *Justice*, Everett C. Bumpus; salary, $1,200. *Special Justices*, James A. Tower, E. Granville Pratt. *Clerk*, J. White Belcher; salary, $600.

Eastern Hampden (court held at Palmer; jurisdiction in Palmer, Brimfield, Monson, Holland, and Wales). — *Justice*, George Robinson; salary, $800. *Special Justices*, Henry F. Brown, James B. Shaw.

District Attorneys.

[Elected by several Districts for the term of three years, ending January, 1884.]

Northern District. — Middlesex County, William B. Stevens, of Stoneham; salary, $2,400. *Assistant*, P. H. Cooney, of Natick; salary, $1,500.

Eastern District. — Essex County, Edgar J. Sherman, of Lawrence; salary, $1,800.

Southern District. — Bristol, Barnstable, Dukes, and Nantucket counties, Hosea M. Knowlton, of New Bedford; salary, $1,800.

South-eastern District. — Norfolk and Plymouth counties, Asa French, of Braintree; salary, $1,800.

MIDDLE DISTRICT. — Worcester County, Francis T. Blackmer, of Worcester; salary, $1,800.

WESTERN DISTRICT. — Hampden and Berkshire counties, Andrew J. Waterman, of Springfield; salary, $1,800.

NORTH-WESTERN DISTRICT. — Hampshire and Franklin counties, Daniel W. Bond, of Northampton; salary, $1,350.

SUFFOLK COUNTY. — Oliver Stevens, of Boston; salary, $4,500. Timothy J. Dacey, *First Assistant Attorney;* salary, $2,400. Melvin O. Adams, *Second Assistant;* salary, $2,000. *Clerk*, Robert W. Nason; salary, $1,000.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Sheriffs, Registers of Deeds, and County Treasurers are elected by the people of the several counties for terms of three years. The current triennial term of Sheriffs expires on the first Wednesday of January, 1884, and that of the Registers of Deeds and County Treasurers in January, 1883.

Registers of Probate and Insolvency and Clerks of Courts are elected for terms of five years. The current term of the former expires on the first Wednesday in January, 1884; that of the latter in 1882.

Commissioners of Insolvency are elected by the people, three in number for each county, except Worcester County, which has four. Each Commissioner holds his office for three years from the first Wednesday in January following his election. The current term expires on the first Wednesday in January, 1884.

Registers of Deeds and Clerks of Courts are paid by fees. Sheriffs and County Treasurers are paid by fixed salaries.

County Commissioners are elected, one annually, and severally for terms of three years; and two Special Commissioners are elected every third year, the current term ending in December, 1883.

By section 29 of chapter 17 of the General Statutes, the County Commissioners and Special Commissioners of the several counties are paid from the treasuries of their respective counties a gross sum in full for their services and travel, the same to be apportioned to each, according to the number of days' service and actual amount of travel performed by each respectively. (See chap. 295, Acts 1879.)

By the provisions of section 33 of chapter 120 of the General Statutes, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, is required to designate and commission a certain number of Justices of the Peace as Trial Justices in the several counties to try criminal cases. No Justice of the Peace not thus designated and commissioned has any power or authority in criminal cases, except to receive complaints and issue warrants, for which no fees are to be allowed.

By the provisions of chapter 187 of the Acts of 1860, each Trial Justice holds office for the term of three years from the time of his designation, unless such designation is sooner revoked, or unless his commission of Justice of the Peace shall sooner expire.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY — Incorporated 1685.

Shire Town, BARNSTABLE.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Joseph M. Day, Barnstable . $1,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Freeman H. Lothrop, Barnstable 1,000
Sheriff — Thomas Harris, Barnstable 500
Clerk of Courts — Smith K. Hopkins, Barnstable.
County Treasurer — William H. Underwood, Harwich . . . 500
Register of Deeds — Asa E. Lovell, Barnstable.
County Commissioners (compensation, $1,100) —
James S. Howes, Dennis . . Term expires December, 1882
Nathan D. Freeman, Provincetown, " " " 1883
Joshua C. Robinson, Falmouth . " " " 1884
Special Commissioners —
Freeman Howes, Yarmouth . . Term expires December, 1883
John E. Perry, Chatham . . " " " 1883
Commissioners of Insolvency — Ebenezer S. Whittemore, Sandwich; Nathaniel Sears, Barnstable; Jonathan Higgins, Orleans.
Trial Justices — James B. Crocker, Yarmouth; Marshall S. Underwood, Dennis; Eben S. Whittemore, Sandwich; Theodore F. Bassett, Hyannis; Smith K. Hopkins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich Port; George T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Benjamin F. Hutchinson, Provincetown.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — Incorporated 1761.

Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Jas. T. Robinson, No. Adams, $1,200
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Edward T. Slocum, Lee . 1,200
Sheriff — Hiram B. Willington, Pittsfield 1,000
Clerk of Courts — Henry W. Taft, Pittsfield.
County Treasurer — George H. Tucker, Pittsfield 1,200
Registers of Deeds — North District, E. E. Merchant, Adams; Middle District, Henry M. Pitt, Pittsfield; South District, Isaac Seeley, Great Barrington.
County Commissioners (compensation, $1,600) —
John B. Hull, Stockbridge . . Term expires December, 1882
Abiathar W. Preston, North Adams, " " " 1883
Lyman Payne, Hinsdale . . . " " " 1884
Special Commissioners —
James M. Waterman, Williamstown, Term expires December, 1883
H. M. Pierson, Pittsfield . . . " " " 1883

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — Concluded.

Commissioners of Insolvency — Charles J. Parkhurst, North Adams; Edward T. Slocum, Lee; William Turtle, Pittsfield.

Trial Justices — William C. Spaulding, West Stockbridge; Henry J. Dunham, Stockbridge; George A. Shepard, Sandisfield.

BRISTOL COUNTY — Incorporated 1685.

Shire Towns, TAUNTON AND NEW BEDFORD.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Edm'd H. Bennett, Taunton, $1,800

Register of Probate and Insolvency — Wm. E. Fuller, Taunton . 1,800

Sheriff — Andrew R. Wright, Fall River 1,500

Clerk of Courts — Simeon Borden, Fall River.

County Treasurer — George F. Pratt, Taunton 1,500

Registers of Deeds — North District, Joseph E. Wilbar, Taunton; South District, Charles C. Sayer, New Bedford.

County Commissioners (compensation, $2,000) —

Killey E. Terry, New Bedford . Term expires December, 1882

Franklin Gray, Fall River . . " " " 1883

Henry A. Thayer, Taunton . . " " " 1884

Special Commissioners —

George N. Crandall, Attleborough, Term expires December, 1883

Daniel J. Lewis, Fairhaven . . " " " 1883

Commissioners of Insolvency — George E. Williams, Taunton; Charles T. Bonney, New Bedford; George A. Adams, Attleborough.

DUKES COUNTY — Incorporated 1683.

Shire Town, EDGARTOWN.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Joseph T. Pease, Edgartown, $500

Register of Probate and Insolvency — Hebron Vincent, Edgartown, 600

Sheriff — Francis C. Smith, Edgartown 300

Clerk of Courts — Samuel Keniston, Edgartown.

County Treasurer — John S. Smith, Edgartown 300

Register of Deeds — John S. Smith, Edgartown 200

County Commissioners (compensation, $400) —

Lorenzo Smith, Tisbury . . . Term expires December, 1882

Jonathan H. Munroe, Edgartown . " " " 1883

Asa Smith, Chilmark . . . " " " 1884

Special Commissioners —

Shubael L. Norton, Cottage City . Term expires December, 1883

Wm. A. Vanderhoop, Jr., Gay Head, " " " 1883

Commissioners of Insolvency — Abram Rodney, Gay Head; Archibald Mellen, Edgartown; Vernal Clifford, Gosnold.

Trial Justices — Jeremiah Pease, Edgartown; I. N. Luce, Cottage City.

ESSEX COUNTY — Incorporated 1634.

Shire Towns, SALEM, LAWRENCE, AND NEWBURYPORT.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — George F. Choat, Salem . $2,500
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Jeremiah T. Mahoney, Salem, 2,000
Assistant Register — Ezra D. Hines, Danvers 1,500
Sheriff — Horatio G. Herrick, Lawrence 1,800
Clerk of Courts — Alfred A. Abbott, Peabody.
Assistant Clerk — George R. Lord, Salem 2,100
County Treasurer — E. Kendall Jenkins, Andover 1,800
Registers of Deeds — Southern District, Charles S. Osgood, Salem; Northern District, John R. Poor, Lawrence.
County Commissioners (compensation, $3,200) —
George J. L. Colby, Newburyport, Term expires December, 1882
Zachariah Graves, Lynn . . . " " " 1883
John W. Raymond, Beverly . . " " " 1884
Special Commissioners —
Aaron Sawyer, Amesbury . . Term expires December, 1883
Orlando B. Tenney, Georgetown . " " " 1883
Commissioners of Insolvency — William L. Thompson, Lawrence; Nathaniel J. Holden, Salem; Warren Tilton, Haverhill.
Trial Justices — J. Scott Todd, Rowley; Nathaniel F. S. York, Rockport; Wm. M. Rogers, Methuen; Orlando B. Tenney, Georgetown; George H. Poor, Andover; George W. Cate, Amesbury; Amos Merrill, Peabody; Orlando S. Baley, Amesbury; William Nutting, Jr., Marblehead; Wesley K. Bell, Ipswich; Joseph T. Wilson, Nahant; M. Perry Sargent, Merrimac.

FRANKLIN COUNTY — Incorporated 1811.

Shire Town, GREENFIELD.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — C. C. Conant, Greenfield . $1,400
Register of Probate and Insolvency — F. M. Thompson, Gr'nfield, 1,400
Sheriff — George A. Kimball, Greenfield 800
Clerk of Courts — Edward E. Lyman, Greenfield.
County Treasurer — C. M. Moody, Greenfield 600
Register of Deeds — Edwin Stratton, Greenfield.
County Commissioners (compensation, $1,100) —
Edward F. Mayo . . . . Term expires December, 1882
Carlos Batchelder, Conway . " " " 1883
Lyman G. Barton, Greenfield . " " " 1884
Special Commissioners —
Beriah W. Fay, New Salem . . Term expires December, 1883
Israel Billings, Deerfield . . " " " 1883

FRANKLIN COUNTY — Concluded.

Commissioners of Insolvency — Hugh B. Miller, Colrain; Henry M. Puffer, Shelburne; Erastus F. Gunn, Montague.

Trial Justices — Gorham D. Williams, Greenfield; Hiram Woodward, Orange; Samuel D. Bardwell, Shelburne Falls; Albert Montague, Sunderland; Henry W. Billings, Conway; Silas Blake, Ashfield; Charles Pomeroy, Northfield; William S. Dana and Erastus F. Gunn, Montague; Francis M. Thompson, Greenfield.

HAMPDEN COUNTY — Incorporated 1812.

Shire Town, SPRINGFIELD.

	Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Wm. S. Shurtleff, Springfield,	$1,800
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Samuel B. Spooner, Springfield	1,600
Sheriff — Hiram Q. Sanderson, Springfield	1,250
Clerk of Courts — Robert O. Morris, Springfield.	
Assistant Clerk — Charles C. Spellman.	
County Treasurer — M. Wells Bridge, Springfield	1,200
Register of Deeds — James E. Russell, Springfield.	
County Commissioners (compensation, $1,600) —	
Leonard Clark, Springfield — Term expires December,	1882
Henry A. Chase — " " "	1883
Lewis F. Root, Westfield — " " "	1884
Special Commissioners —	
Ira G. Potter, Wilbraham — Term expires December,	1883
Samuel A. Bartholomew, Blandford " " "	1883

Commissioners of Insolvency — William B. Rogers, Springfield; J. R. Dunbar, Westfield; Charles L. Gardner, Palmer.

Trial Justices — Henry B. Lewis, Homer B. Stevens, and Henry Fuller, Westfield; James M. Goodwin, West Granville; Rufus Smith, Chester.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY — Incorporated 1662.

Shire Town, NORTHAMPTON.

	Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — William G. Bassett, Easthampton	$1,400
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Luke Lyman, Northampton	1,400

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY — Concluded.

Salary.

Sheriff — Henry A. Longley, Northampton $800
Clerk of Courts — W. P. Strickland, Northampton
County Treasurer — Lewis Warner, Northampton . . . 600
Register of Deeds — Henry P. Billings, Northampton.
County Commissioners (compensation, $1,200) —
Elisha A. Edwards, Southampton . Term expires December, 1882
Elnathan Graves, Williamsburg . " " " 1883
Flavel Gaylord, Amherst . . . " " " 1884
Special Commissioners —
Samuel L. Parsons, Northampton . Term expires December, 1883
Charles E. Blood, Ware . . . " " " 1883
Commissioners of Insolvency — Timothy G. Spaulding, Northampton; Benjamin S. Johnson, Williamsburg; Garry Munson, Huntington.
Trial Justices — Franklin D. Richards, Ware; Edward A. Thomas, Amherst; Garry Munson, Huntington; Charles Richards, Enfield; Haynes H. Chilson, Northampton; Francis H. Dawes, Cummington; Edwin R. Bridgman, Belchertown; Enos Parsons, Northampton; Alburn J. Fargo, Easthampton.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — Incorporated 1643.

Shire Towns, CAMBRIDGE (EAST) AND LOWELL.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Geo. M. Brooks, Concord . $2,500
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester 2,600
Assistant Register — Samuel H. Folsom, Winchester 1,500
Sheriff — Eben W. Fiske, Waltham 2,000
Clerk of Courts — Theodore C. Hurd, Cambridge.
Assistant Clerk — John J. Sawyer, Somerville 2,100
Second Assistant Clerk — John L. Ambrose, Somerville.
County Treasurer — Amos Stone, Everett 1,800
Registers of Deeds — North District, Joseph P. Thompson, Lowell; South District, Charles B. Stevens, Stoneham.
County Commissioners * (compensation, $3,600) —
Daniel G. Walton, Wakefield . . Term expires December, 1882
Harrison Harwood, Natick . . " " " 1883
J. Henry Read, Westford . . " " " 1884
Special Commissioners —
Edward Everett Thompson, Woburn, Term expires December, 1883
Samuel Staples, Concord . . . " " " 1883

* The jurisdiction of the County Commissioners of Middlesex extends over Revere and Winthrop, in the County of Suffolk.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — Concluded.

Commissioners of Insolvency — Clark A. Bachelder, Ayer; John Haskell Butler, Somerville; Frederick T. Greenhalge, Lowell.
Trial Justices — B. Berkley Johnson, Waltham; James T. Joslin, Hudson; George S. Littlefield, Winchester; Parker L. Converse, Woburn; John H. Hardy, Arlington; Jesse F. Wheeler, Watertown; Nahum Witherbee, Marlborough; Edwin C. Morse, Natick.

NANTUCKET COUNTY — Incorporated 1695.

	Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Thaddeus C. Defriez	$500
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Samuel Swain	600
Sheriff — Josiah F. Barrett	300

Clerk of Courts — George W. Jenks.
County Treasurer — Samuel Swain.
Register of Deeds — Andrew M. Myrick.
Assistant Register — George W. Jenks.
Trial Justices — David Folger, Allen Coffin.
Commissioners of Insolvency — Andrew M. Myrick, Albert A. Gardner.

NOTE. — The selectmen of the town of Nantucket have the powers and perform the duties of County Commissioners. The Treasurer of the town is also County Treasurer.

NORFOLK COUNTY — Incorporated 1793.

Shire Town, DEDHAM.

	Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — George White, Newton	$2,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Jonathan Cobb, Dedham	1,500
Assistant Register — John D. Cobb, Dedham	1,100
Sheriff — Rufus C. Wood, Dedham	1,200
Clerk of Courts — Erastus Worthington, Dedham.	
Assistant Clerk — Edgar H. Kingsbury, Dedham	1,500
County Treasurer — Chauncey C. Churchill, Dedham	1,200
Register of Deeds — John H. Burdakin, Dedham.	

County Commissioners (compensation, $1,900) —

Jabez Talbot, Jr., Stoughton	Term expires December, 1882
James Humphrey, Weymouth	" " " 1883
George W. Wiggin, Franklin	" " " 1884

Special Commissioners —

Benjamin F. Baker, Brookline	Term expires December, 1883
George P. Morey, Walpole	" " " 1883

NORFOLK COUNTY — Concluded.

Commissioners of Insolvency — George W. Wiggin, Franklin; Emery Grover, Needham; James E. Tirrell, Quincy.

Trial Justices — Emery Grover, Needham; Charles H. Drew, Brookline; Samuel Warner, Wrentham; Frederick D. Ely, Dedham; George W. Wiggin, Franklin; Oscar A. Marden, Stoughton; Thomas E. Grover, Canton; Henry B. Terry, Hyde Park; John C. Lane, Norwood; Nathan A. Cook, Bellingham.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY — Incorporated 1685.

Shire Town, PLYMOUTH.

	Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Wm. H. Wood, Middleboro',	$1,500
Register of Probate and Insolvency — D. E. Damon, Plymouth	1,500
Sheriff — Alpheus K. Harmon, Plymouth	900
Clerk of Courts — William H. Whitman, Plymouth.	
County Treasurer — John Morissey, Plymouth	1,000
Register of Deeds — William S. Danforth, Plymouth.	
County Commissioners (compensation, $1,900) —	
Jedediah Dwelley, Hanover — Term expires December,	1882
Charles H. Paine, Halifax — " " "	1883
Walter H. Faunce, Kingston — " " "	1884
Special Commissioners —	
Chas. W. S. Seymour, Hingham — Term expires December,	1883
Obed Delano, Marion — " " "	1883

Commissioners of Insolvency — John C. Sullivan, Middleborough; Hosea Kingman, Bridgewater; Charles W. Sumner, Brockton.

SUFFOLK COUNTY — Incorporated 1643.

	Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — John W. McKim, Boston	$4,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Elijah George, Boston	3,000
Clerk — James L. Crombie	1,200
Assistant Register — John H. Paine	1,500
Sheriff — John M. Clark, Boston	2,500
Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court — John Noble.	
Assistant Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court — Henry A. Clapp, Boston.	
Clerk of Superior Court (Civil Session) — Joseph A. Willard, Boston.	
Assistant — Edwin A. Wadleigh.	
Clerk of Superior Court (Criminal Session) — John P. Manning, Boston.	

SUFFOLK COUNTY — Concluded.

City and County Treasurer — Alfred T. Turner.
Register of Deeds — Thomas F. Temple, Boston.
Trial Justice — Charles W. Hall, Winthrop.
Commissioners of Insolvency — Edward J. Jones, James F. Farley, and Edward J. Jenkins, all of Boston.

NOTE. — In the city of Boston the Board of Aldermen have all the powers and duties of County Commissioners, except in relation to trials by jury and recovery of damages in such trials, in cases of laying out and discontinuing highways, and appeals from assessors for abatement of taxes. The Treasurer of the city of Boston is likewise County Treasurer.

COUNTY OF WORCESTER — Incorporated 1731.

Shire Towns, WORCESTER AND FITCHBURG.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Adin Thayer, Worcester . $2,500
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Chas. E. Stevens, Worcester, 2,000
Assistant Register — Frederick W. Southwick, Worcester . . 1,500
Sheriff — Augustus B. R. Sprague, Worcester 2,000
Clerk of Courts —
Assistant Clerk — William T. Harlow, Worcester 2,100
Second Assistant Clerk — Elliott H. Peabody, Worcester.
Register of Deeds — Harvey B. Wilder, Worcester.
County Treasurer — Edward A. Brown, Worcester . . . 1,800
County Commissioners (compensation, $3,400) —
George S. Duell, Brookfield . . Term expires December, 1882
William O. Brown, Fitchburg . . " " " 1883
Henry G. Taft, Uxbridge . . . " " " 1884
Special Commissioners —
Charles J. Rice, Winchendon . . Term expires December, 1883
S. Davis Hall, Grafton . . . " " " 1883
Commissioners of Insolvency — Charles Field, Athol; David H. Merriam, Fitchburg; William H. Briggs, Worcester; John M. Cochran, Southbridge.
Trial Justices — John W. Tyler, Warren; Luther Hill, Spencer; E. Wyman Stone, Stillman Cady, Templeton; Charles H. Merriam, Leominster; Bethuel Ellis, Giles H. Whitney, Winchendon; Horace W. Bush, West Brookfield; George W. Conn, Gardner; George S. Duell, Brookfield; Charles E. Jenks, North Brookfield; Enoch T. Lewis and Edgar V. Wilson, Athol; James W. Jenkins, Barre.

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

[Established by Act of April 21, 1852. See also chap. 220 of Acts of 1863, and chap. 263 of Acts of 1866.]

Members ex Officiis.

His Excellency John D. Long.
His Honor Byron Weston.
Hon. Henry B. Peirce, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*
Charles A. Goessmann, *State Agricultural Chemist.*
Levi Stockbridge, *President Mass. Agricultural College.*

Appointed by the Governor and Council.

James R. Nichols of Haverhill	Term expires	1882
Marshall P. Wilder of Boston	" "	1883
James S. Grinnell of Greenfield	" "	1884

Chosen by the County Societies.

Massachusetts, E. F. Bowditch of Framingham	Term expires	1882
Essex, Benjamin P. Ware of Marblehead	" "	1884
Middlesex, John B. Moore of Concord	" "	1882
" North, A. C. Varnum of Lowell	" "	1883
" South, S. B. Bird of Framingham	" "	1884
Worcester, O. B. Hadwen of Worcester	" "	1884
" West, E. C. Farnsworth of Templeton	" "	1884
" North, George Jewett of Fitchburg	" "	1884
" North-west, J. P. Lynde of Athol	" "	1883
" South, Samuel N. Gleason of Warren	" "	1883
" South-east, Velorous Taft of West Upton,	" "	1882
Hampshire, Franklin, and Hampden, J. H. Demond of Northampton	" "	1882
Hampshire, Flavel Gaylord of Amherst	" "	1883
Highland, E. H. Goodrich, Jr., of Hinsdale	" "	1884
Hampden, William R. Sessions of Hampden	" "	1882
" East, Horace P. Wakefield, of Leicester	" "	1882

Union, Henry K. Herrick of Blandford . . . Term expires 1883
Franklin, John S. Anderson of Shelburne . . " " 1883
Deerfield Valley, Arthur A. Smith of Colrain . . " " 1884
Berkshire, Henry M. Pierson of Pittsfield . . " " 1882
Hoosac Valley, A. W. Preston of North Adams . " " 1882
Housatonic, Merritt I. Wheeler of Great Barrington, " " 1882
Bristol, Avery P. Slade of Somerset . . . . " " 1884
Plymouth, John Lane of East Bridgewater . . " " 1884
Hingham, Edmund Hersey of Hingham . . . " " 1882
Marshfield, George M. Baker of Marshfield . . " " 1882
Barnstable, Augustus T. Perkins of Cotuit (Barnstable), " " 1883
Nantucket, Alexander Macy, Jr., of Nantucket . " " 1882
Martha's Vineyard, David Mayhew of North Tisbury . . . . . " " 1883

John E. Russell, *Secretary.*

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

[Established by Act of April 20, 1837.]

The Board consists of the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, *ex officiis*, and eight members, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council.

Christopher C. Hussey, Billerica . . . . Term expires 1882
Charles B. Rice, Danvers . . . . . " " 1883
Elijah B. Stoddard, Worcester . . . . . " " 1884
Alonzo A. Miner, Boston . . . . . " " 1885
Thomas W. Higginson, Cambridge . . . . " " 1886
Admiral P. Stone, Springfield . . . . . " " 1887
Abby W. May, Boston . . . . . " " 1888
Milton B. Whitney, Westfield . . . . . " " 1889

John W. Dickinson, *Secretary.* Office in the Library.
C. B. Tillinghast, *Clerk and Treasurer.*
George A. Walton and Eli A. Hubbard, *Agents.*
Walter Smith, *Director of Art-Education.*

BOARD OF HEALTH, LUNACY, AND CHARITY.

[Established by Act of April 30, 1879.]

Thomas Talbot, Billerica, *Chairman*	Term expires		1884
Robert T. Davis, Fall River	"	"	1882
Ezra Parmenter, Cambridge	"	"	1882
Charles F. Donnelly, Boston	"	"	1883
George P. Carter, Cambridge	"	"	1883
Alfred Hosmer, Watertown	"	"	1885
Clara T. Leonard, Springfield	"	"	1885
John C. Hoadley, Lawrence	"	"	1886
Edward Hitchcock, Amherst	"	"	1886

Charles F. Donnelly, *Secretary.*

Frank B. Sanborn, Concord, *Inspector of Charities.*

S. C. Wrightington, Fall River, *Superintendent of In-door Poor.*

Henry B. Wheelwright, Newburyport, *Superintendent of Out-door Poor.*

Henry P. Walcott, M.D., Cambridge, *Health Officer.*

COMMISSIONERS, ETC.

On Cattle — Levi Stockbridge, Amherst; Elisha F. Thayer, West Newton; Horace W. Jordan, Brighton.

Of Corporations — Charles Endicott, Canton, Office, State House.

Harbor and Land — Albert Mason, Brookline, 1882; Francis A. Nye, Falmouth, 1883; Henry L. Whiting, Tisbury, 1884. (Chap. 263, Acts of 1879.)

On Inland Fisheries — Edward A. Brackett, Winchester, 1884; Asa French, Braintree, 1886; Theodore Lyman, Brookline, 1886.

On Insurance — Julius L. Clarke, Newton. *Deputy*, William S. Smith. Office, No. 33 Pemberton Square.

On Pilots for the Port of Boston — Nathaniel Spooner, Boston; Thomas P. Howes, Dennis. (Chap. 176, Acts of 1862.)

Of Prisons — Ellen C. Johnson, Boston, 1882; Charles O. Chapin, Springfield, 1883; Thomas Parsons, Brookline, 1884; Emma F. Cary, Cambridge, 1885; William Roberts, Waltham, 1886. (Chap. 294, Acts of 1879.) *Secretary*, Warren F. Spalding, Cambridge.

On Railroads — Thomas Russell, Boston, *Chairman*, 1882; Clemens Herschel, Holyoke, 1883; Edward W. Kinsley, Boston, 1884. *Clerk*, William A. Crafts. *Supervisor of Railroad Accounts*, Frederick E. Jones. Office, No. 7 Pemberton Square.

On Savings Banks — Cadwallader Curry, Brookline, 1882; Jeremiah Gatchell, Blackstone, 1884. Office, State House.

Bureau of Labor Statistics — *Chief*, Carroll D. Wright, Reading. *1st Clerk*, Charles F. Pidgin. Office, 33 Pemberton Square.

Inspector of Leather — —— ——, Boston.

Inspector of Gas and Gas-Meters — Charles W. Hinman, Boston. *Assistant Inspector*, Charles R. Fletcher, Boston.

Inspector-General of Fish — William Cogswell, Salem.

Surveyor-General of Lumber — George W. Cram, Cambridge.

STATE DIRECTORS OF BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD (elected by the Legislature) — J. H. Chadwick, Boston, 1882; Jarvis N. Dunham, Pittsfield, 1882; John Kinsman, Salem, 1882; Francis B. Hayes, Boston, 1883; Theodore C. Bates, North Brookfield, 1883.

STATE ASSAYERS OF ORES AND METALS — S. Dana Hayes, Boston; Augustus A. Hayes, Boston; Stephen P. Sharples, Cambridge; Horace L. Bowker, Boston; W. French Smith, Somerville; Charles R. Fletcher, Boston.

STATE ASSAYER OF LIQUORS — James F. Babcock, Boston.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

LUNATIC HOSPITALS.

The government of each is vested in a Board of Five Trustees, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council, and the place of the senior member, as arranged in the following order, to be vacated each year: —

Worcester.

John D. Washburn, Worcester, 1882; John F. Moors, Greenfield, 1883; Robert W. Hooper, Boston, 1884; Rufus D. Woods, Enfield, 1885; Thomas H. Gage, Worcester, 1886.

Superintendent — John G. Park, M.D.

[The Temporary Asylum for Chronic Insane, Hosea M. Quinby, M.D., Superintendent, is also under charge of above Trustees.]

Taunton.

William C. Lovering, Taunton, 1882; Simeon Borden, Fall River, 1883; Le Baron Russell, Boston, 1884; Samuel L. Crocker, Taunton, 1885; George Howland, Jr., New Bedford, 1886.

Superintendent — J. P. Brown, M.D.

Northampton.

Lyman D. James, Williamsburg, 1882; William M. Gaylord, Northampton, 1883; Silas M. Smith, Northampton, 1884; Adams C. Deane, Greenfield, 1885; Henry W. Taft, Pittsfield, 1886.

Superintendent — Pliny Earle, M.D.

Danvers.

James Sturgis, Boston, 1882; Charles F. Folsom, Boston, 1883; Samuel W. Hopkinson, Bradford, 1884; Charles P. Preston, Danvers, 1885; Daniel S. Richardson, Lowell, 1886.

Superintendent — William B. Goldsmith, M.D.

STATE PRIMARY AND REFORM SCHOOLS.

Trustees — Thomas Dwight, Boston, 1882; Anne B. Richardson, Lowell, 1883; Lyman Belknap, Westborough, 1884; Samuel R. Heywood, Worcester, 1885; Elizabeth C. Putnam, Boston, 1885; Milo Hildreth, Northborough, 1886; Hamilton A. Hill, 1886, Boston.

[This Board of Trustees was established by sect. 8, chap. 291, Acts of 1879, and they have charge of the government of the State Reform School at Westborough, the Industrial School for Girls at Lancaster, and the State Primary School at Monson.]

STATE REFORM SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

At Westborough.

Superintendent — Joseph A. Allen. *Treasurer* — Milo Hildreth, Northborough.

STATE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

At Lancaster.

Superintendent — N. Porter Brown. *Treasurer* — Milo Hildreth, Northborough.

STATE PRIMARY SCHOOL.

At Monson.

Superintendent — Gardiner Tufts. *Physician* — William Holbrook, M.D.

MASSACHUSETTS EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY.

At Boston.

[By Resolves 1872, Chap. 28.]

Two Trustees appointed by the Governor.

Trustees — Willard P. Phillips, Salem; Isaac N. Stoddard, Plymouth.

MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FOR IDIOTIC AND FEEBLE-MINDED YOUTH.

At South Boston.

Chap. 150 of the Acts of 1850 was repealed by chap. 126 of the Acts of 1878; and the Board now, by said Act, consists of six Trustees, appointed by the Governor for the term of three years: —

Lewis Allen, Peabody; Charles D. Homans, Boston, 1882. John S. Damrell, Boston; William W. Swan, Boston, 1883. Stephen Salisbury, Jr., Worcester; Benjamin F. Spinney, Lynn, 1884.

PERKINS INSTITUTION AND MASSACHUSETTS ASYLUM FOR THE BLIND.

At South Boston.

Trustees — John S. Dwight, Boston; J. Theodore Heard, Boston; James H. Means, Boston; Robert Treat Paine, Jr., Boston, 1884.

STATE PRISON.

At Concord.

Warden — David M. Earle, appointed June 25, 1881. *Deputy Warden* — Joseph W. Owens. *Clerk* — William Peirce. *Physician* — Henry A. Barrett, M.D. *Chaplain* — John F. W. Barnes.
Agent for Discharged Convicts — Daniel Russell.

REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.

At Sherborn.

Superintendent — Eliza M. Mosher, Sherborn. *Physician* — Miss Lucia M. Hall, Sherborn. *Chaplain* — Susan P. Harrold, Somerville.
Treasurer and Steward — Hiram A. Stevens.

STATE ALMSHOUSE.

At Tewksbury.

Trustees — William R. Spaulding, Lawrence, 1882; George P. Elliot, Billerica, 1882; Emily F. Pope, M.D., Boston, 1883; Francis H. Nourse, Winchester, 1884; Ellen S. S. Hammond, Boston, 1884.
Superintendent — Thomas J. Marsh. *Resident Physician* — William H. Lathrop. *First Assistant Physician* — Wendell P. Kenney. *Second Assistant Physician*, Julia P. Pease.

By chap. 45 of the Acts of 1872, the State Almshouses at Bridgewater and Monson were discontinued, and the buildings to be used for a State Workhouse and a State Primary School.

STATE WORKHOUSE.

At Bridgewater.

Trustees — J. White Belcher, Randolph, 1882; Joshua E. Crane, Bridgewater, 1882; Catharine P. Lothrop, Taunton, 1883; Mrs. Annie Fields, Boston, 1884; Weaver Osborn, Fall River, 1884.
Superintendent — Nahum Leonard, Jr. *Physician* — Edward Sawyer.

COLLEGES IN MASSACHUSETTS,

WITH THEIR PRESIDENTS AND TRUSTEES.

HARVARD COLLEGE.

CORPORATION.

CHARLES WM. ELIOT, LL.D., *President.*

Fellows.

Francis Parkman. John Quincy Adams.
Martin Brimmer. Alexander Agassiz.
Rev. Joseph H. Thayer, D.D.

Edward W. Hooper, *Treasurer.*

BOARD OF OVERSEERS.

Hon. E. R. Hoar, LL.D., *President of the Board.*

Members ex Officiis.

Charles W. Eliot, *President of the University.*
Edward W. Hooper, *Treasurer of the University.*

Elective Members.

[Term of office expires June, 1882.]

Rev. Phillips Brooks, D.D. Leverett Saltonstall.
Hon. William C. Endicott. Moorfield Storey.
Henry W. Paine, LL.D.

[Term of office expires June, 1883.]

Hon. Stephen Salisbury, LL.D. William Amory.
James Elliot Cabot. Rev. Francis G. Peabody.
O. W. Holmes.

[Term of office expires June, 1884.]

Rev. Alexander McKenzie, D.D. Charles R. Codman.
Le Baron Russell. Richard M. Hodges.
Robert D. Smith.

[Term of office expires June, 1885.]

John T. Morse. Rev. James F. Clarke, D.D.
Amos A. Lawrence. John Fiske.
Edwin P. Seaver.

[Term of office expires June, 1886.]

John Lowell. John O. Sargent.
Henry Lee. Robert M. Morse.
Francis E. Parker.

[Term of office expires June, 1887.]

Edward Everett Hale, D.D. Morrill Wyman, M.D.
Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar, LL.D. Henry P. Kidder.
Theodore Lyman.

MASSACHUSETTS AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

LEVI STOCKBRIDGE, *President.*

Trustees.

Marshall P. Wilder.
Charles G. Davis.
Henry Colt.
Phineas Stedman.
Daniel Needham.
William Knowlton.
James S. Grinnell.
George Noyes.
John Cummings.
William Wheeler.
O. B. Hadwen.
Benjamin P. Ware.
James H. Demond.

Trustees ex Officiis.

His Excellency John D. Long.
John E. Russell, *Secretary of the Board of Agriculture.*
John W. Dickinson, *Secretary of the Board of Education.*

WILLIAMS COLLEGE.

CORPORATION.

PAUL A. CHADBOURNE, D.D., LL.D., *President.*

Trustees.

Hon. Paul A. Chadbourne.
Rev. Mark Hopkins, D.D., LL.D.
Hon. Henry L. Sabin.
Hon. Joseph White, LL.D.
Rev. Robert R. Booth, D.D.
Rev. Samuel Irenæus Prime, D.D.
Hon. Francis H. Dewey, LL.D.
Rev. Ephraim Flint, D.D.
Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., D.D.
Derrick Lane Boardman.
Benjamin P. Ware.
Charles A. Davison.
Edward Clark.
Amos L. Hopkins.

Hon. Joseph White, *Treasurer and Secretary.*

AMHERST COLLEGE

CORPORATION.

Rev. JULIUS H. SEELYE, D.D., LL.D., *President.*

Trustees.

Henry Edwards.
Hon. Alexander H. Bullock, LL.D.
Hon. Henry Morris, LL.D.
Rev. Edward S. Dwight, D.D.
Nathan Allen, M.D., LL.D.
Hon. Edward B. Gillett.
Rev. Richard S. Storrs, D.D., LL.D.
Rev. R. D. Hitchcock, D.D., LL.D.
Rev. Edmund K. Alden, D.D.
Hon. John E. Sanford.
Rufus B. Kellogg.
Rev. William S. Karr, D.D.
Henry D. Hyde.
Rev. James D. Wilson, D.D.
George Howland.
Prof. F. A. Walker, Ph.D.

Rev. Edward S. Dwight, D.D., *Sec'y.* Wm. A. Dickinson, *Treas.*

TUFTS COLLEGE.

Rev. ELMER H. CAPEN, D.D., *President.*

Trustees.

Israel Washburn, Jr., LL.D., *President.*

Rev. Alonzo A. Miner, D.D., LL.D.
James O. Curtis, Esq.
Hon. Newton Talbot.
Rev. Lucius R. Paige, D.D.
Hon. Timothy T. Sawyer.
Henry B. Metcalf, Esq.
Rev. Henry W. Rugg.
John D. W. Joy, Esq.
Charles Whittier, Esq,
Wilmot L. Warren, Esq.
Arthur E. Denison, Esq.
Norman C. Munson, Esq.
Rev. Elmer H. Capen, D.D.
Charles G. Pope, A.M.
Zebulon L. White, A.M.
Charles S. Fobes, A.M.
Hon. Hosea M. Knowlton.
Hon. Charles H. Rogers.
Rev. J. Coleman Adams.
Rev. Edwin C. Bolles, Ph.D.
Byron Groce, A.M.

Hon. Charles Robinson, Jr., *Vice-President.*
Thomas H. Armstrong, A.M., *Secretary*
William H. Finney, Esq., *Treasurer.*

BOSTON UNIVERSITY.

[20 Beacon Street.]

CORPORATION.

William Claflin, LL.D., *President.*
Hon. Jacob Sleeper, *Vice-President.*
Bradford K. Peirce, S.T.D., *Secretary.*
Richard W. Husted, Esq., *Treasurer.*
William F. Warren, LL.D., S.T.D., *Member ex officio.*

Hon. Henry O. Houghton, A.M.
Major Joseph H. Chadwick.
Daniel Steele, S.T.D.
Bradford K. Peirce, S.T.D.
Francis A. Perry, Esq.
William G. Lincoln, Esq.
Pliny Nickerson, Esq.
Abner I. Benyon, Esq.
Hon. Jacob Sleeper.
Joseph B. Thomas, Esq.
John W. Lindsay, S.T.D.
John H. Twombly, S.T.D.
Hon. Liverus Hull.
Leonard Whitney, Esq.
Edwin H. Johnson, Esq.
William R. Clark, S.T.D.
John Kendrick, Esq.
Hon. William Claflin, LL.D.
Hon. Alden Speare.
Hon. Willis Phelps.
Rt. Rev. Randolph S. Foster, S.T.D., LL.D.
Hon. Edward H. Dunn.
Mrs. Mary B. Claflin.
Mrs. Augustus Hemenway.
Wm. O. Grover, Esq.
George M. Steele, LL.D.
William E. Huntington, S.T.D.

DEPARTMENTS.

Rev. William F. Warren, D.D., LL.D., *President.*

School of All Sciences, 20 Beacon St., J. W. Lindsay, S.T.D., Dean.
School of Theology, 36 Bromfield St., J. E. Latimer, S.T.D., Dean.
School of Law, 36 Bromfield St., E. H. Bennett, LL.D., Dean.
School of Medicine, East Concord St., I. T. Talbot, M.D., Dean.
College of Liberal Arts, 18 Beacon St., J. W. Lindsay, S.T.D., Dean.
College of Music, Music Hall, E. Tourjée, Mus.D., Dean.
College of Agriculture Amherst, Mass., Levi Stockbridge, Dean.

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VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

(By Counties.)

County of Barnstable.

Towns.	Long.	Thompson.	Andrews.	Almy.	All others.
Barnstable	294	60	5	2	–
Brewster	51	–	–	–	–
Chatham	75	31	–	6	–
Dennis	182	6	–	–	–
Eastham	40	9	–	–	–
Falmouth	177	13	10	–	–
Harwich	132	50	9	9	–
Mashpee	30	–	–	–	–
Orleans	98	8	–	–	–
Provincetown	156	26	–	2	–
Sandwich	194	58	–	1	–
Truro	62	4	–	–	–
Wellfleet	78	8	–	–	–
Yarmouth	159	12	–	–	–
Totals	1,728	285	24	20	–

County of Berkshire.

Adams	319	159	–	–	1
Alford	23	45	–	1	–
Becket	81	61	–	6	–
Cheshire	100	69	–	–	–
Clarksburg	32	9	–	–	–
Dalton	129	97	–	1	–
Egremont	85	69	–	1	–
Florida	35	2	–	–	–
Great Barrington	366	247	7	–	–
Hancock	68	28	–	–	–
Hinsdale	127	123	–	–	–
Lanesborough	92	47	–	–	–
Lee	326	248	–	–	–
Lenox	106	145	–	–	–
Monterey	55	46	–	–	–

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Long.	Thompson.	Andrews.	Almy.	All others.
Mount Washington	19	13	–	–	–
New Ashford	11	22	–	–	–
New Marlborough	104	129	–	1	–
North Adams	656	224	–	–	1
Otis	61	57	–	–	–
Peru	60	9	–	–	–
Pittsfield	878	908	–	7	1
Richmond	33	26	–	–	–
Sandisfield	55	60	–	–	–
Savoy	57	25	–	–	–
Sheffield	129	103	1	–	–
Stockbridge	185	117	–	–	–
Tyringham	49	60	–	–	–
Washington	29	22	–	–	–
West Stockbridge	100	78	–	–	–
Williamstown	269	139	–	–	–
Windsor	56	30	–	–	–
Totals	4,695	3,417	8	17	3

COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

Acushnet	87	14	–	1	–
Attleborough	82	16	1	–	–
Berkley	116	9	–	–	–
Dartmouth	229	2	–	20	–
Dighton	109	12	–	–	–
Easton	220	142	–	3	–
Fairhaven	243	66	–	9	1
Fall River	2,363	789	–	2	–
Freetown	94	20	–	2	–
Mansfield	92	20	14	26	–
New Bedford	2,127	621	–	80	3
Norton	99	27	–	–	–
Raynham	68	16	–	–	–
Rehoboth	86	14	–	1	–
Seekonk	47	10	–	–	–
Somerset	201	34	–	–	–
Swansea	67	11	–	–	–
Taunton	1,130	481	34	28	–
Westport	242	–	–	21	1
Totals	7,702	2,304	49	193	5

COUNTIES OF DUKES AND NANTUCKET.

TOWNS.	Long.	Thompson.	Andrews.	Almy.	All others.
Chilmark	51	24	–	–	–
Cottage City	78	15	–	–	–
Edgartown	153	27	–	–	–
Gay Head	20	–	–	–	–
Gosnold	5	–	–	–	–
Tisbury	110	22	–	9	–
Totals	417	88	–	9	–
Nantucket	314	46	–	–	–

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

Amesbury	173	113	–	1	–
Andover	344	96	1	–	–
Beverly	423	166	21	13	–
Boxford	54	15	1	–	–
Bradford	189	176	13	–	–
Danvers	414	61	252	3	–
Essex	149	72	30	–	–
Georgetown	151	72	42	–	–
Gloucester	739	556	61	10	–
Groveland	107	89	13	4	–
Hamilton	47	27	3	–	–
Haverhill	912	447	152	79	2
Ipswich	230	83	1	–	–
Lawrence	1,859	1,851	115	1	1
Lynn	2,431	1,106	656	113	1
Lynnfield	35	6	2	–	–
Manchester	74	46	5	22	–
Marblehead	405	457	214	21	–
Merrimac	155	42	30	–	–
Methuen	304	173	–	2	–
Middleton	54	21	2	–	–
Nahant	39	45	1	–	–
Newbury	149	38	–	–	–
Newburyport	778	542	24	1	1
North Andover	116	73	10	–	–
Peabody	426	289	122	17	–
Rockport	279	183	25	32	–
Rowley	116	48	9	–	–
Salem	1,422	655	44	3	2

COUNTY OF ESSEX — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Long.	Thompson.	Andrews.	Almy.	All others.
Salisbury	184	55	2	–	–
Saugus	152	48	18	1	–
Swampscott	121	37	11	1	–
Topsfield	96	51	9	–	–
Wenham	58	12	24	2	–
West Newbury	78	19	4	–	–
Totals	13,263	7,770	1,917	326	7

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

Ashfield	122	27	–	–	–
Bernardston	86	27	–	–	–
Buckland	74	58	2	–	–
Charlemont	101	10	–	–	–
Colrain	100	24	6	–	–
Conway	173	46	1	–	–
Deerfield	142	117	21	1	1
Erving	39	21	8	–	–
Gill	54	23	–	–	–
Greenfield	321	187	33	2	2
Hawley	58	6	1	–	–
Heath	59	14	1	–	–
Leverett	45	12	43	1	–
Leyden	36	22	3	–	–
Monroe	20	3	1	–	–
Montague	174	104	12	–	–
New Salem	82	11	–	–	–
Northfield	84	69	15	–	–
Orange	225	66	21	4	–
Rowe	54	8	1	–	–
Shelburne	195	28	–	–	2
Shutesbury	32	23	11	–	–
Sunderland	111	22	1	–	–
Warwick	63	44	7	–	1
Wendell	32	14	–	–	–
Whately	50	58	25	–	–
Totals	2,532	1,044	213	8	6

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

Towns.	Long.	Thompson.	Andrews.	Almy.	All others.
Agawam	60	75	–	–	–
Blandford	85	55	–	–	–
Brimfield	85	33	–	4	–
Chester	91	56	–	–	–
Chicopee	416	364	7	1	–
Granville	74	55	–	–	–
Hampden	58	29	–	–	–
Holland	36	8	–	–	–
Holyoke	722	800	–	3	–
Longmeadow	58	8	–	–	–
Ludlow	81	14	–	–	–
Monson	229	100	2	7	–
Montgomery	29	10	–	–	–
Palmer	275	136	–	5	–
Russell	35	40	1	1	–
Southwick	82	58	–	–	–
Springfield	2,057	934	58	63	–
Tolland	44	46	–	–	–
Wales	82	26	–	1	–
Westfield	457	554	7	5	–
West Springfield	133	59	–	–	–
Wilbraham	115	12	–	–	–
Totals	5,304	3,472	75	90	–

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

Amherst	233	71	3	1	–
Belchertown	145	31	61	–	–
Chesterfield	116	20	4	–	–
Cummington	166	36	4	–	–
Easthampton	177	47	9	–	–
Enfield	82	19	–	–	1
Goshen	68	2	–	–	–
Granby	83	1	6	–	–
Greenwich	46	10	–	–	–
Hadley	114	34	–	–	–
Hatfield	101	65	–	–	–
Huntington	123	56	1	–	1
Middlefield	60	6	–	–	–
Northampton	391	154	108	9	–
Pelham *	–	–	–	–	–
Plainfield	85	6	–	–	–

* Names and figures not filled in.

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Long.	Thompson.	Andrews.	Almy.	All others.
Prescott	22	6	–	–	–
South Hadley	196	82	–	–	–
Southampton	71	7	2	7	–
Ware	240	165	4	–	–
Westhampton	54	9	–	–	–
Williamsburg	105	79	2	–	–
Worthington	128	23	–	–	–
Totals	2,806	929	204	17	2

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Acton	158	99	9	5	–
Arlington	271	151	–	1	–
Ashby	102	10	–	2	–
Ashland	168	59	1	–	–
Ayer	107	105	–	–	–
Bedford	66	11	1	–	–
Belmont	162	65	2	3	–
Billerica	145	16	–	–	–
Boxborough	30	–	5	–	–
Burlington	45	22	1	–	–
Cambridge	2,464	1,195	25	4	2
Carlisle	49	12	–	–	–
Chelmsford	94	34	–	–	–
Concord	212	41	1	1	–
Dracut	50	19	–	–	–
Dunstable	33	30	–	–	–
Everett	186	60	–	–	–
Framingham	429	315	13	2	–
Groton	84	35	–	8	1
Holliston	230	124	11	15	–
Hopkinton	268	404	–	2	–
Hudson	172	94	73	1	–
Lexington	144	8	–	–	–
Lincoln	63	3	–	–	–
Littleton	99	20	3	–	–
Lowell	2,972	2,817	2	178	7
Malden	489	110	80	2	2
Marlborough	564	581	60	33	–
Maynard	105	67	–	–	–
Medford	355	88	–	–	10
Melrose	322	80	4	–	–

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX—*Concluded.*

Towns.	Long.	Thompson.	Andrews.	Almy.	All others.
Natick	596	533	114	43	2
Newton	960	139	13	13	1
North Reading	47	7	6	–	–
Pepperell	78	18	–	3	–
Reading	224	31	85	–	–
Sherborn	79	26	–	–	–
Shirley	52	14	–	–	–
Somerville	1,249	363	4	–	2
Stoneham	442	141	164	11	1
Stow	63	16	4	–	–
Sudbury	115	57	–	–	–
Tewksbury	91	12	–	–	–
Townsend	109	43	–	2	–
Tyngsborough	39	23	–	–	–
Wakefield	335	126	45	–	–
Waltham	725	412	–	3	–
Watertown	305	279	–	24	–
Wayland	163	60	93	1	–
Westford	96	50	–	–	–
Weston	103	12	–	–	–
Wilmington	39	18	8	–	–
Winchester	217	118	–	–	–
Woburn	729	845	10	14	1
Totals	17,494	10,018	837	371	29

COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

Bellingham	88	43	–	–	–
Braintree	222	204	2	5	–
Brookline	387	108	–	1	–
Canton	243	292	–	–	–
Cohasset	88	25	–	10	–
Dedham	343	232	74	1	–
Dover	44	12	–	–	–
Foxborough	166	25	2	2	–
Franklin	157	65	–	19	–
Holbrook	250	66	3	1	–
Hyde Park	349	124	–	5	–
Medfield	90	20	1	–	–
Medway	227	122	9	5	–
Milton	187	45	10	–	–
Needham	161	28	3	–	–

COUNTY OF NORFOLK — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Long.	Thompson.	Andrews.	Almy.	All others.
Norfolk	60	10	–	–	–
Norwood	208	122	24	–	–
Quincy	629	425	55	–	–
Randolph	177	280	36	9	–
Sharon	91	49	10	–	–
Stoughton	351	270	12	19	1
Walpole	145	111	–	9	–
Wellesley	107	31	–	–	–
Weymouth	463	160	35	24	1
Wrentham	153	59	–	–	8
Totals	5,386	2,928	276	110	10

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

Abington	219	95	44	4	–
Bridgewater	188	118	–	1	–
Brockton	618	268	148	69	–
Carver	66	53	18	1	–
Duxbury	98	48	2	1	–
East Bridgewater	178	75	1	9	–
Halifax	46	9	–	–	–
Hanover	149	18	22	–	–
Hanson	55	16	–	1	–
Hingham	302	32	1	–	–
Hull	21	5	–	–	–
Kingston	136	86	1	–	–
Lakeville	54	6	5	–	–
Marion	60	17	–	–	–
Marshfield	133	14	–	1	–
Mattapoisett	97	12	–	20	–
Middleborough	327	94	56	3	–
Pembroke	76	31	–	–	–
Plymouth	367	100	35	2	–
Plympton	42	42	–	1	–
Rochester	56	7	4	–	–
Rockland	251	112	61	13	–
Scituate	117	16	7	9	–
South Abington	284	101	56	16	–
South Scituate	126	30	–	4	–
Wareham	120	67	2	1	–
West Bridgewater	108	29	–	3	–
Totals	4,294	1,501	463	159	–

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

Towns.	Long.	Thompson.	Andrews.	Almy.	All others.
Boston	15,626	13,281	171	133	7
Chelsea	1,165	404	5	19	6
Revere	119	54	4	-	-
Winthrop	70	25	-	-	-
Totals	16,980	13,764	180	152	13

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

Ashburnham	113	24	-	4	-
Athol	250	95	108	2	-
Auburn	44	13	-	1	-
Barre	181	48	-	-	-
Berlin	78	6	4	4	-
Blackstone	153	315	1	-	-
Bolton	88	12	1	2	-
Boylston	77	8	-	-	-
Brookfield	182	86	-	-	-
Charlton	117	27	-	3	-
Clinton	492	351	1	1	-
Dana	61	14	5	-	-
Douglas	135	116	-	7	-
Dudley	121	163	5	-	-
Fitchburg	991	533	24	6	-
Gardner	246	120	12	18	1
Grafton	161	47	17	-	-
Hardwick	134	48	-	-	-
Harvard	78	38	-	-	-
Holden	138	21	-	-	-
Hubbardston	105	46	-	-	-
Lancaster	109	18	8	-	-
Leicester	134	32	-	-	-
Leominster	587	124	-	-	-
Lunenburg	76	15	16	-	-
Mendon	82	40	-	4	-
Milford	746	477	68	14	1
Millbury	301	201	14	-	-
New Braintree	48	11	-	-	-
Northborough	122	28	14	-	-
Northbridge	181	64	-	14	-
North Brookfield	337	117	34	2	-
Oakham	54	7	3	-	-
Oxford	130	94	-	20	-

COUNTY OF WORCESTER — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Long.	Thompson.	Andrews.	Almy.	All others.
Paxton	63	13	1	1	–
Petersham	95	23	1	–	–
Phillipston	64	8	–	–	–
Princeton	85	15	–	1	–
Royalston	77	11	8	1	–
Rutland	68	18	–	–	–
Shrewsbury	127	29	2	–	–
Southborough	70	13	–	6	–
Southbridge	226	95	–	–	1
Spencer	280	90	18	–	–
Sterling	99	19	–	–	–
Sturbridge	92	30	–	–	–
Sutton	209	125	6	–	–
Templeton	144	46	15	1	–
Upton	161	80	8	6	–
Uxbridge	224	105	–	13	–
Warren	209	70	–	4	–
Webster	362	242	25	2	–
Westborough	283	97	2	16	–
West Boylston	135	23	7	–	–
West Brookfield	114	89	1	1	–
Westminster	114	30	–	1	–
Winchendon	328	36	3	10	–
Worcester	3,213	2,354	211	3	–
Totals	13,694	7,020	643	168	3

Summary by Counties of Votes cast for Governor.

Towns.	Long.	Thompson.	Andrews.	Almy.	All others.
Barnstable	1,728	285	24	20	–
Berkshire	4,695	3,417	8	17	3
Bristol	7,702	2,304	49	193	5
Dukes	417	88	–	9	–
Essex	13,263	7,770	1,917	326	7
Franklin	2,532	1,044	213	8	6
Hampden	5,304	3,472	75	90	–
Hampshire	2,806	929	204	17	2
Middlesex	17,494	10,018	837	371	29
Nantucket	314	46	–	–	–
Norfolk	5,386	2,928	276	110	10
Plymouth	4,294	1,501	463	159	–
Suffolk	16,980	13,764	180	152	13
Worcester	13,694	7,020	643	168	3
Totals	96,609	54,586	4,889	1,640	78

For Lieutenant-Governor.

Byron Weston of Dalton	96,850
James H. Carleton of Haverhill	54,329
George Dutton of Springfield	4,932
John Blackmer of Springfield	1,596
All others	30

For Secretary of State.

Henry B. Peirce of Abington	96,935
Michael T. Donohoe of Somerville	53,950
Aaron B. Brown of Worcester	4,890
Solomon F. Root of Douglas	1,599
All others	32

For Treasurer and Receiver-General.

Daniel A. Gleason of Medford	96,625
William A. Hodges of Quincy	53,344
George Foster of Lynn	4,901
Thomas J. Lothrop of Taunton	1,596
Francis J. Parker of Newton	718
Charles Endicott of Canton	42
All others	38

For Auditor of Accounts.

Charles R. Ladd of Springfield	96,792
Charles R. Field of Greenfield	54,211
Wilbur F. Whitney of Ashburnham	4,908
Jonathan Buck of Harwich	1,470
Nathan Buck of Harwich	33
Charles R. Train of Greenfield	79
All others	26

For Attorney-General.

George Marston of New Bedford	96,636
Patrick A. Collins of Boston	54,002
David O. Allen of Lynn	4,894
Samuel M. Fairfield of Malden	1,605
All others	49

For Executive Councillors.

District No. 1.

Matthew H. Cushing of Middleborough	13,780
Isaiah T. Jones of Sandwich	995
Samuel P. Davis of Falmouth	574
Weston Howland of Mattapoisett	287
All others	184

District No. 2.

Nathaniel Wales of Stoughton	12,048
John Quincy Adams of Quincy	6,417
Sylvester C. Fay of Southborough	207
Henry Gardner of Braintree	212
All others	187

District No. 3.

Eustace C. Fitz of Chelsea	11,490
Joseph W. Stover of Newton	5,906
Benjamin S. Goodwin of Chelsea	198
Stuart B. Remick of Chelsea	75
All others	81

District No. 4.

Michael J. Flatley of Boston	9,688
James White of Boston	9,610
Orrin Fairbanks of Boston	74
Abijah Hall of Boston	64
All others	6

DISTRICT No. 5.

Joseph Davis of Lynn	10,810
Forrest L. Evans of Salem	5,416
Samuel B. Gregory of Hamilton	1,805
Nathan Fletcher of Bradford	85
All others	54

DISTRICT No. 6.

George Heywood of Concord	13,259
John C. Sanborn of Lawrence	8,320
Hiram W. K. Eastman of Lawrence	617
Amos Cummings of Woburn	240
All others	249

DISTRICT No. 7.

Rodney Wallace of Fitchburg	13,825
William A. Hardy of Fitchburg	6,591
Washington Wendell of Orange	196
Charles W. Bannon of Athol	141
All others	60

DISTRICT No. 8.

Rufus D. Woods of Enfield	12,837
George T. Plunkett of Hinsdale	7,200
Theodore Hess of Westfield	275
David P. Phelps of Southampton	91
All others	3

Vote on the Amendment to the Constitution.

COUNTIES.	Yes.	No.
Barnstable	530	60
Berkshire	1,220	142
Bristol	2,434	1,226
Dukes	137	200
Essex	2,784	4,101
Franklin	762	225
Hampden	2,549	495
Hampshire	833	134
Middlesex	6,255	4,263
Nantucket	331	8
Norfolk	1,321	1,574
Plymouth	776	1,059
Suffolk	6,051	3,464
Worcester	4,262	3,233
Totals	30,245	20,184

FOR REPRESENTATIVES, FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

(BY DISTRICTS.)

Congressional District No. 1.

Towns.	Crapo.	Davis.	French.	All others.
Acushnet	143	28	1	-
Barnstable	495	207	1	-
Brewster	95	18	-	-
Carver	93	113	-	20
Cottage City	88	30	-	-
Chatham	175	98	7	-
Chilmark	70	40	-	-
Dartmouth	376	49	16	-
Dennis	288	48	2	-
Duxbury	257	141	-	-
Eastham	92	22	-	-
Edgartown	201	52	1	-
Fairhaven	406	125	8	-
Fall River	3,334	2,289	-	150
Falmouth	347	53	4	-
Freetown	182	40	2	-
Gay Head	18	-	-	-
Gosnold	19	-	-	-
Halifax	87	34	-	-
Harwich	300	114	9	-
Kingston	221	121	-	1
Lakeville	139	37	-	5
Marion	135	64	1	-
Marshfield	250	45	-	-
Mashpee	-	-	-	45
Mattapoisett	238	16	-	-
Middleborough	695	304	-	46
Nantucket	395	108	-	-
New Bedford	2,986	1,231	41	1
Orleans	163	36	-	-
Pembroke	167	78	-	-
Plymouth	903	314	2	33
Plympton	67	73	-	-
Provincetown	475	89	7	-
Rochester	130	25	-	8
Sandwich	437	166	-	-
Somerset	288	74	-	-
Swansea	189	50	-	-
Tisbury	197	50	-	-

Congressional District No. 1—Concluded.

Towns.	Crapo.	Davis.	French.	All others.
Truro	122	6	–	–
Wareham	263	190	–	4
Wellfleet	207	38	6	–
Westport	364	12	17	1
Yarmouth	287	41	1	–
Totals	16,384	6,669	126	314

Congressional District No. 2.

Towns.	Harris.	Dean.	Sherman.	All others.
Abington	447	333	–	–
Attleborough	1,110	416	–	3
Berkley	174	–	–	16
Braintree	441	356	5	31
Bridgewater	369	277	–	–
Brockton	1,587	959	16	–
Canton	343	386	–	–
Cohasset	229	95	7	–
Dighton	231	7	11	–
Easton	303	224	3	–
East Bridgewater	370	206	–	1
Foxborough	403	118	–	2
Hanover	240	105	–	–
Hanson	125	52	–	–
Hingham	582	185	–	–
Holbrook	314	162	–	1
Hyde Park	693	295	–	19
Hull	34	24	–	–
Mansfield	312	99	14	9
Milton	365	160	–	–
Norfolk	85	32	–	–
Norton	204	70	–	–
Quincy	988	877	–	6
Randolph	313	544	2	–
Raynham	230	54	–	1
Rehoboth	240	22	1	56

Congressional District No. 2—Concluded.

Towns.	Harris.	Dean.	Sherman.	All others.
Rockland	494	428	–	–
Scituate	257	113	4	–
Seekonk	133	–	–	77
Sharon	147	113	–	–
South Abington	394	266	–	–
South Scituate	242	109	4	–
Stoughton	545	506	12	1
Taunton	2,193	1,050	11	52
Walpole	261	171	5	–
West Bridgewater	185	109	–	–
Weymouth	1,151	692	23	–
Wrentham	313	103	–	1
Totals	17,047	9,718	118	276

Congressional District No. 3.

Towns.	Ramney.	Dearborn.	All others.
Boston, Wards 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, and 24	13,132	12,073	99

Congressional District No. 4.

Towns.	Hayes.	Morse.	Gaston.	All others.
Boston, Wards 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12	7,955	8,992	177	122
Chelsea	2,223	1,424	33	14
Revere	205	148	11	5
Winthrop	118	52	1	1
Totals	10,501	10,616	222	142

Cangressional District No. 5.

Towns.	Bowman.	Beebe.	Buffum.	All others.
Arlington	412	295	-	-
Belmont	184	127	-	1
Boston, Wards 3, 4, and 5	2,807	2,806	57	13
Burlington	62	62	2	-
Everett	517	219	2	-
Lexington	260	175	-	-
Lynn	3,146	2,557	956	4
Malden	1,324	725	59	5
Medford	853	413	-	3
Melrose	554	269	8	-
Nahant	58	54	14	-
Saugus	272	167	26	-
Somerville	2,338	1,067	12	1
Stoneham	544	310	149	3
Swampscott	266	106	17	-
Wakefield	627	359	37	-
Waltham	1,118	723	25	-
Winchester	384	211	-	3
Woburn	962	1,084	31	10
Totals	16,688	11,729	1,395	43

Congressional District No. 6.

Towns.	Stone.	Boynton.	All others.
Amesbury	301	221	-
Beverly	827	563	-
Boxford	107	64	-
Bradford	269	239	-
Danvers	617	565	-
Essex	167	205	-
Georgetown	301	216	-
Gloucester	1,360	1,209	-
Groveland	230	222	-
Hamilton	111	60	-
Haverhill	1,834	1,439	5
Ipswich	413	290	-

Congressional District No. 6—Concluded.

Towns.	Stone.	Boynton.	All others.
Lynnfield	95	37	–
Manchester	155	158	–
Marblehead	575	1,076	2
Merrimac	255	229	–
Middleton	118	82	–
Newbury	212	85	1
Newburyport	1,083	1,228	3
North Andover	259	306	–
Peabody	903	739	1
Rockport	407	328	2
Rowley	167	111	–
Salem	2,416	1,613	13
Salisbury	483	224	–
Topsfield	128	90	–
Wenham	108	85	–
West Newbury	223	216	–
Totals	14,124	11,900	27

Congressional District No. 7.

Towns.	Russell.	Aldrich.	Whitney.	All others.
Acton	253	163	7	–
Andover	588	177	3	–
Ashby	175	50	–	–
Ayer	189	209	–	–
Bedford	126	55	2	–
Berlin	140	15	10	–
Billerica	289	17	3	–
Bolton	126	31	3	–
Boxborough	35	43	1	–
Carlisle	80	37	–	–
Chelmsford	284	129	3	–
Concord	388	118	–	–
Dracut	156	90	–	–
Dunstable	49	65	–	–

Congressional District No. 7—Concluded.

Towns.	Russell.	Aldrich.	Whitney.	All others.
Groton	273	59	1	-
Harvard	144	74	-	-
Hudson	337	217	73	-
Lancaster	260	80	3	-
Lawrence	2,685	2,453	103	6
Lincoln	115	20	-	-
Littleton	161	40	-	-
Lowell	4,576	3,849	32	-
Marlborough	740	734	67	-
Maynard	190	140	-	-
Methuen	488	282	3	-
North Reading	107	37	4	-
Pepperell	280	145	-	-
Reading	413	87	113	-
Shirley	158	42	-	-
Stow	135	39	6	-
Sudbury	162	91	-	-
Tewksbury	183	55	-	-
Townsend	283	147	-	-
Tyngsborough	85	32	-	-
Westford	217	163	1	-
Wilmington	112	42	17	-
Totals	14,982	10,027	455	6

Congreisional District No. 8.

Towns.	Candler.	Russell.	Babcock.	Stacey.	All others.
Ashland	257	114	-	-	-
Boston, Wards 22, 23, and 25,	2,698	2,195	2	6	4
Brookline	854	288	-	-	1
Cambridge	4,070	3,420	36	1	2
Dedham	636	487	27	-	-
Dover	76	37	-	-	-
Framingham	622	475	2	5	-

Congressional District No. 8 — Concluded.

Towns.	Candler.	Russell.	Babcock.	Stacey.	All others.
Franklin	377	200	–	2	–
Holliston	366	312	8	16	–
Hopkinton	417	463	–	–	–
Medfield	192	58	–	1	–
Medway	438	317	5	7	–
Milford	867	619	60	14	–
Natick	754	849	89	34	–
Needham	544	215	–	–	4
Newton	1,977	714	–	5	9
Norwood	271	151	11	1	–
Sherborn	130	50	–	–	–
Southborough	194	70	–	–	–
Watertown	509	373	–	9	–
Wayland	210	104	67	–	–
Weston	185	31	–	–	–
Totals	16,644	11,542	307	101	20

Congressional District No. 9.

Towns.	Rice.	McCafferty.	Brown.	All others.
Auburn	101	30	–	3
Barre	310	103	–	–
Bellingham	137	79	–	–
Blackstone	285	447	1	–
Boylston	121	14	–	–
Brookfield	295	195	–	–
Charlton	271	82	–	–
Douglas	172	232	–	–
Dudley	148	228	3	–
Grafton	378	111	12	–
Hardwick	207	73	–	–
Holden	226	69	–	–
Hubbardston	154	67	–	–
Leicester	304	135	–	–
Mendon	140	62	–	3

Congressional District No. 9—Concluded.

Towns.	Rice.	McCafferty.	Brown.	All others.
Millbury	377	242	3	–
New Braintree	71	28	–	–
Northborough	201	66	16	–
Northbridge	365	198	4	7
North Brookfield	426	250	14	2
Oakham	103	31	–	–
Oxford	258	175	–	14
Paxton	102	33	1	2
Princeton	140	29	1	2
Rutland	108	52	–	–
Shrewsbury	215	56	5	–
Southbridge	441	356	–	3
Spencer	607	272	6	3
Sturbridge	207	115	–	–
Sutton	227	190	2	3
Upton	246	114	1	–
Uxbridge	335	195	12	1
Warren	353	208	–	–
Webster	410	369	34	4
Westborough	541	228	–	12
West Boylston	288	50	15	1
West Brookfield	212	152	2	–
Worcester	5,453	3,589	219	22
Totals	14,935	8,925	351	82

Congressional District No. 10.

Towns.	Norcross.	Alvord.	Stockbridge.	All others.
Amherst	490	222	27	–
Ashfield	151	62	–	–
Ashburnham	216	60	9	7
Athol	497	285	40	–
Belchertown	240	104	27	–
Bernardston	118	50	–	–
Buckland	127	144	3	–

Congressional District No. 10 — Continued.

Towns.	Norcross.	Alvord.	Stockbridge.	All others.
Charlemont	178	20	–	–
Chesterfield	116	45	2	–
Clinton	676	513	2	6
Colrain	218	63	9	–
Conway	167	108	1	–
Cummington	150	57	8	–
Dana	87	28	1	–
Deerfield	233	241	9	–
Easthampton	364	230	5	–
Enfield	133	59	1	–
Erving	65	71	14	–
Fitchburg	1,364	799	64	–
Gardner	512	418	2	–
Gill	88	50	–	–
Goshen	57	4	–	–
Granby	74	68	–	–
Greenfield	388	411	11	–
Greenwich	72	39	3	–
Hadley	168	74	19	–
Hatfield	126	32	66	–
Hawley	87	15	–	–
Heath	71	38	–	–
Holyoke	948	1,083	21	20
Huntington	131	94	1	–
Leominster	918	264	7	–
Leverett	82	44	28	–
Leyden	58	40	–	–
Lunenburg	153	44	25	–
Middlefield	69	27	–	–
Monroe	–	–	–	24
Montague	268	252	3	–
New Salem	142	30	1	–
Northampton	910	578	56	–
Northfield	164	156	7	–
Orange	426	148	25	–
Pelham	79	43	–	–
Petersham	151	63	–	–
Philipston	113	17	–	–
Plainfield	94	7	–	–
Prescott	58	19	–	–
Rowe	96	16	–	–
Royalston	209	37	17	–
Shelburne	237	51	5	–
Shutesbury	67	33	1	–
South Hadley	290	152	–	–

Congressional District No. 10—Concluded.

Towns.	Norcross.	Alvord.	Stockbridge.	All others.
Southampton	168	29	3	-
Sterling	238	45	-	-
Sunderland	134	27	4	-
Templeton	354	148	7	-
Ware	399	213	10	-
Warwick	95	65	-	-
Wendell	49	40	-	-
Westhampton	82	21	-	-
Westminster	277	62	-	-
Whately	73	132	7	-
Williamsburg	214	182	-	-
Winchendon	481	126	4	-
Worthington	148	29	1	-
Totals	15,608	8,627	556	57

Congressional District No. 11.

Towns.	Robinson.	Woodworth.	All others.
Adams	394	240	1
Alford	31	57	-
Agawam	142	165	2
Becket	112	102	-
Blandford	129	89	-
Brimfield	139	61	-
Cheshire	129	148	-
Chester	148	116	-
Chicopee	608	623	5
Clarksburg	64	22	2
Dalton	170	149	4
Egremont	120	93	1
Florida	77	9	-
Granville	108	137	-
Great Barrington	484	331	-
Hampden	92	71	1

Congressional District No. 11—Concluded.

Towns.	Robinson.	Woodworth.	All others.
Hancock	78	41	–
Hinsdale	150	119	1
Holland	46	11	–
Lanesborough	136	89	–
Lee	433	306	3
Lenox	132	191	–
Longmeadow	173	68	1
Ludlow	172	43	–
Monson	353	183	5
Monterey	82	59	–
Montgomery	49	23	–
Mount Washington	29	10	–
New Ashford	14	26	–
New Marlborough	168	186	–
North Adams	990	349	11
Otis	55	108	–
Palmer	446	252	1
Peru	72	25	–
Pittsfield	1,130	1,189	10
Richmond	70	94	–
Russell	51	85	–
Sandisfield	98	99	–
Savoy	80	48	–
Sheffield	202	166	–
Southwick	110	135	–
Springfield	3,584	1,775	102
Stockbridge	250	214	–
Tolland	45	41	–
Tyringham	64	60	–
Wales	125	43	1
Washington	46	45	–
Westfield	748	876	15
West Springfield	337	163	4
West Stockbridge	156	164	–
Wilbraham	191	63	–
Williamstown	337	193	–
Windsor	86	52	–
Totals	14,235	10,007	170

RECAPITULATION OF CONGRESSIONAL VOTE.

District No. 1.

William W. Crapo of New Bedford	16,384
Charles G. Davis of Plymouth	6,669
Rodney French of New Bedford	126
All others	314

District No. 2.

Benjamin W. Harris of East Bridgewater	17,047
Edgar E. Dean of Brockton	9,718
Joseph Sherman of Weymouth	118
All others	276

District No. 3.

Ambrose A. Ranney of Boston	13,132
Axel Dearborn of Boston	12,073
All others	99

District No. 4.

Leopold Morse of Boston	10,616
Francis B. Hayes of Boston	10,501
William Gaston of Boston	222
All others	142

District No. 5.

Selwyn Z. Bowman of Somerville	16,688
Lucius Beebe of Wakefield	11,729
James N. Buffum of Lynn	1,395
All others	43

District No. 6.

Eben F. Stone of Newburyport	14,124
E. Moody Boynton of West Newbury	11,900
All others	27

District No. 7.

William A. Russell of Lawrence	14,982
Samuel N. Aldrich of Marlborough	10,027
Levi H. Whitney of Lowell	455
All others	6

DISTRICT No. 8.

John W. Candler of Brookline	16,644
Charles Theodore Russell of Cambridge	11,542
James L. M. Babcock of Cambridge	307
George W. Stacey of Milford	101
All others	20

DISTRICT No. 9.

William W. Rice of Worcester	14,935
Matthew J. McCafferty of Worcester	8,925
Aaron B. Brown of Worcester	351
All others	82

DISTRICT No. 10.

Amasa Norcross of Fitchburg	15,608
Henry E. Alvord of Easthampton	8,627
Levi Stockbridge of Amherst	556
All others	57

DISTRICT No. 11.

George D. Robinson of Chicopee	14,235
Albert C. Woodworth of Chicopee	10,007
All others	170

TOWNS IN MASSACHUSETTS,

WITH THE

POST-OFFICES THEREIN.

(Corrected annually by Omar Loring, Esq., Boston Post-Office.)

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Abington	Abington. North Abington. West Abington.
Acton	Acton. South Acton. West Acton. Ellsworth.
Acushnet	Acushnet. Long Plain.
Adams	Adams.
Agawam	Agawam. Feeding Hills.
Alford	Alford.
*Amesbury**	Amesbury.
Amherst	Amherst. North Amherst. South Amherst.
Andover	Andover. Ballard Vale.
Arlington	Arlington. Arlington Heights.
Ashburnham	Ashburnham. Ashburnh'm Dep't. Burrageville.
Ashby	Ashby.
Ashfield	Ashfield. South Ashfield.
Ashland	Ashland.
Athol	Athol. Athol Centre. South Athol.
Attleborough	Attleborough. Attleborough Falls. N. Attleborough. S. Attleborough. Hebronville. Dodgeville.
Auburn	Auburn.
Ayer	Ayer.
Barnstable	Barnstable. West Barnstable. Centreville. Marston's Mills. Hyannis. Hyannis Port. Cotuit. Osterville.
Barre	Barre. Barre Plains. Smithville.
Becket	Becket. West Becket. Becket Centre.
Bedford	Bedford.
Belchertown	Belchertown.
Bellingham	Bellingham. N. Bellingham. Caryville.

* See Merrimac.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Belmont.	Belmont. Waverly.
Berkley	Berkley.
Berlin	Berlin. West Berlin.
Bernardston	Bernardston.
Beverly	Beverly. Beverly Farms. North Beverly.
Billerica	Billerica. North Billerica. East Billerica. South Billerica.
Blackstone	Blackstone. East Blackstone. Millville.
Blandford	Blandford. North Blandford.
Bolton	Bolton.
Boston	Boston. South Boston. East Boston. Station A. Roxbury. West Roxbury. Jamaica Plain. Roslindale. Brighton. Allston. Dorchester. Mattapan. Charlestown.
Boxborough	West Acton P. O.
Boxford.	Boxford. West Boxford.
Boylston	Boylston. Boylston Centre.
Bradford	Bradford.
Braintree	Braintree. South Braintree. East Braintree.
Brewster	Brewster. East Brewster. West Brewster. South Brewster.
Bridgewater.	Bridgewater. Scotland.
Brimfield	Brimfield. East Brimfield. West Brimfield.
Brockton	Brockton. Campello.
Brookfield	Brookfield. East Brookfield. West Brookfield.
Brookline	Brookline.
Buckland	Buckland.
Burlington	Burlington.
Cambridge	Cambridge.* Cambridgeport.* N. Cambridge.* East Cambridge.*
Canton	Canton. Ponkapoag.
Carlisle.	Carlisle.
Carver	Carver. North Carver. South Carver.
Charlemont	Charlemont. East Charlemont. Zoar.
Charlton	Charlton. Charlton City. Charlton Depot.
Chatham	Chatham. Chatham Port. North Chatham. South Chatham. West Chatham.

* Sub-office to Boston. Postage, 2 cents from Boston.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Chelmsford	Chelmsford. N. Chelmsford. West Chelmsford. So. Chelmsford.
Chelsea	Chelsea Station.*
Cheshire	Cheshire.
Chester	Chester. Chester Centre. North Chester. Hampden.
Chesterfield	Chesterfield. West Chesterfield.
Chicopee	Chicopee. Chicopee Falls. Willimanset.
Chilmark	Chilmark. Gay Head.
Clarksburg	Clarksburg. (N. Adams P.O.)
Clinton	Clinton.
Cohasset	Cohasset. Nantasket. Beechwood.
Colrain	Colrain. Adamsville. Elm Grove. Griswoldville. Shattucksville.
Concord	Concord. Westvale. Warnerville. Prison Station.
Conway	Conway.
Cottage City	Cottage City.
Cummington	Cummington. Cummington W. Village. Swift River.
Dalton	Dalton.
Dana	Dana. North Dana.
Danvers	Danvers. Danvers Centre. Danvers Port. Tapleyville. Asylum Station.
Dartmouth	Dartmouth. North Dartmouth. South Dartmouth. Apponegansett.
Dedham	Dedham. West Dedham. Islington.
Deerfield	Deerfield. South Deerfield. West Deerfield.
Dennis	Dennis. Dennis Port. East Dennis. South Dennis. West Dennis.
Dighton	Dighton. North Dighton.
Douglas	Douglas. East Douglas.
Dover	Dover.
Dracut	Dracut.
Dudley	Dudley. West Dudley.
Dunstable	Dunstable.
Duxbury	Duxbury. West Duxbury. South Duxbury. Island Creek.
East Bridgewater	Elmwood. E. Bridgewater. Mount Tom.
Eastham	Eastham. North Eastham.
Easthampton	Easthampton.
Easton	Easton. North Easton. South Easton.

* Postage, 2 cents from Boston and its stations.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Edgartown	Edgartown.
Egremont	Egremont. North Egremont. South Egremont.
Enfield	Enfield.
Erving	Erving.
Essex	Essex.
Everett	Everett.
Fairhaven	Fairhaven.
Fall River	Fall River. Steep Brook.
Falmouth	Falmouth. East Falmouth. North Falmouth. West Falmouth. Wood's Holl. Quisett. Hatchville. Waquoit.
Fitchburg	Fitchburg. West Fitchburg.
Florida	Florida. Hoosac Tunnel.
Foxborough	Foxborough. East Foxborough. West Foxborough.
Framingham,	Framingham. S. Framingham. Saxonville.
Franklin	Franklin. South Franklin.
Freetown	Freetown. East Freetown.
Gardner	Gardner. South Gardner.
Georgetown	Georgetown.
Gill	Gill. Riverside.
Gloucester	Magnolia. Bay View. Gloucester. East Gloucester. West Gloucester. Lanesville. Annisquam.
Goshen	Goshen.
Gosnold	Gosnold. (Wood's Holl P.O.)
Grafton	Grafton. New Eng. Village. Saundersville. Farnumsville.
Granby	Granby.
Granville	Granville Corner. East Granville. West Granville.
Great Barrington	Great Barrington. Housatonic. Van Dusenville.
Greenfield	Greenfield. Factory Village.
Greenwich	Greenwich. Greenwich Village.
Groton	Groton. West Groton.
Groveland	Groveland. South Groveland.
Hadley	Hadley. North Hadley.
Halifax	Halifax.
Hampden	Hampden.
Hamilton	Hamilton. Asbury Grove.
Hancock	Hancock.
Hanover	Hanover. South Hanover. West Hanover.
Hanson	Hanson. South Hanson.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Hardwick	Hardwick. Gilbertville. Furnace.
Harvard	Harvard. Still River.
Harwich	Harwich. Harwich Port. East Harwich. North Harwich. South Harwich. West Harwich.
Hatfield	Hatfield. North Hatfield.
Haverhill	Haverhill. East Haverhill. Ayer's Village.
Hawley	Hawley. West Hawley.
Heath	Heath.
Hingham	Hingham. Hingham Centre. South Hingham.
Hinsdale	Hinsdale.
Holden	Holden. Jeffersonville.
Holbrook	Holbrook. Brookville.
Holland	Holland.
Holliston	Holliston. East Holliston. Braggville.
Holyoke	Holyoke. Ireland.
Hopkinton	Hopkinton. Woodville. Hayden Row.
Hubbardston	Hubbardston. E. Hubbardston. Williamsville.
Hudson	Hudson.
Hull	Hull.
Huntington	Huntington. Norwich.
Hyde Park	Hyde Park. Readville.
Ipswich	Ipswich.
Kingston	Kingston. Island Creek.
Lakeville	Lakeville.
Lancaster	Lancaster. South Lancaster.
Lanesboro'	Lanesborough. Berkshire.
Lawrence.	Lawrence.
Lee	Lee. East Lee. South Lee.
Leicester	Leicester. Cherry Valley. Rochdale.
Lenox	Lenox. Lenox Furnace. New Lenox.
Leominster	Leominster. N. Leominster.
Leverett	Leverett. North Leverett.
Lexington	Lexington. East Lexington.
Leyden	Leyden.
Lincoln	Lincoln. South Lincoln.
Littleton	Littleton.
Longmeadow,	Longmeadow. E. Longmeadow.
Lowell	Lowell. Middlesex Village.
Ludlow	Ludlow. Ludlow Centre.
Lunenburg	Lunenburg.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Lynn	Lynn.
Lynnfield	Lynnfield. Lynnfield Centre.
Malden	Malden. Maplewood. Linden.
Manchester	Manchester.
Mansfield	Mansfield. West Mansfield.
Marblehead	Marblehead.
Marion	Marion.
Marlborough	Marlborough.
Marshfield	Centre Marshfield. Marshfield. North Marshfield. East Marshfield. Brant Rock.
Mashpee	Mashpee.
Mattapoisett	Mattapoisett.
Maynard	Maynard.
Medfield	Medfield.
Medford	Medford. West Medford. College Hill. Glenwood.
Medway	Medway. East Medway. West Medway. Rockville.
Melrose	Melrose. Melrose Highlands.
Mendon	Mendon.
Merrimac	Merrimac. Merrimac Port.
Methuen	Methuen.
Middleboro'	Middleborough. E. Middleborough. N. Middleborough. S. Middleborough. Rock.
Middlefield	Middlefield. Bancroft.
Middleton	Middleton.
Milford	Milford. South Milford. Hopedale.
Millbury	Millbury. West Millbury.
Milton	Milton. East Milton. Blue Hill.
Monroe	Monroe.
Monson	Monson.
Montague	Montague. Montague City. Turner's Falls. Miller's Falls.
Monterey	Monterey.
Montgomery	Montgomery.
Mt. Wash'gt'n,	Mt. Washington. South Egremont.
Nahant	Nahant.
Nantucket	Nantucket.
Natick	Natick. South Natick.
Needham	Needham. Wellesley. Grantville. Highlandville. Charles River Vil.
New Ashford,	New Ashford.
New Bedford,	New Bedford.
N. Braintree	New Braintree.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
N. Marlboro'	New Marlborough. Hartsville. Mill River. Southfield. Clayton.
New Salem	Cooleyville. New Salem. N. New Salem. Millington.
Newbury	Newbury. Byfield. South Byfield.
Newburyport	Newburyport.
Newton	Newton. Newtonville. Auburndale. West Newton. Newton Centre. Newton L. Falls. Newton U. Falls. Chestnut Hill. Newton Highlands.
Norfolk	Norfolk. Franklin City.
N. Adams	North Adams. Blackinton.
N. Andover	North Andover. N. Andover Depot.
N. Brookfield	North Brookfield.
N. Reading	North Reading.
Northampton	Northampton. Florence. Leeds. Loudville. West Farms. Smith's Ferry.
Northboro'	Northborough.
Northbridge	Northbridge. Northb'dge Centre. Whitinsville.
Northfield	Northfield. Northfield Farms. West Northfield.
Norton	Norton. East Norton. Barrowsville.
Norwood	Norwood.
Oakham	Oakham. Cold Br'k Springs.
Orange	Orange. North Orange.
Orleans	Orleans. East Orleans. South Orleans.
Otis	Otis. West Otis.
Oxford	Oxford. North Oxford.
Palmer	Palmer. Bond's Village. Thorndike. Three Rivers.
Paxton	Paxton.
Peabody	Peabody. South Peabody. West Danvers.
Pelham	Pelham.
Pembroke	Pembroke. North Pembroke. East Pembroke. Bryantville.
Pepperell	Pepperell. East Pepperell.
Peru	Peru.
Petersham	Petersham.
Phillipston	Phillipston.
Pittsfield	Pittsfield. West Pittsfield.
Plainfield	Plainfield.
Plymouth	Plymouth. South Plymouth. Chiltonville. North Plymouth.
Plympton	Plympton. Silver Lake. North Plympton.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Prescott	Prescott. North Prescott.
Princeton	Princeton. East Princeton. Mt. Wachusett. Princeton Depot. Brook Station.
Provincetown	Provincetown.
Quincy	Atlantic. Wollaston. Quincy. Quincy Point. West Quincy.
Randolph	Randolph.
Raynham	Raynham. North Raynham.
Reading	Reading.
Rehoboth	Rehoboth. North Rehoboth.
Revere	Revere.*
Richmond	Richmond. Richmond Furnace.
Rochester	Rochester. North Rochester.
Rockland	Rockland.
Rockport	Rockport. Pigeon Cove.
Rowe	Rowe.
Rowley	Rowley.
Royalston	Royalston. South Royalston.
Russell	Russell.
Rutland	Rutland. West Rutland. North Rutland.
Salem	Salem.
Salisbury	Salisbury. East Salisbury.
Sandisfield	Sandisfield. New Boston. Montville. South Sandisfield.
Sandwich	Sandwich. East Sandwich. North Sandwich. South Sandwich. West Sandwich. Monument. Monument Beach. Pocasset. Cohasset Narrows. Spring Hill.
Saugus	Saugus. East Saugus. Clifton Dale.
Savoy	Savoy.
Scituate	Scituate. Scituate Centre. North Scituate. Greenbush.
Seekonk	Seekonk. South Seekonk.
Sharon	Sharon. East Sharon.
Sheffield	Sheffield. Ashley Falls.
Shelburne	Bardwell's Ferry. Shelburne. Shelburne Falls. East Shelburne.
Sherborn	Sherborn.
Shirley	Shirley. Shirley Village.

* Sub-office to Boston.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Shrewsbury	Shrewsbury.
Shutesbury	Shutesbury.
Somerset	Somerset.
Somerville	Somerville.* East Somerville.* North Somerville.* West Somerville.*
So. Abington	South Abington. So. Abington St'n.
So. Hadley	South Hadley. So. Hadley Falls.
So. Scituate	West Scituate. South Scituate. Ridge Hill.
Southampton	Southampton.
Southboro'	Southborough. Cordaville. Fayville.
Southbridge	Southbridge. Globe Village.
Southwick	Southwick.
Spencer	Spencer. North Spencer.
Springfield	Springfield. Indian Orchard. Brightwood.
Sterling	Sterling. Sterling Junction. West Sterling. Pratt's Junction.
Stockbridge	Stockbridge. Glen Dale. Curtisville.
Stoneham	Stoneham.
Stoughton	Stoughton. East Stoughton. North Stoughton.
Stow	Stow. Rock Bottom.
Sturbridge	Sturbridge. Fiskdale.
Sudbury	Sudbury. South Sudbury. North Sudbury. Nobscot.
Sunderland	Sunderland.
Sutton	Sutton. West Sutton. Manchaug. Wilkinsonville.
Swampscott	Swampscott. Beach Bluff.
Swansea	Swansea. North Swansea.
Taunton	Taunton. East Taunton. Myricksville.
Templeton	Templeton. East Templeton. Baldwinsville. Otter River.
Tewksbury	Tewksbury.
Tisbury	Vineyard Haven. West Tisbury. North Tisbury.
Tolland	Tolland.
Topsfield	Topsfield.
Townsend	Townsend. Townsend Harbor. West Townsend.
Truro	Truro. North Truro. South Truro.
Tyngsboro'	Tyngsborough.
Tyringham	Tyringham.
Upton	Upton. West Upton.

* Sub-office to Boston.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Uxbridge	Uxbridge. North Uxbridge.
Wakefield	Greenwood. Wakefield.
Wales	Wales.
Walpole	Walpole. East Walpole. South Walpole.
Waltham	Waltham.
Ware	Ware.
Wareham	Wareham. West Wareham. South Wareham.
Warren	Warren. West Warren.
Warwick	Warwick.
Washington	Washington.
Watertown	Watertown. Mount Auburn.*
Wayland	Wayland. Cochituate.
Webster	Webster.
Wellfleet	Wellfleet. South Wellfleet.
Wendell	Wendell. Wendell Depot. Locke's Village.
Wenham	Wenham.
W. Boylston	West Boylston. Oakdale.
West Bridgewater	Cochesett. W. Bridgewater. Mattfield.
W. Brookfield,	West Brookfield.
W. Newbury	West Newbury.
West Springfield	West Springfield. Ashleyville. Mittineague.
West Stockbridge	State Line. West Stockbridge. Rock Dale Mills.
Westborough,	Westborough.
Westfield	Westfield.
Westford	Westford. Forge Village. Graniteville. Nashoba.
Westhampton,	Westhampton.
Westminster	Westminster. Westmins'r Depot. So. Westminster.
Weston	Weston.
Westport	Westport. Westport Point. South Westport. Central Village. North Westport.
Weymouth	Weymouth. East Weymouth. North Weymouth. South Weymouth.
Whately	Whately. East Whately.
Wilbraham	Wilbraham. No. Wilbraham.
Williamsb'rg,	Williamsburg. Haydenville.
Williamst'wn,	Williamstown. S. Williamstown. Sweet's Corner.
Wilmington	Wilmington. N. Wilmington.

* Sub-office to Boston.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Winchendon	Winchendon.
Winchester	Winchester.
Windsor	Windsor. East Windsor.
Winthrop	Winthrop.*
Woburn	Woburn. Montvale. North Woburn.
Worcester	Worcester.
Worthington	Worthington. W. Worthington. Ringville. So. Worthington.
Wrentham	Wrentham. W. Wrentham. Plainville. Sheldonville.
Yarmouth	Yarmouth. Yarmouth Port. South Yarmouth. West Yarmouth.

* Sub-office to Boston.

ABRIDGMENT OF U. S. POSTAL REGULATIONS.

POSTAGE

TO ANY PART OF THE U. S. AND THE TERRITORIES; AND TO THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

Three cents for each half ounce, or fraction thereof, on letters, sealed packages, mail-matter, wholly or partly in writing, *except local or drop letters.*

Two cents per half ounce, or fraction thereof, on drop-letters where ree delivery by carriers is established: where such free delivery is *not* established, the rate is one cent.

One cent for two ounces, or fraction thereof, on almanacs, books (printed), calendars, catalogues, corrected proofs, hand-bills, magazines, newspapers, pamphlets, posters, proof-sheets, and circulars.

One cent for each ounce, or fraction thereof, on blank books, blank cards, book manuscript, card-boards, and other flexible material, engravings, envelopes, letter-envelopes, merchandise, photographic views, printed blanks, printed cards, sample cards, samples of ores, metals, minerals, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, and scions.

POSTAGE TO GREAT BRITAIN AND OTHER FOREIGN COUNTRIES, SEE "POSTAGE ON FOREIGN LETTERS."

REGISTRATION OF DOMESTIC LETTERS.

The Post-Office Department or its revenue is not by law liable for the loss of any registered mail-matter.

Letters, or other mail-matter on which postage is fully prepaid, can be registered for transmission between post-offices in the United States or Territories.

The fee for registering at any post-office in the United States or Territories, and addressed to any other office in the United States or Territories, is fixed at ten cents, *in addition to the regular postage.*

When a "domestic" letter or third-class matter is presented for regis-

tration, *the postmaster must require the name and post-office address of the sender to be indorsed on the face of the envelope*, which must bear stamps of sufficient value to prepay both postage and registry fee.

MONEY-ORDERS.

Postal conventions for the exchange of money orders have been concluded with the following foreign countries: viz., Switzerland, Great Britain and Ireland, Germany, Italy, France, and Algeria; also with the Dominion of Canada.

The exchange of money-orders between the United States and each of the countries mentioned is effected through the agency of "International Exchange Offices," of which New York is the office on the part of the United States. Hence an international money-order cannot be drawn by a postmaster in either country directly upon a postmaster in the other, but must be drawn upon the international exchange office.

The postmaster at any foreign money-order office in the United States — the same being designated by the Postmaster-General — will furnish a blank form of application, on which the sender must enter all the particulars of the amount (in United States money), names, address, etc., and must state the *full name* and *exact residence* of the person to whom the order is to be made payable. The postmaster will then issue an international order, to be sent by the remitter to the payee.

The fees or charges on *domestic* orders are as follows: —

On orders not exceeding											10 cents.
"	"	over	$15	and not exceeding				$30			15 cents.
"	"	"	$30	"	"	"	$40				20 cents.
"	"	"	$40	"	"	"	$50				25 cents.

When a larger sum than fifty dollars is required, additional orders to make it up must be obtained.

The fees on all international orders except British are, —

On orders not exceeding							$10			15 cts.	British,	25 cts.	
"	"	over	$10	and not exceeding			$20			30 cts.	"	50	"
"	"	"	$20	"	"	"	$30			45 cts.	"	70	"
"	"	"	$30	"	"	"	$40			60 cts.	"	85	"
"	"	"	$40	"	"	"	$50			75 cts.	"	$1.00	

MONEY-ORDER OFFICES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

Abington.	Ashland.	Boston.
Adams.	Athol Depot.	Brighton Station.
Amesbury.	Ayer.	Cambridge Station.
Amherst.	Barnstable.	Cambridgeport St'n.
Andover.	Barre.	Charlestown Station.
Arlington.	Berlin.	Chelsea Station.

Boston — *continued.*

East Boston Station.
East Cambridge St'n.
Jamaica Plain.
Roxbury Station.
Somerville Station.
South Boston Station.
Stat'n A, South End.
Brewster.
Bridgewater.
Brimfield.
Brockton.
Brookline.
Canton.
Chatham.
Chicopee.
Chicopee Falls.
Clinton.
College Hill.
Concord.
Conway.
Cummington.
Dedham.
Dennis.
East Bridgewater.
East Douglas.
Easthampton.
Edgartown.
Fall River.
Fitchburg.
Foxborough.
Franklin.
Gardner.
Gloucester.
Great Barrington.
Greenfield.
Harwich.
Haverhill.
Hinsdale.
Holliston.
Holyoke.
Hopkinton.
Hudson.
Huntington.
Hyannis.
Lawrence.
Lee.
Leeds.
Leominster.
Lowell.
Lynn.
Malden.
Mansfield.
Marblehead.
Marlborough.
Medway.
Melrose.
Middleborough.
Milford.
Millbury.
Miller's Falls.
Milton.
Monson.
Montague.
Nantucket.
Natick.
Needham.
New Bedford.
Newburyport.
Newton.
Newton Centre.
North Adams.
Northampton.
North Andover Depot.
North Brookfield.
Northfield.
Orange.
Orleans.
Oxford.
Palmer.
Pittsfield.
Plymouth.
Provincetown.
Quincy.
Salem.
Sandwich.
Saxonville.
Shelburne Falls.
Southborough.
Southbridge.
South Deerfield.
South Dennis.
South Framingham.
South Gardner.
South Hadley.
South Hadley Falls.
South Natick.
South Yarmouth.
Spencer.
Springfield.
Stoneham.
Stoughton.
Taunton.
Templeton.
Turner's Falls.
Uxbridge.
Vineyard Haven.
Wakefield.
Wales.
Waltham.
Ware.
Warren.
Watertown.
Webster.
Wellesley.
Wellfleet.
Westborough.
Westfield.
West Medway.
Wilbraham.
Williamsburg.
Williamstown.
Winchendon.
Winchester.
Woburn.
Worcester.
Yarmouth Port.

POSTAGE ON FOREIGN LETTERS.

FOREIGN LETTERS should indicate on the outside the route by which they are to be sent, as the difference by various routes is great. The rate given is for ½ ounce or under. A star (*) against the rate denotes that prepayment is optional, except for registered letters: where there is no star, the postage must be prepaid.

☞ For rates by special routes, and on particular dates, inquire at the post-office.

	Cents.
AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, and NEW SOUTH WALES, via Southampton	15
Via Brindisi	18
New Zealand, New South Wales, Victoria, and Queensland, via San Francisco	12
Australia, except Queensland, New South Wales, and Victoria, via San Francisco	5
ASPINWALL	5
BAHAMAS	3
BELGIUM, via England, or direct steamer	5*
BERMUDA	5*
BRAZIL	10*
BUENOS AYRES and ARGENTINE CONFEDERATION, via England	10
CANADA, including New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, and British Columbia	3
CEYLON	10*
CHINA	10*
SHANGHAI, and places in China not named below	5*
HONG KONG, CANTON, AMOY, SWATOW, FOO CHOW, KIUNG CHOW, NINGPO, and HANKOW	10*
CUBA	5*
DENMARK	5*
EGYPT	5*

	Cents.
France, including Algeria, via England, or via direct steamer	5*
Gibraltar	5*
German Empire and Austria	5*
Great Britain and Ireland	5*
Greece	5*
Guiana, British, French, and Dutch	10*
Holland	5*
Honduras	13
India, British, also French Colonies	10*
Via San Francisco	10*
Italy	5*
Manila, Philippine Islands	10*
Mauritius, via England	10
Mexico	10
Nassau, Bahamas	3
Newfoundland	5
Norway	5*
Panama	5
Peru	10
Ecuador and Chili	17
Portugal, via Southampton or Liverpool	5*
Russia	5*
Sandwich Islands	6
Singapore, via San Francisco	10*
Spain	5*
Sweden	5*
Switzerland	5*
Turkey, European or Asiatic	5*
Venezuela, via St. Thomas	13
West Indies (except the Bahamas), direct mail	5*
British Mail, via St. Thomas	13

RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

SENATE.

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RULES AND ORDERS.

[The dates under each rule indicate when the rule and its amendments were adopted.

The date 1817 denotes the time when the several rules against which it is placed were first preserved. Previous to that year these rules are not to be found, although, from the Senate Journal, it appears that they were printed.

Rule 23 was adopted in 1825. No record can be found of the adoption of any others between 1821 and 1826.

Numbers enclosed in brackets following the rule number indicate the corresponding Rules of the House.]

The President.

Rule 1. [1.] The President shall take the chair every day at the hour to which the Senate stands adjourned, shall call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall proceed to business.

[1831.]

Rule 2. [2, 5.] The President shall preserve order and decorum, may speak to points of order in preference to other members, and shall decide all questions of order subject to an appeal. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the Senate, but may read sitting.

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831.]

Rule 3. [4.] The President may vote on all questions.

[1826.]

Rule 4. [72.] When two or more members rise at once, the President shall designate which of them shall be entitled to the floor.

[1831.]

Rule 5. [7.] The President shall have the right to appoint a member to perform the duties of the chair, but such appointment shall not extend beyond three days.

[1831; 1862; 1865.]

Rule 6. [8.] In case of a vacancy in the office of President, or in case the President, or the member substituted by him in accordance with Rule 5, is absent at the hour designated in Rule 1, the senior member present shall call the Senate to order, and shall preside until a President or a President *pro tempore* is elected by ballot, which shall be the first business of the Senate.

[1831.]

Clerk.

Rule 7. [12.] Every question of order shall be noted in the journal, and, with the decision, shall be entered at large in an appendix, which shall also contain the Rules and Orders of the Senate, and of the two branches.

[1882.]

Rule 8. [13.] The Clerk shall prepare and cause to be printed each day a calendar of matters in order for consideration, followed by a brief minute of the preliminary proceedings of the previous day, a list of matters lying on the table, and such other memoranda as the Senate or the President may direct.

[1882.]

Rule 9. [15.] The Clerk shall retain bills and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry, and orders of notice), until the right of reconsideration has expired: *provided*, that the operation of this rule shall be suspended during the last week of the session.

[1855; 1856; 1875; 1882.]

Rule 10. When a bill or resolve coming from the other branch does not appear in print in the form in which it was passed in that branch, the Clerk shall either indicate the amendments on the Orders of the Day, or shall have the bill or resolve reprinted, at his discretion.

[1882.]

Members of the Senate.

Rule 11. [25, 61.] No member shall be permitted to vote or serve on any committee on a question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.

[1855.]

RULE 12. [18.] No member shall absent himself from the Senate without leave, unless there is a quorum without his presence.

[1817.]

COMMITTEES.

RULE 13. [21.] The following standing committees shall be appointed at the beginning of the political year: to wit, —

A committee on the Judiciary;

A committee on Bills in the Third Reading;

And each of these committees shall consist of five members.

A committee on Matters of Probate and Chancery;

A committee on the Treasury;

A committee on Engrossed Bills;

A committee on Rules and Orders.

And each of these committees shall consist of three members.

[1831; 1836; 1840; 1844; 1847; 1863; 1864; 1870; 1876; 1882.]

[*As to the duties of the committee on the Treasury, see Rule* 24.]

[*As to the duties of the committee on Bills in the Third Reading, see Rule* 27.]

[*As to the duties of the committee on Engrossed Bills, see Rule* 28.]

[*As to disqualification by reason of interest, see Rule* 11.]

[*As to what information may be required of Senators introducing orders of inquiry, see Rule* 20.]

RULE 14. [22, 23.] All committees shall be appointed by the President, unless otherwise specially directed by the Senate, and the person first named shall be chairman. In all elections of committees by ballot, the person having the highest number of votes shall act as chairman.

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831.]

RULE 15. [98.] No committee shall be allowed to occupy the Senate Chamber without leave of the Senate.

[1836; 1863.]

RULE 16. [30.] No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or of private or municipal corporations, or of the Commonwealth, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth, shall be reported by a committee, unless it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that notice has been given, by public advertisement or otherwise, to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth; or unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that the parties interested have in writing waived notice.

[1870; 1871.]

RULE 17. [29.] When the object of an application, whether by petition, order, or bill introduced on leave, can be secured without a special act, under existing laws, or without detriment to the public interests, by a general law, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report such general law, or leave to withdraw, inexpedient to legislate, or ought not to pass, as the case may be.

[1882.]

[*A committeee cannot introduce a measure which at the same session has once been finally rejected. See Rule* 46.]

FORM OF BILLS AND RESOLVES.

RULE 18. [40.] All bills and resolves shall be written in a fair, legible hand, without interlineations, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections or resolves, dates and numbers being written in words at length. Bills amending existing laws shall not provide for striking words from, or inserting words in, such laws, unless such course is the best calculated to show clearly the subject and nature of the amendment. No repealed law, and no part of any repealed law, shall be re-enacted by reference merely.

[1844; 1857; 1880; 1882.]

Introduction of Business.

Rule 19. [35.] Every member presenting a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall indorse his name thereon, and, in the filing thereof, state briefly the nature and object of the instrument; and the reading of the same shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered by the Senate.

[1831.]

Rule 20. [38.] It shall be the duty of every member of the Senate, who moves that any standing committee be instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending an existing law, to point out to such committee, in writing, the amendment which he deems expedient, and to furnish a written statement of the facts and authorities in favor thereof to such committee, if by them required.

[1858.]

Rule 21. [45.] No bill or resolve shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the House, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a committee: *provided, however*, that special leave may be granted to a member to introduce a bill or resolve, and such bill or resolve shall be committed before it is passed to a second reading.

[1881; 1882.]

Rule 22. [46.] No bill or resolve affecting directly the legal rights of individuals or corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the interests of the whole people of the Commonwealth, or the cities or towns to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced, by amendment or otherwise, except by report of a committee, upon petition duly presented and referred, or as a substitute for such report.

[1875; 1882.]

[*A measure which has been finally rejected cannot be introduced again at the same session. See Rule* 46.]

COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

RULE 23. [43.] All bills and resolves from the House of Representatives, after they are read a first time, shall be committed to a committee of the Senate, except when said bills or resolves have been reported by a joint committee.

[1825.]

RULE 24. [42.] All bills and resolves involving the expenditure of public money, unless the subject-matter has been acted upon by the joint committee on Expenditures, shall, after the first reading, be referred in course to the committee on the Treasury, whose duty it shall be to report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth.

[1871; 1882.]

RULE 25. [41, 49, 54, 56.] No bill or resolve, or substitute therefor, shall pass to be engrossed without three readings on three several days. Bills and resolves in their several readings shall be read by their titles, unless objection is made. If opposition is made to a bill or resolve before it goes to a second reading, the question shall be, "*Shall this bill (or resolve) be rejected?*" If no opposition is made, or if the question to reject is negatived, the bill or resolve shall go to its second reading without a question, and for that purpose shall be placed in the orders for the next day. Bills or resolves ordered to a third reading shall be placed in the orders for the next day for such reading.

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882.]

RULE 26. [60.] If an amendment is made at the second or third reading of a bill or resolve, substantially changing the greater part thereof, the question shall not be put forthwith on ordering the bill or resolve to a third reading or to be engrossed, but the bill or resolve, as amended, shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment is made, and shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put. In like manner,

when an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as from a bill to an order, or the like, the proposition as amended shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment was made.

[1882.]

RULE 27. [27, 48.] All bills and resolves in the third reading shall be committed to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading, whose duty it shall be to examine and correct them, for the purpose of avoiding repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, and of insuring accuracy in the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes: *provided*, that any change in the sense or legal effect, or any material change in construction, shall be reported to the Senate as an amendment.

[1817; 1836; 1882.]

RULE 28. [28, 50, 52.] All engrossed bills and resolves shall be committed to the committee on Engrossed Bills, whose duty it shall be carefully to compare the same with the bill or resolve as passed to be engrossed; and, if found by them to be rightly and truly engrossed, they shall so indorse on the envelope thereof; and the final question shall be taken thereon without any further reading, unless, on motion, a majority of the Senate shall be in favor of reading the same as engrossed.

[1817; 1831; 1882.]

[*Engrossed bills or resolves cannot be amended. See Rule* 41.]

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

RULE 29. [58.] The unfinished business in which the Senate was engaged at the time of the last adjournment shall have the preference in the Orders of the Day next after motions to reconsider.

[1830; 1870.]

RULE 30. [55.] Reports of committees, except such as do not propose final action, and reports of committees of Conference, shall, unless otherwise specially ordered, be placed in the Orders of the Day next succeeding that on which they are presented to the Senate.

[1845; 1853.]

[*As to other matters to be placed in the Orders of the Day, see Rules* 25, 26, *and* 45.]

RULE 31. [57.] Matters in the Orders of the Day not giving rise to any motion or debate shall be first disposed of in their order; then the remaining matters shall be considered in like order, and disposed of; and such as are by vote then passed over shall not be considered till the next day.

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1882.]

RULES OF DEBATE.

RULE 32. [71.] Every member, when he speaks, shall stand in his place and address the President.

[1817; 1831; 1871.]

RULE 33. [74.] No member shall speak more than once on the same question, to the prevention of any other who has not spoken and is desirous to speak, nor more than twice without obtaining leave of the Senate.

[1817.]

RULE 34. [73.] No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order.

[1817; 1831.]

RULE 35. After a question is put to vote, no member shall speak to it.

[1817.]

Motions.

Rule 36. [75.] Any motion shall be reduced to writing, if the President so directs.

[1817; 1844; 1871.]

Rule 37. [89.] A question containing two or more propositions, capable of division, shall be divided whenever desired by any member. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible. But a motion to strike out, being lost, shall neither preclude amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

[1817; 1841.]

Rule 38. [78.] When a question is under debate, the President shall receive no motion but to *adjourn*, to *proceed to the consideration of the special assignment*, to *lay on the table*, to *close debate at a specified time*, to *postpone to a day certain*, to *commit*, to *amend*, to *refer to the next General Court*, or to *postpone indefinitely*, which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand.

[Between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1844; 1870; 1882.]

Rule 39. [83.] Debate may be closed at any time not less than one hour from the adoption of a motion to that effect. On this motion not more than ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes.

[1882.]

Rule 40. [86.] When a motion is made to commit a subject, and different committees are proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order: A standing committee of the Senate, a select committee of the Senate, a joint standing committee, a joint select committee.

[1844.]

RULE 41. [51.] No engrossed bill or resolve shall be amended.

[1837.]

RULE 42. [88.] No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of an amendment.

[1882.]

RULE 43. [90.] In filling blanks the largest sum and longest time shall be put first.

[1882.]

RULE 44. [67, 77.] The motions to adjourn, and for the yeas and nays, shall be decided without debate. On the motions to lay on the table and take from the table, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes.

[1817; 1859; 1870; 1874; 1882.]

Reconsideration.

RULE 45. [68, 69.] When a vote has passed, except on motions specified in Rule 44, it shall be in order for any member to move a reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day; and such motion, if made on the same day, shall be placed first in the Orders of the Day for the day succeeding that on which it is made; but, if first moved on such succeeding day, it shall be forthwith considered; and, when a motion for reconsideration is decided, that vote shall not be reconsidered: *provided, however*, that a motion to reconsider a vote upon any collateral matter shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the Senate, but shall be considered at the time when it is made.

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1858.]

[*See Rule* 9.]

Rejected Measures.

RULE 46. [47.] When any measure has been finally rejected, no measure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the session.

[1817 — dispensed with 1831, and revived in 1838 — amended in 1841; 1844; 1877; 1882.]

VOTING.

RULE 47. [3, 64.] The President shall declare all votes; but, if a member rises to doubt a vote, the President shall order a return of the number voting in the affirmative, and in the negative, without further debate.

[1831.]

RULE 48. [66.] When a member moves that a question be taken by yeas and nays, the President shall take the sense of the Senate in that manner, provided one-fifth of the members present so direct.

[1817; 1852.]

[*The call for the yeas and nays is not debatable. See Rule* 44.]

RULE 49. [62, 66.] Whenever a question is taken by yeas and nays, the Clerk shall call the names of all the members, except the President, in alphabetical order, and every member present shall answer to his name, unless excused before the vote is taken; and no member shall be permitted to vote after the decision is announced from the chair.

[1837; 1844.]

[*As to disqualification by reason of interest, see Rule* 11.]

ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

RULE 50. [94.] In all elections by ballot, a time shall be assigned for such election, at least one day previous thereto.

[1831.]

Senate Library.

Rule 51. The books belonging to the Senate Chamber shall be in the care of the Clerk, who shall keep an accurate list thereof; and no book shall be taken from the Senate Chamber by any person, without giving notice thereof to the Clerk, who shall enter, in a book to be kept by him, the name of the book, and the name of the person taking the same.

[1837.]

Reporters.

Rule 52. Seats for reporters shall be numbered, and assigned by lot, under the direction of the Clerk of the Senate.

[1847.]

The Senate Chamber and adjoining Rooms.

Rule 53. [97.] No person not a member of the Senate shall be allowed to sit at the Senate table while the Senate is in session.

[1853.]

[*Committees cannot use Senate Chamber without permission. See Rule* 15.]

Rule 54. No person other than members of the legislative and executive departments of the State Government, and past members of the Senate, shall be allowed to be present in the Clerk's room, or the room intervening between that and the Senate Chamber, while the Senate is in session, or during the fifteen minutes immediately preceding a session.

[1870: 1875.]

Parliamentary Practice.

Rule 55. [99.] The rules of Parliamentary Practice comprised in Cushing's Manual, and the Principles of Parliamentary Law set forth in Cushing's larger work, shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the Standing Rules and Orders of the Senate, or the Joint Rules of the two branches.

[1847; 1858.]

Alteration, Suspension, or Repeal of Rules.

Rule 56. [100.] Rule 27 shall not be suspended if objection is made, and no Rule or Order shall be altered, suspended, or rescinded, except by vote of two-thirds of the members present.

[1817; 1841; 1848; 1882.]

RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[This schedule of Rules and Orders was adopted Jan. 27, 1874. Subsequent amendments are noted under each Rule which has been amended.]

The Speaker.

1. The Speaker shall take the chair at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, proceed to business.

2. He shall preserve decorum and order; may speak to points of order in preference to other members; and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House.

[With regard to appeals, see Rules 81 and 92.]

3. He shall declare all votes, subject to verification as hereinafter provided.

[See Rules 63 to 67.]

4. In all cases he may vote.

5. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the House, but may read sitting.

6. He shall each day examine the journal of the House.

7. He may name a member to perform the duties of the chair for a period not exceeding two days at one time.

8. In case of a vacancy in the office of Speaker, or in case the Speaker or the member named by him in accordance with the preceding rule, is absent at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, the senior monitor present shall call the House to order, and shall preside until a Speaker *pro tempore* or a Speaker is elected by ballot, which shall be the first business in order.

Monitors.

9. Two monitors shall be appointed by the Speaker for each division of the House, whose duty it shall be to see to the due observance of the Rules and Orders, and, on request of the Speaker, to return the number of votes and members in their respective divisions.

10. If a member transgress any of the Rules and Orders after being notified thereof by a monitor, it shall be the duty of such monitor to report the case to the House.

[For duty of monitor in case of the absence of the Speaker, see Rule 8.] [See Rule 20.]

Clerk.

11. The Clerk shall keep the journal of the House. He shall enter therein a record of each day's proceedings, and submit it to the Speaker before the hour fixed for the next sitting.

12. Every question of order shall be noted in the journal, and, with the decision, shall be entered at large in an

appendix, which shall also contain the Rules and Orders of the House, and of the two branches.

13. The Clerk shall prepare and cause to be printed each day a calendar of matters in order for consideration, followed by a brief minute of the preliminary proceedings of the previous day; a list of matters lying on the table; and such other memoranda as the House or the Speaker may direct.

14. Any objection to the calendar shall be made and disposed of before the House votes to proceed to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.

15. The Clerk shall retain bills and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry, and orders of notice), until the right of reconsideration has expired: *provided*, that the operation of this rule shall be suspended during the last week of the session.

MEMBERS.

16. No member shall stand up, to the inconvenience of others, while a member is speaking; or pass unnecessarily between the Speaker of the House and the member speaking; or stand in the passages, or in the area in front of the chair.

17. No member shall be absent more than two days without leave of the House.

18. No member shall absent himself from the House without leave, unless there be a quorum without his presence.

19. Papers in possession of a member obtaining leave of absence, or at the end of the session, shall be left by him with the Clerk.

20. If a member is guilty of a breach of any of the Rules and Orders, he may be required by the House, on motion, to make satisfaction therefor; and, until he has done so, he shall not be allowed to vote or speak, except by way of excuse.

[See Rule 10.]

COMMITTEES.

21. At the beginning of the political year, standing committees shall be appointed as follows: —

A committee on the Judiciary;
A committee on Probate and Chancery;
A committee on Finance;
(to consist of nine members each).
A committee on Elections;
A committee on County Estimates;
A committee on Rules and Orders;
(to consist of seven members each).
A committee on Bills in the Third Reading;
A committee on Engrossed Bills;
A committee on Pay-Roll;
A committee on Leave of Absence;
(to consist of three members each).

[Amended Jan. 7, 1881.]

22. Unless other provision is made in any case, all committees shall be appointed by the Speaker, and the member first named shall be chairman.

23. In case of the election of a committee by ballot, the member having the highest number of votes shall be chairman.

24. No member shall be required to be on more than two committees at the same time, nor chairman of more than one.

25. No member shall serve on any committee in any

question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.

26. The committee on Finance shall report, in appropriation bills, only such items of expenditure as are authorized by law, or such as the committee has been directed by the House to insert.

27. The committee on Bills in the Third Reading shall examine and correct the bills which are referred to it, for the purpose of avoiding repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, insuring accuracy in the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes: *provided*, that any change in the sense or legal effect, or any material change in construction, shall be reported to the House as an amendment. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]

28. The committee on Engrossed Bills shall carefully examine and compare engrossed bills, and report them rightly and truly engrossed, when found to be so, without delay.

29. When the object of an application, whether by petition, order, or bill introduced on leave, can be secured without a special act under existing laws, or without detriment to the public interests, by a general law, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report such general law, or leave to withdraw, inexpedient to legislate, or ought not to pass, as the case may be. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]

30. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or of private or municipal corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth, shall be reported by a committee, unless it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that notice has been given, by public advertisment or otherwise, to all parties

interested, without expense to the Commonwealth; or unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that the parties interested have in writing waived notice. [Adopted Jan. 26, 1881.]

31. On or before the first Wednesday in March, committees shall make final report upon matters referred to them prior to that day, unless further time is granted, for cause.

Committee of the Whole.

32. When the House determines to go into a committee of the whole, the chairman shall be appointed by the Speaker.

33. The Rules of the House shall be observed in a committee of the whole, so far as they may be applicable, except the rules limiting debate. A motion to rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again, shall be always first in order, and be decided without debate.

Regular Course of Proceedings.

Petitions, etc., and Reports of Committees.

34. Petitions, memorials, remonstrances, and papers of a like nature, and reports of committees, shall be presented before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day, and the Speaker shall call on the several divisions for such papers.

35. The member presenting a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall indorse his name thereon, with a brief statement of the nature and object of the paper; and the reading thereof shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered.

Papers from the Senate.

36. Papers from the Senate shall be laid before the

House by the Speaker, and received for action conformably to such of these Rules and Orders as are applicable thereto, before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.

Papers addressed to the House, not Petitions.

37. Papers addressed to the House, or the General Court, other than petitions, memorials, and remonstrances, or those received from the Senate, may be presented by the Speaker, or by a member in his place, and shall be read, unless it is specially ordered that the reading be dispensed with.

Orders of Inquiry.

38. All motions contemplating legislation, when not founded upon petition, or upon bill proposed to be introduced on leave, shall be made in the form of an order of inquiry, which shall indicate the nature of the legislation proposed ; and if reference is made to any particular law, for amendment or otherwise, the order shall specify the chapter and section, as well as the subject to which it relates.

Postponement to the Next Day on Request of a Member.

39. The consideration of any order proposed for adoption, or of any request for leave to introduce a bill, shall be postponed without question to the day after that on which the order is proposed or request made, if any member asks such postponement.

Bills and Resolves. [See Rule 93.]

40. Bills shall be fairly written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections ; dates and numbers being written in words at length. Bills amending existing laws shall not

provide for striking words from, or inserting words in, such laws, unless such course is best calculated to show clearly the subject and nature of the amendment. No repealed law, and no part of any repealed law, shall be re-enacted by reference merely. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]

41. If opposition is made to a bill before it is ordered to a second reading, the question shall be, "*Shall this bill be rejected?*" If no opposition is made, or if the question to reject is negatived, the bill shall go to its second reading without a question.

42. Bills involving an expenditure of public money shall, after their first reading, be referred to the committee on Finance, for report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth.

43. Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, shall be referred to a committee of the House, unless they were reported to the Senate by a joint committee.

44. Amendments, proposed by the Senate, and sent back to the House for concurrence, shall be referred to the committee which reported the measure proposed to be amended, unless such committee is composed of members of both branches. In which case such amendments shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day. [Amended April 9, 1878.]

45. No bill shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the Senate, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a committee : *provided*, that the House may grant special leave to a member to introduce a bill ; but, when leave is asked for the introduction of a bill, it shall be read for information before the question is put on granting leave ; and, if leave is granted, it shall be committed, before it is ordered to a second reading.

46. No bill affecting directly the legal rights of individuals or corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the interests of the whole people of the Commonwealth or of the cities or towns to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced, by amendment or otherwise, except by report of a committee, upon petition duly presented and referred. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to the third reading of the bill. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]

47. When a bill, order, petition, memorial, or remonstrance has been finally rejected, no measure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the same session. [Amended April 26, 1877.]

48. Bills in their third reading shall be referred to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading for examination, correction, and report.

[See Rule 27.]

49. No bill shall pass to be engrossed without having been read on three several days.

50. Engrossed bills shall be referred to the committee on Engrossed Bills for examination, comparison, and report.

[See Rule 28.]

51. No engrossed bill shall be amended.

52. Engrossed bills, reported by the committee on Engrossed Bills to be rightly and truly engrossed, shall be put upon their passage to be enacted ; and engrossed resolves, when so reported, shall be put upon their passage without further reading, unless specially ordered.

53. No engrossed bill shall be sent to the Senate without notice thereof being given by the Speaker.

Orders of the Day.

54. Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, when not referred to a committee of the House, and bills reported to the House by committees, to which no objection is made, or when the question of rejection is negatived, shall be placed in the orders for second reading on the next day.

55. Reports of committees not by bill or resolve shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which they are received from the Senate, or made to the House, as the case may be: *provided*, that the report of a committee asking to be discharged from the further consideration of a subject, and recommending that it be referred to another committee, shall be immediately considered. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]

56. Bills ordered to a third reading shall be placed in the orders of the next day for such reading.

57. After entering upon the consideration of the Orders of the Day, the House shall proceed with them in regular course, as follows: Matters not giving rise to a motion or debate shall first be disposed of in the order in which they stand in the calendar ; after which the matters that were passed over shall be considered in like order and disposed of.

58. When the House does not finish the consideration of the Orders of the Day, those which had not been acted upon shall be the orders for the next and each succeeding day until disposed of, and shall be entered in the calendar,

without change in their order, to precede matters added under Rules fifty-four, fifty-five, and fifty-six. The unfinished business in which the House was engaged at the time of adjournment shall have the preference in the orders of the next day, after motions to reconsider.

Special Rules affecting the Course of Proceedings.

[For postponement of Order, etc., to the next day, on request of a member, see Rule 39.]

59. No matter which has been duly placed in the Orders of the Day shall be discharged therefrom, or considered out of the regular course.

60. If, under the operation of the previous question, or otherwise, an amendment is made at the second or third reading of a bill substantially changing the greater part of such bill, the question shall not be put forthwith on ordering the bill to a third reading or to be engrossed (as the case may be), but the bill, as amended, shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment is made, and shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put. In like manner, when, under the operation of the previous question or otherwise, an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as from a bill to an order, or the like, the proposition as amended shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment was made.

VOTING.

61. No member shall vote in any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.

62. Every member not prevented by interest, who is

present in the House when the question is put, shall give his vote, unless the House, for special reasons, excuse him. Members desiring to be so excused shall make application to that effect before the division of the House or the taking of the yeas and nays is begun. Such application may be accompanied by a brief statement of reasons by the member making it, but shall be decided without debate. [Amended Jan. 8, 1877.]

63. When a question is put, the sense of the House shall be taken by the voices of the members, and the Speaker shall first announce the vote as it appears to him by the sound.

64. If the Speaker is unable to decide by the sound of the voices, or if his announcement made thereupon is doubted by a member rising in his place for that purpose, the Speaker shall order a return by divisions of the number voting in the affirmative and in the negative, without further debate upon the question.

[For duty of monitors in case of a division, see Rule 9.]

65. When a return by divisions is ordered, the members for or against the question, when called on by the Speaker, shall rise in their places, and stand until they are counted.

66. The sense of the House shall be taken by yeas and nays whenever required by thirty of the members present. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the House shall be called in alphabetical order, and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor before the vote is declared. If, before such time, a member states to the House that he has paired with another member, and how each would vote upon the pending question, the fact shall be entered on the journal immediately after the record of

the yeas and nays, and such member shall be excused from voting. [Amended Jan. 4, 1878; also April 2, 1878; also April 1, 1879.]

67. The call for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate. If the yeas and nays have been ordered before the question is put, the proceedings under Rules sixty-three, sixty-four, and sixty-five shall be omitted; if not, they may be called for in lieu of a return by divisions when the Speaker's announcement is doubted by a member rising in his place, and, if then ordered, the proceedings under Rules sixty-four and sixty-five shall be omitted.

Reconsideration.

68. When a vote has passed (except as provided in the next rule), it shall be in order for any member to move the reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day, and such motion, if made on the same day, shall (except in the last week of the session) be placed first in the orders of the next day after that on which it is made; but, if first moved on such succeeding day, it shall be forthwith considered: *provided, however*, that a motion to reconsider a vote upon any incidental or subsidiary question shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the House, but shall be considered at the time when it is made.

69. When a motion for reconsideration is decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered, and no question shall be twice reconsidered; nor shall any vote be reconsidered upon either of the following motions: —

to adjourn,
to lay on the table,
to take from the table; or,
for the previous question.

70. Debate on motions to reconsider shall be limited to thirty minutes, and no member shall occupy more than five minutes.

[For rule requiring the Clerk to retain papers, except, etc., until the right of reconsideration has expired, see Rule 15.]

Rules of Debate.

71. Every member, when about to speak, shall rise, and respectfully address the Speaker; shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personality; and shall sit down when he has finished. No member shall speak out of his place without leave of the Speaker.

72. When two or more members rise at the same time, the Speaker shall name the member entitled to the floor, preferring one who rises in his place to one who does not.

73. No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order.

74. No member shall speak more than once to the prevention of those who have not spoken and desire to speak on the same question, nor more than twice on the same question without leave of the House.

Motions.

75. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the Speaker so directs.

76. A motion need not be seconded, and may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made.

77. A motion to adjourn shall be always first in order, and shall be decided without debate; and on the motions to lay on the table, to take from the table, to commit or recommit, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate; and no member shall speak more than three minutes. [Amended Feb. 19, 1878; and Jan. 26, 1880.]

[For application to be excused from voting, to be decided without debate, see Rule 62.]

[For call for yeas and nays, to be decided without debate, see Rule 67.]

[For questions of order, arising after the previous question is moved, to be decided without debate, except on appeal, see Rule 81.]

78. When a question is before the House, until it is disposed of, the Speaker shall receive no motion that does not relate to the same, except the motion to adjourn, or some other motion that has precedence either by express rule of the House, or because it is privileged in its nature; and he shall receive no motion relating to the same, except, —

to lay on the table,	See Rule 77.
for the previous question,	See Rules 79–84.
to close the debate at a specified time,	See Rules 83, 84.
to postpone to a time certain,	See Rule 85.
to commit (or recommit),	See Rules 77 and 86.
to amend,	See Rules 87–90.
to refer to the next General Court,	
or to postpone indefinitely,	See Rule 91.

which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are arranged in this rule.

Previous Question.

79. The previous question shall be put in the following form: "*Shall the main question be now put?*" — and all debate upon the main question shall be suspended until the previous question is decided.

80. On the previous question, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and that only to give reasons why the main question should not be put; and no member shall speak more than three minutes.

81. All questions of order arising after a motion is made for the previous question shall be decided without debate, excepting on appeal; and on such appeal no member shall speak more than once without leave of the House.

[See Rule 92.]

82. The adoption of the previous question shall put an end to all debate, except as provided in Rule eighty-four, and bring the House to a direct vote upon pending amendments, if any, in their regular order, and then upon the main question.

Motion to Close Debate at a Specified Time.

83. Debate may be closed at any time, not less than thirty minutes from the adoption of a motion to that effect. On this motion, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. In case the time is extended by unanimous consent, the same rule shall apply at the end of the extended time as at the time originally fixed. [Amended Jan. 8, 1877; and Jan. 15, 1880.]

[See the next Rule.]

When Debate is closed, Ten Minutes allowed, etc.

84. When debate is closed by ordering the previous question, or by a vote to close debate at a specified time, the member in charge of the measure under consideration shall be allowed to speak ten minutes, and may grant to any other member any portion of his time. When the measure under consideration has been referred to the committee on Finance, under House Rule forty-two, the member originally reporting it shall be considered in charge, except where the report of the committee on Finance is substantially different from that referred to them, in which case the member originally reporting the measure and the member of the Finance Committee reporting thereon shall each

be allowed to speak five minutes, the latter to have the close. [Amended March 28, 1877.]

Motion to Postpone to a Time Certain.

85. When a motion is made to postpone to a time certain, and different times are proposed, the question shall first be taken on the most remote time; and the time shall be determined before the question is put on postponement, which may then be rejected if the House see fit.

Motion to Commit.

86. When a motion is made to commit, and different committees are proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order: —

a standing committee of the House,
a select committee of the House,
a joint standing committee,
a joint select committee;

and a subject may be recommitted to the same committee or to another committee at the pleasure of the House.

Motions to Amend.

87. A motion to amend an amendment may be received; but no amendment in the third degree shall be allowed.

88. No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment.

89. A question containing two or more propositions capable of division shall be divided whenever desired by any member. When a motion to strike out and insert is thus divided, the failure of the motion to strike out shall not

preclude amendment; or, if the motion to strike out prevails, the matter proposed to be inserted shall be open to amendment before the question is taken on inserting it.

90. In filling blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall be put first.

Equivalent for Motion to Postpone Indefinitely.

91. A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall be equivalent to a motion to postpone indefinitely.

APPEAL.

92. No appeal from the decision of the Speaker shall be entertained, unless it is seconded; and no other business shall be in order until the question on the appeal has been disposed of.

[See Rule 81.]

RESOLVES.

93. Such of these Rules and Orders as are applicable to bills, whether of the House or of the Senate, shall apply likewise to such resolves as require the concurrence of the Senate and approval by the Governor, in order to become laws and have force as such. Except in Rule fifty-two, the word "bill" shall be equivalent to the word "resolve" in the same place.

ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

94. A time shall be assigned for elections by ballot, at least one day previous thereto.

SECRET SESSION.

95. All proceedings in secret session, and matters relating thereto, shall be kept secret until the House removes the injunction of secrecy.

SEATS.

96. (1.) The desk on the right of the Speaker shall be assigned to the use of the Clerk and such persons as he may employ to assist him, and that on the left to the use of the Chairmen of the committees on Bills in the Third Reading and on Engrossed Bills.

(2.) The senior member of the House, and the oldest member of the House who is not the senior member, shall be allowed to select their seats, from those not otherwise assigned, before the drawing of seats by the members. [Amended Jan. 7, 1878.]

(3.) The seat numbered 34, in the first division, shall be assigned to the use of the Chairman of the committee on the Judiciary; that numbered 15, in the sixth division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Finance; that numbered 52, in the first division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Probate and Chancery; and that numbered 39, in the sixth division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Railroads on the part of the House. [Amended Jan. 7, 1878; also Jan. 6, 1882.]

(4.) The following seats shall be assigned to the use of the monitors: —

Those numbered 8 and 11, in the first division;
100 and 104, in the second division;
96 and 99, in the third division;
92 and 95, in the fourth division;
87 and 81, in the fifth division; and
4 and 7, in the sixth division.

[Amended Jan. 6, 1882.]

(5.) The first business in order, after the appointment of standing committees and monitors is announced by the Speaker, shall be the drawing of the other seats upon the floor of the House.

(6.) The Clerk shall call the roll of the members in

alphabetical order, omitting the names of the Speaker, the senior member, the oldest member, the chairmen of committees hereinbefore mentioned, and the monitors; and the drawing shall be had in presence of the House, under the supervision of a committee of three selected from the members mentioned in this paragraph.

(7.) The seat assigned to any member, or drawn by him, shall be his seat for the year, unless an exchange is made and notice thereof given to the Sergeant-at-Arms within five days from the day of the drawing.

Privilege of the Floor.

97. (1.) Every member shall have the privilege of introducing upon the floor of the House, to occupy (for that day) any seat then vacant not belonging to a member, or belonging to a member who is absent, not more than one person at the same time, such person not having any private interest in any measure before the legislature distinct from the public interest: *provided*, that in any case, when by the exercise of this privilege on the part of some of the members the vacant seats have been filled, and the Speaker so announces, the further exercise of the privilege shall be suspended for that day, or until one or more of the seats thus filled are vacated.

(2.) The Speaker may also invite visitors, not inhabitants of this Commonwealth, without limit of number, to seats (not numbered) upon the floor of the House.

(3.) Contestants for seats in the House whose papers are in the hands of the committee on Elections, may be admitted, while their cases are pending, to seats to be assigned by the Speaker.

(4.) Senators, and the principal officers * in the Executive and Judicial departments of the Civil Government of the Commonwealth, the Chaplains of both Houses, and

* See list in the Blue Book.

the Clerk of the Senate, shall be admitted to the floor whenever they may have occasion to visit the House, and may occupy any of the seats not numbered which they may find vacant, or any seats which may be assigned by the Speaker for their use for the time being.

Representatives' Chamber.

98. Use of the Representatives' Chamber shall not be granted, except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present.

Parliamentary Practice.

99. The rules of parliamentary practice shall govern the House in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these Rules and Orders, or the Joint Rules and Orders of the two branches.

Suspension, Amendment, and Repeal.

100. Nothing in these Rules and Orders shall be dispensed with, altered, or repealed, unless two-thirds of the members present consent thereto; but this rule, and Rules thirty-nine, forty-eight, and ninety-eight, shall not be suspended, unless by unanimous consent of the members present.

Blanks for orders, bills, reports, petitions, and indorsement of petitions, may be had on application to the Clerk, or at the document-room; and members are respectfully requested to use the same in the preparation of papers.

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TO THE

RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

House of Representatives.

INDEX TO THE RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

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JOINT RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

TWO BRANCHES.

JOINT RULES AND ORDERS OF THE TWO BRANCHES.

[This Schedule of Rules and Orders was adopted Jan. 26, 1881.]

RULE 1. List of joint standing committees — No member of either branch to act as counsel before any committee.

RULE 2. Joint committees; how they may report. Reports on subjects referred to them from standing committees of either branch, to be made in the House where such reference is made.

RULE 3. Reports of joint committees may be recommitted by either branch, except, etc. — All reports, after recommitment, to be made to the branch which ordered the same.

RULE 4. How bills and resolves shall be written.

RULE 5. "Leave to withdraw" or "inexpedient to legislate" to be reported on applications for legislation which can be secured under existing laws; or a general law to be reported on a special application, when not incompatible with public interest.

RULE 6. Concerning reports on petitions, notice of the presentation of which has not been given.

RULE 7. Concerning the printing, binding, and distribution of documents.

RULE 8. Limit of time allowed for reports of committees.

RULE 9. Bills and resolves affecting rights of individuals or corporations not to be introduced, except upon petition.

RULE 10. New business to be referred to next General Court after first Wednesday of February.

RULE 11. Committees of Conference.

RULE 12. Amendment to reports of joint committees to be indorsed thereon.

RULE 13. Papers on their passage between the two branches to be under signature of the Clerks, except, etc. — Messages from one branch to the other.

RULE 14. Engrossed bills, and bills ordered to be engrossed.

RULE 15. When petitions, memorials, bills, resolves, or orders originating in one branch are adversely acted on in the other, notice to be sent, etc.

RULE 16. Certificate on enacted bills as to the branch in which they originated; Clerk of Senate to send enacted bills to Governor, etc.

RULE 17. Resolves and other papers to be approved by Governor, to be treated like bills.

RULE 18. Resolves proposing amendments to Constitution to have three readings, — yeas and nays to be called on agreeing to same.

RULE 19. President of the Senate to preside in Joint Conventions — Conventions to be held in the Representatives' Chamber — Clerk of the Senate to be Clerk of Conventions.

RULE 20. An agreement to go into a Convention not to be altered or annulled, unless, etc.

RULE 21. Restriction as to business of Conventions.

RULE 22. Elections by joint ballot; time to be assigned therefor.

RULE 23. Convention for election of Senator under Act of Congress; rule governing, etc.

COMMITTEES.

RULE 1. The following joint standing committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the January session, viz.: —

A committee on Agriculture;
A committee on Banks and Banking;
A committee on Cities;
A committee on Claims;
A committee on Education;
A committee on Election Laws;
A committee on Expenditures;
A committee on Federal Relations;
A committee on the Fisheries;
A committee on Harbors and Public Lands;
A committee on Insurance;
A committee on Labor;
A committee on the Library;
A committee on Manufactures;
A committee on Mercantile Affairs;
A committee on Military Affairs;
A committee on Parishes and Religious Societies;
A committee on Printing;
A committee on Prisons;
A committee on Public Charitable Institutions;
A committee on Railroads;

A committee on Roads and Bridges;
A committee on the State House;
A committee on Street Railways;
A committee on Taxation;
A committee on Towns;
A committee on Public Health.

And each of said committees shall consist of three on the part of the Senate and eight on the part of the House, except the committee on Railroads, which shall consist of four members on the part of the Senate and eleven on the part of the House; and except also the committee on Expenditures, which shall consist of the committee on the Treasury of the Senate and the committee on Finance of the House. No member of either branch shall act as counsel for any party before any committee of the legislature. [Amended Jan. 6, 1882.]

Rule 2. Joint committees may report by bill, resolve, or otherwise, to either branch, at their discretion, having reference to an equal distribution of business between the two branches, except that money bills shall be reported to the House; and, except that when a report is made from any committee to either branch, and the subject-matter thereof is subsequently referred therein to a joint committee, such committee shall report its action to the branch in which the original report was made. [See also next rule.]

Rule 3. Reports of joint committees may be recommitted to the same committees at the pleasure of the branch first acting thereon, and bills or resolves may be recommitted in either branch. A concurrent vote shall, however, be necessary for the recommitment of such reports, bills, or resolves, with instructions. After recommitment, report shall, in all cases, be made to the branch originating the recommitment.

RULE 4. Bills and resolves reported by joint committees shall be fairly written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins, and spaces between the several sections, dates and numbers being written in words at length.

RULE 5. Whenever, upon any application for an act of incorporation or other special legislation, the purpose for which such legislation is sought can be secured without detriment to the public interests by a general law or under existing laws, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report such general law, or "leave to withdraw," or "inexpedient to legislate."

Notice to Parties Interested.

RULE 6. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or of private or municipal corporations, or of the Commonwealth, otherwise than it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth, shall be reported by a committee, unless it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that notice has been given, by public advertisement or otherwise, to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth; or unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that the parties interested have in writing waived notice.

Printing and Distribution of Documents.

RULE 7. The committee on Printing may make regulations for the distribution of all documents printed or assigned for the use of the legislature not otherwise disposed of, such regulations to be reported to and subject to the order of the two branches.

Under the general order to print a report, bill, or other document, the number printed shall be nine hundred.

Leave to report in print shall not be construed to authorize the printing of extended reports of evidence.

No printing, except as aforesaid, and no binding or en-

graving, shall be ordered, except upon the report of the joint committee on Printing, accepted by the legislature.

Bills, reports, and other documents, printed under the general order of either branch, shall be distributed as follows: to wit, Two copies to each member of the Senate and House of Representatives (to be placed on his file under the direction of the Sergeant-at-Arms, if desired by the member); three copies to each Clerk in either branch, and three copies to each reporter in regular attendance, to whom a seat has been assigned in either branch; twenty copies to the Executive; twenty copies to the Secretary's Office; six copies to the State Library; and, when the document is the report of a committee, ten copies shall be assigned to the committee making the report. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall preserve as many as may be necessary for the permanent files to be placed in the lobbies, and distribute the remainder under such regulations as may be prescribed by said joint committee.

Limit of Time Allowed for Reports of Committees.

Rule 8. Joint committees shall make final report upon all matters previously referred to them, on or before the first Wednesday in March, unless further time is granted for cause.

Committees of Conference.

Rule 9. Committees of Conference shall consist of three members on the part of each branch, representing its vote; and their report, if agreed to by a majority of each committee, shall be made to the branch asking the conference, and may be either accepted or rejected, but no other action shall be had, except through a new committee of Conference.

Introduction of Business.

Rule 10. No bill or resolve affecting directly the legal rights of individuals or corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the interests of the people of the whole

Commonwealth, or of the cities or towns to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced, by amendment or otherwise, except by report of a committee, upon petition duly presented and referred or as a substitute for such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading.

Limit of Time Allowed for New Business.

RULE 11. Petitions, memorials, applications, and all other subjects of legislation proposed or introduced after the first Wednesday of February, shall be referred to the next General Court. This rule shall not be rescinded, amended, or suspended, except by a concurrent vote of four-fifths of the members of each branch present and voting theron.

Duties of the Clerks.

RULE 12. If any part of the report of a committee over the signature of the chairman or members of the committee is amended in either branch, the Clerk of that branch shall indorse upon the report such amendment.

RULE 13. All papers, while on their passage between the two branches, may be under the signature of the respective Clerks, except bills and resolves in their last stage. Messages may be sent by such persons as each branch may direct.

RULE 14. After bills have passed both branches to be engrossed, they shall be in the charge of the Clerks of the two branches, who shall deliver the same to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be engrossed in the manner prescribed by law; and, when engrossed, the said Clerks shall forthwith deliver the same to the committee of the House of Representatives on Engrossed Bills; and, when the same have passed to be enacted in that House, they shall, in like manner, be delivered to the committee of the Senate on Engrossed Bills.

RULE 15. If any petition, memorial, bill, resolve, or order, presented or originating in one branch, is adversely acted upon in the other, notice thereof shall be given, under the signature of the Clerk, to the branch in which the same originated.

RULE 16. The Clerk of the branch in which a bill originated shall make an indorsement thereon, certifying in which branch the same originated, which indorsement shall be entered on the journals by the clerks respectively.

After said bills have passed both branches to be enacted, the Clerk of the Senate shall lay them before the Governor for his approbation, and shall enter upon the journal of the Senate the day on which the same were laid before the Governor.

RULE 17. All resolves and other papers which are to be presented to the Governor for his approbation, shall be laid before him in the same manner as is prescribed in the case of bills.

Constitutional Amendments.

RULE 18. All resolves proposing amendments of the Constitution shall have three several readings in each branch, and the final question upon agreeing to the same shall be taken by yeas and nays.

JOINT CONVENTIONS.

RULE 19. The President of the Senate shall preside in Conventions of the two branches, and such Conventions shall be holden in the Representatives' Chamber; the Clerk of the Senate shall be Clerk of the Convention, and a record of the proceedings of the Convention shall be entered at large on the journals of both branches.

RULE 20. When an agreement has been made by the two branches to go into Convention, such agreement shall not be altered or annulled, except by concurrent vote.

RULE 21. No business shall be entered on, in Conven-

tion, other than that which may be agreed on before the Convention is formed.

Joint Elections.

RULE 22. In all elections by joint ballot a time shall be assigned therefor at least one day previous to such election.

Elections of United States Senators.

RULE 23. The joint assembly required to be held by the statutes of the United States relating to the elections for Senators in Congress, shall be deemed a Convention of the two branches, and the proceedings therein shall be in accordance with the provisions of said statutes. The President of the Convention shall receive no motion on any day until one vote for Senator has been taken. After one vote for Senator has been taken, no motion shall be in order except a motion to adjourn, for a recess, or to proceed to vote for Senator; and these motions shall have precedence in the order of their arrangement, and shall be decided without debate. If a motion is made for a recess, and different times are proposed, the question shall first be taken on the most remote time; and the time shall be determined, but without debate, before the question is put upon taking the recess. On either of the questions permitted by this rule, the sense of the Convention shall be taken by yeas and nays, whenever required by one-fifth of the members present. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the Convention shall be called in alphabetical order; and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor when his name was called, or before the roll-call was finished. The call for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate.

RULE 24. Any joint rule or order, except the tenth, may be altered, suspended, or rescinded, two-thirds of the members present in each branch consenting thereto.

LIST OF THE

Executive and Legislative Departments

OF THE GOVERNMENT

OF THE

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS,

AND OFFICERS IMMEDIATELY CONNECTED THEREWITH,
WITH PLACES OF RESIDENCE.

1882.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

His Excellency JOHN D. LONG of Hingham,
GOVERNOR.
423 Beacon Street, Boston.

His Honor BYRON WESTON of Dalton,
LIEUT.-GOVERNOR.
Tremont House, Boston.

Council.

District I. — Matthew H. Cushing of Middleborough.
At home.

II. — Nathaniel Wales of Stoughton.
At home.

III. — Eustace C. Fitz of Chelsea.
At home.

IV. — M. J. Flatley of Boston.
Jefferson House.

V. — Joseph Davis of Lynn.
At home.

VI. — George Heywood of Concord.
At home.

VII. — Rodney Wallace of Fitchburg.
At home.

VIII. — Rufus D. Woods of Enfield.
United States Hotel.

Private Secretary of the Governor.
William M. Olin.
9 Chester Square, Boston.

Committees of the Council.

On Pardons. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Heywood, Mr. Wallace, Mr. Fitz, Mr. Davis.

On Finance. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Heywood, Mr. Woods, Mr. Flatley, Mr. Wales.

On Railroads and the Hoosac Tunnel. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Heywood, Mr. Woods, Mr. Flatley, Mr. Wales.

On Harbors and Public Lands. — Mr. Wallace, Mr. Cushing, Mr. Fitz, Mr. Davis, Mr. Wales.

On Charitable Institutions. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Flatley, Mr. Woods, Mr. Cushing, Mr. Wales.

On Prisons. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Heywood, Mr. Wallace, Mr. Fitz, Mr. Davis.

On Military Affairs. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Wallace, Mr. Flatley, Mr. Woods, Mr. Wales.

On Warrants. — Mr. Wallace, Mr. Cushing, Mr. Davis.

On Accounts. — Mr. Heywood, Mr. Fitz, Mr. Cushing.

Edward F. Hamlin, *Executive Clerk* . . . Boston.
Charles F. A. Francis, *Executive Messenger* . . Boston.

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

HENRY B. PEIRCE of Abington.

At home.

Henry J. Coolidge, 1*st Clerk* . . . . . Boston.
Isaac H. Edgett, 2*d Clerk* . . . . . Beverly.
George G. Spear, Jr., 3*d Clerk* . . . . Somerville.

Treasurer and Receiver-General and Tax Commissioner.

DANIEL A. GLEASON of Medford.

At home.

Daniel H. Rogers, 1*st Clerk*	Brookline.
John Q. Adams, 1*st Assistant Clerk*	Auburndale.
Joshua Phippen, *Cashier*	Salem.
George S. Hatch, *Extra Clerk*	Medford.
David Wilder, *Extra Clerk*	Jamaica Plain.

Deputy Tax Commissioner and Commissioner of Corporations.

Charles Endicott	Canton.
Andrew J. Morton, *Clerk*	Boston.
Edward D. Endicott, 2*d Clerk*	Canton.

Auditor.

CHARLES R. LADD of Springfield.

William D. Hawley, 1*st Clerk*	Malden.
Edward S. Davis, 2*d Clerk*	Lynn.
Benjamin C. Piper, *Extra Clerk*	Boston.
John P. Reynolds, *Extra Clerk*	Salem.

Attorney-General.

GEORGE MARSTON of New Bedford.

Charles H. Barrows, *Assistant Attorney-General,* Springfield.

Governor's Staff.

Aides-de-Camp.

Colonel Augustus P. Martin . . . . . Boston.
Colonel William O. Fiske . . . . . Lowell.
Colonel William F. Draper . . . . . Milford.
Colonel Edward T. Bouvé . . . . . Hingham.
Colonel William M. Olin of Boston, *Military Secretary.*

Major-General A. Hun Berry of Boston,
Adjutant-General.

Colonel Isaac F. Kingsbury of Newton, *Ass't Adjutant-Gen.*
Colonel Edward H. Haskell of Gloucester, *Ass't Adjutant-Gen.*
Colonel John S. Lockwood of Boston, *Ass't Adjutant-Gen.*
Lieut.-Col. Hubert J. Harwood of Littleton, *Ass't Adj.-Gen.*
Brig.-Gen. Morris Schaff of Pittsfield, *Inspector-Gen.*
Colonel Edmund H. Hewins of Boston, *Ass't Inspector-Gen.*
Colonel Edward G. Stevens of Clinton, *Ass't Inspector-Gen.*
Colonel Robert G. Shaw of Boston, *Ass't Inspector-Gen.*
Colonel Samuel Dalton of Salem, *Inspector of Ordnance.*
Brig.-Gen. W. W. Blackmar of Boston, *Judge-Advocate-Gen.*
Colonel S. P. Train of Brookline, *Ass't Quartermaster-Gen.*
Colonel Jediah P. Jordan of Boston, *Ass't Quartermaster-Gen.*
Colonel Benj. S. Lovell of Weymouth, *Ass't Quartermaster-Gen.*
Lieut.-Col. Willis B. Allen of Boston, *Ass't Quartermaster-Gen.*
Brig.-Gen. William J. Dale of North Andover, *Surgeon-Gen.*

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

SENATE . . . . BY DISTRICTS.

Hon. ROBERT R. BISHOP (Second Middlesex), President.

DISTRICT	NAME.	Residence.	Boarding-place.
First Suffolk . . .	James Smith . . .	Boston . .	177 Lexington St., E. B.
Second " . . .	John H. Sherburne . .	" . .	42 Chestnut St., Ch'st'n.
Third " . . .	Owen A. Galvin . .	" . .	15 Eaton St.
Fourth " . . .	George G. Crocker . .	" . .	74 Boylston St.
Fifth " . . .	Charles T. Gallagher .	" . .	26 Thomas Park, S. B.
Sixth " . . .	Charles H. Allen . .	" . .	94 Worcester St.
Seventh " . . .	Arthur W. Tufts . .	" . .	145 Walnut Ave., Rox'y.
Eighth " . . .	Joseph Bennett . .	" . .	Brighton.
First Essex	John R. Baldwin . .	Lynn . .	At Home.

District.	Name.	Residence.	Boarding-place.
Second Essex . . .	Nathaniel A. Horton .	Salem . .	At Home.
Third " . . .	Francis Norwood . .	Beverly . .	" "
Fourth " . . .	Joseph N. Rolfe . .	Newbury . .	" "
Fifth " . . .	Augustus Mudge . .	Danvers . .	" "
Sixth " . . .	Andrew C. Stone . .	Lawrence . .	" "
First Middlesex . . .	George A. Bruce . .	Somerville .	" "
Second " . . .	Robert R. Bishop . .	Newton . .	United States Hotel.
Third " . . .	Leander M. Hannum .	Cambridge .	At Home.
Fourth " . . .	Charles Q. Tirrell . .	Natick . .	" "
Fifth " . . .	Charles F. Gerry . .	Sudbury . .	" "
Sixth " . . .	Thomas Winship . .	Wakefield . .	" "
Seventh " . . .	Jeremiah Crowley . .	Lowell . .	" "
First Worcester . . .	Thomas J. Hastings . .	Worcester . .	" "

Second Worcester . .	George W. Johnson . .	Milford . .	United States Hotel.
Third " . . .	Chester C. Corbin . .	Webster . .	Hotel Vendome.
Fourth " . . .	John M. Moore . . .	Gardner . .	256 Columbus Ave.
Fifth " . . .	Daniel B. Ingalls . .	Clinton . .	7 Bowdoin Sq.
Hampshire. . . .	Samuel M. Cook . .	Granby . .	United States Hotel.
First Hampden . . .	William H. Haile . .	Springfield .	" " "
Second " . . .	Charles A. Corser . .	Holyoke . .	32 McLean St.
Franklin	James S. Grinnell . .	Greenfield . .	Parker House.
North Berkshire . .	Francis W. Rockwell .	Pittsfield . .	United States Hotel.
South " . . .	John M. Seeley . .	Gt. Barrington .	" " "
First Norfolk . . .	David W. Tucker . .	Milton . .	At Home.
Second " . . .	Warren E. Locke . .	Norwood . .	" "
First Plymouth . . .	Peleg McFarlin . .	Carver . .	" "
Second " . . .	James S. Allen . . .	E. Bridgewater .	" "
First Bristol . . .	William Reed, Jr. . .	Taunton . .	" "

DISTRICT.	NAME.	Residence.	Boarding-place.
Second Bristol . . .	Andrew J. Jennings .	Fall River . .	At Home.
Third " . . .	William Barker, Jr. .	Dartmouth .	" "
Cape	Joseph P. Johnson . .	Provincetown .	Quincy House.

ARRANGEMENT OF THE SENATE.

HON. ROBERT R. BISHOP, *President.*

LEFT.	RIGHT.
1. Andrew C. Stone.	1. George G. Crocker.
2. Nathaniel A. Horton.	2. Thomas J. Hastings.
3. John M. Moore.	3. Joseph N. Rolfe.
4. Thomas Winship.	4. James Smith.
5. Leander M. Hannum.	5. Charles Q. Tirrell.
6. David W. Tucker.	6. Daniel B. Ingalls.
7. Joseph Bennett.	7. Francis Norwood.
8. Francis W. Rockwell.	8. Chester C. Corbin.
9. Charles H. Allen.	9. William Reed, Jr.
10. Samuel M. Cook.	10. Joseph P. Johnson.
11. Arthur W. Tufts.	11. John M. Seeley.
12. John H. Sherburne.	12. William Barker, Jr.
13. Charles F. Gerry.	13. James S. Allen.
14. Andrew J. Jennings.	14. Charles A. Corser.
15. George W. Johnson.	15. Peleg McFarlin.
16. Augustus Mudge.	16. Owen A. Galvin.
17. George A. Bruce.	17. Jeremiah Crowley.
18. William H. Haile.	18. Warren E. Locke.
19. James S. Grinnell.	19. Charles T. Gallagher.
	20. John R. Baldwin.

SENATE, ALPHABETICALLY.

HON. ROBERT R. BISHOP (Second Middlesex),
PRESIDENT.

Allen, Charles H.	*Sixth Suffolk*	*District.*
Allen, James S.	*Second Plymouth*	"
Baldwin, John R.	*First Essex*	"
Barker, William, Jr.	*Third Bristol*	"
Bennett, Joseph	*Eighth Suffolk*	"
Bishop, Robert R.	*Second Middlesex*	"
Bruce, George A.	*First Middlesex*	"
Cook, Samuel	*Hampshire*	"
Corbin, Chester C.	*Third Worcester*	"
Corser, Charles A.	*Second Hampden*	"
Crocker, George G.	*Fourth Suffolk*	"
Crowley, Jeremiah	*Seventh Middlesex*	"
Gallagher, Charles T.	*Fifth Suffolk*	"
Galvin, Owen A.	*Third Suffolk*	"
Gerry, Charles F.	*Fifth Middlesex*	"
Grinnell, James S.	*Franklin*	"
Haile, William H.	*First Hampden*	"
Hannum, Leander M.	*Third Middlesex*	"

Hastings, Thomas J. . . .	*First Worcester*	*District.*
Horton, Nathaniel A. . . .	*Second Essex*	"
Ingalls, Daniel B.	*Fifth Worcester*	"
Jennings, Andrew J. . . .	*Second Bristol*	"
Johnson, George W. . . .	*Second Worcester*	"
Johnson, Joseph P. . . .	*Cape*	"
Locke, Warren E.	*Second Norfolk*	"
McFarlin, Peleg	*First Plymouth*	"
Moore, John M.	*Fourth Worcester*	"
Mudge, Augustus	*Fifth Essex*	"
Norwood, Francis	*Third Essex*	"
Reed, William, Jr. . . .	*First Bristol*	"
Rockwell, Francis W. . . .	*North Berkshire*	"
Rolfe, Joseph N.	*Fourth Essex*	"
Seeley, John M.	*South Berkshire*	"
Sherburne, John H. . . .	*Second Suffolk*	"
Smith, James	*First Suffolk*	"
Stone, Andrew C.	*Sixth Essex*	"
Tirrell, Charles Q. . . .	*Fourth Middlesex*	"
Tucker, David W. . . .	*First Norfolk*	"
Tufts, Arthur W.	*Seventh Suffolk*	"
Winship, Thomas	*Sixth Middlesex*	"

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

STEPHEN N. GIFFORD, Duxbury	*Clerk.*
E. HERBERT CLAPP, Boston	*Assistant Clerk.*
O. F. MITCHELL, Bridgewater	*Sergeant-at-Arms.*
Rev. EDMUND DOWSE, Sherborn	*Chaplain.*
S. W. EDGELL	*Doorkeeper.*
JOSEPH SIDWELL	*Assistant Doorkeeper.*
W. H. JARVIS	*Messenger.*
J. E. ARMSTRONG	*Messenger.*
C. N. MARSH	*Messenger.*
F. W. LANE	*Messenger.*
C. F. SISSON	*Messenger.*
GEORGE DeWITT HOYT	*Page.*
GEO. PRESTON MERRIFIELD	*Page.*

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

BY COUNTIES.

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1	Sandwich Falmouth	Bradford B. Briggs	Sandwich.
2	Barnstable Mashpee	Francis D. Cobb	Barnstable.
3	Yarmouth Dennis	David Fisk	Dennis.
4	Harwich Chatham	Watson B. Kelley	Harwich.
5	Brewster Orleans Eastham Wellfleet	John A. Clark	Eastham.
6	Truro Provincetown	Atkins Hughes	Truro.

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

1	Hancock Lanesborough New Ashford Williamstown Clarksburg	Charles D. Belden	Williamst'n.
2	Adams North Adams	Alcander W. Preston Nathan S. Babbitt	No. Adams. No. Adams.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
3	Pittsfield Dalton	Sam'l W. Bowerman, Edward D. G. Jones,	Pittsfield. Pittsfield.
4	Florida Savoy Cheshire Windsor Washington Peru Hinsdale	Alanson S Pomeroy,	Washington.
5	Becket Lee Otis Tyringham	Norman W. Shores	Lee.
6	Richmond Lenox Stockbridge W. Stockbridge	Thomas Post	Lenox.
7	Alford Egremont Gt. Barrington Monterey	Charles W. Ray	Gt.Barringt'n
8	Mt. Washington New Marlboro' Sandisfield Sheffield	Orrin C. Whitbeck	Mt.Wash'ton.

COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

1	Attleborough Norton Mansfield	John Whitehill Austin Messinger	Attleborough. Norton.
2	Easton Raynham	Lincoln S. Drake	Easton.
3	Taunton Berkley	Charles T. Barnard Charles A. Reed Francis S. Babbitt	Taunton. Taunton. Taunton.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
4	Acushnet Fairhaven Freetown	Rufus A. Dunham	Fairhaven.
5	New Bedford, Wards 1, 2, 3	Orlando G. Robinson, James A. Crowell	New Bedford. New Bedford.
6	New Bedford, Wards 4, 5, 6	A. Edwin Clarke James R. Denham	New Bedford. New Bedford.
7	Westport Dartmouth	John W. Gifford	Westport.
8	Fall River, Wds. 1, 2, 3, 4	George W. Billings Frank W. Burr John B. Whitaker	Fall River. Fall River. Fall River.
9	Fall River, Wds. 5, 6 Somerset	James F. Davenport, Job M. Leonard	Fall River. Somerset.
10	Seekonk Swansea Rehoboth Dighton	Francis A. Horr	Dighton.

DUKES COUNTY.

1	Chilmark Cottage City Edgartown Gay Head Gosnold Tisbury	Tristram R. Holley	Edgartown.

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

1	Rockport Gloucester, Wd. 7,	Jason L. Curtis	Rockport.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
2	Gloucester, Wds. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Wm. H. Wonson, 3d, Isaac A. S. Steele	Gloucester. Gloucester.
3	Gloucester, Wd. 8, Essex Manchester Hamilton	Stephen P. Andrews,	Essex.
4	Wenham Danvers	Gilbert A. Tapley	Danvers.
5	Beverly	John I. Baker	Beverly.
6	Salem, Wards 1, 2, 5	James F. Almy William Cogswell	Salem. Salem.
7	Salem, Wards 3, 4, 6	Rufus B. Gifford Charles B. Fowler	Salem. Salem.
8	Marblehead Swampscott	William B. Brown Thomas P. M. Rix	Marblehead. Marblehead.
9	Lynn, Ward 3	Benjamin Dupar	Lynn.
10	Lynn, Wards 1, 2, 4, 5, 7 Nahant	Hartwell S. French Frank D. Allen John Marlor	Lynn. Lynn. Lynn.
11	Lynn, Ward 6	James W. Switzer	Lynn.
12	Peabody	John Pinder	Peabody.
13	Saugus Lynnfield Middleton Topsfield	John H. Potter	Topsfield.
14	Andover North Andover	Charles Smith	Andover.
15	Boxford Rowley Ipswich	Milton Ellsworth	Rowley.

No of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
16	Newbury Newburyport, Wds. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,	John P. Coombs Edward P. Shaw	Newburyport. Newburyport.
17	Georgetown Groveland Bradford	Alfred E. Towne	Bradford.
18	West Newbury Salisbury Amesbury Merrimac	Oliver A. Roberts Albert Sargent	Salisbury. Merrimac.
19	Haverhill, Wds. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Methuen	Daniel B. Cluff Edwin N. Hill Adams H. Cogswell,	Haverhill. Haverhill. Methuen.
20	Lawrence, Wds. 1, 2, 3	Dennis Gilmartin Dennis A. Sullivan	Lawrence. Lawrence.
21	Lawrence, Wds. 4, 5, 6	Jona. D. Boothman John B. Campbell	Lawrence. Lawrence.

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

1	Erving Warwick Orange New Salem	Daniel Ballard	New Salem.
2	Montague Sunderland Leverett Shutesbury Wendell	James A. Gunn	Montague.
3	Greenfield Gill Shelburne	George P. Carpenter,	Shelburne.
4	Deerfield Conway Whately	Robert Abercrombie,	Deerfield.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
5	Northfield, Bernardston, Leyden, Colrain, Heath	Henry W. Montague,	Northfield.
6	Ashfield, Buckland, Charlemont, Hawley, Rowe, Monroe	Vaniah M. Porter	Rowe.

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

1	Monson, Brimfield, Holland, Wales	William L. Webber	Holland.
2	Palmer, Wilbraham, Hampden, Ludlow	William Holbrook	Palmer.
3	Chicopee	Frank H. Morton	Chicopee.
4	Springfield, Wds. 1, 2	Theodore D. Beach	Springfield.
		Wilson Eddy	Springfield.
5	Springfield, Wds. 3, 6	George P. Stebbins	Springfield.
6	Springfield, Wds. 4, 7, Longmeadow	Joseph Scott	Springfield.
7	Springfield, Wds. 5, 8	John L. Rice	Springfield.
8	Holyoke, Wds. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	John H. Wright	Holyoke.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
9	Holyoke, Wds. 6, 7, W. Springfield	Isaac B. Lowell	W. Springfi'd.
10	Westfield Agawam Montgomery	Edwd. C. Carpenter, John W. Colton	Westfield. Westfield.
11	Southwick Granville Tolland Blandford Chester Russell	Homer P. Twining	Tolland.

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

1	Easthampton Northampton Southampton	Edwin R. Bosworth, Sidney Strong	Easthampton. Northampton.
2	Hadley Hatfield Westhampton Williamsburg	Rowland Ayres	Hadley.
3	Chesterfield Cummington Goshen Huntington Middlefield Plainfield Worthington	William W. Mitchell,	Cummington.
4	Amherst Pelham Prescott South Hadley	Hobart P. Street	So. Hadley.
5	Belchertown Enfield Granby Greenwich Ware	Chas. Edwd. Stevens,	Ware.

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1	Cambridge, Wds. 1, 5	Chester W. Kingsley,	Cambridge.
		Henry W. Muzzey	Cambridge.
2	Cambridge, Wds. 2, 4	Henry J. Wells	Cambridge.
		Sumner Albee	Cambridge.
		G. D. Chamberlain	Cambridge.
3	Cambridge, Wd. 3,	John McSorley	Cambridge.
4	Somerville, Wd. 1,	Charles H. Guild	Somerville.
5	Somerville, Wd. 2,	Quincy A. Vinal	Somerville.
6	Som'v'le, Wds. 3, 4,	Edward Glines	Somerville.
7	Medford	John C. Rand	Medford.
8	Malden	Ezra A. Stevens	Malden.
	Everett	William F. Chester	Malden.
9	Melrose	B. Marvin Fernald	Melrose.
10	Stoneham	John W. Spencer	Stoneham.
11	Wakefield	Solon O. Richardson,	Wakefield.
12	Reading	George H. Parker	Reading.
	North Reading		
	Wilmington		
13	Woburn	Edward D. Hayden	Woburn.
14	Arlington	Jonas C. Harris	Arlington.
	Winchester		
15	Watertown	Samuel Walker	Watertown.
	Belmont		
16	Newton, Wds. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	George W. Morse	Newton.
		John H. Sanborn	Newton.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
17	Waltham . .	Rufus Warren . .	Waltham.
18	Lexington . . Burlington . . Bedford . . Billerica . .	Ebenezer Baker .	Billerica.
19	Tewksbury . . Chelmsford . . Tyngsborough . Dracut . . .	Enoch Foster . .	Tewksbury.
20	Lowell, Ward 1 .	James Kelly . .	Lowell.
21	Lowell, " 2 .	William F. Courtney,	Lowell.
22	Lowell, " 3 .	John H. Morrison .	Lowell.
23	Lowell, " 4 .	Charles H. Allen .	Lowell.
24	Lowell, " 5 .	Ambrose L. Ready .	Lowell.
25	Lowell, " 6 .	J. Tyler Stevens .	Lowell.
26	Concord . . Acton . . . Carlisle . . Lincoln . .	Moses Taylor . .	Acton.
27	Weston . . Wayland . . Sudbury . . Maynard . .	Edward Carter . .	Wayland.
28	Natick . . .	Daniel Dorchester .	Natick.
29	Holliston . . Sherborn . .	Willis A. Kingsbury,	Holliston.
30	Hopkinton . . Ashland . .	Owen Wood . .	Hopkinton.
31	Framingham .	James R. Entwistle,	Framingham.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
32	Marlborough .	Timothy A. Coolidge,	Marlborough.
33	Hudson . .	A. W. Wetherbee .	Boxborough.
	Stow . .		
	Boxborough .		
	Littleton . .		
34	Westford . .	Sherman H. Fletcher,	Westford.
	Groton . .		
	Dunstable . .		
	Pepperell . .		
35	Ayer . . .	Andrew W. Felch .	Ayer.
	Shirley . .		
	Townsend . .		
	Ashby . . .		

COUNTY OF NANTUCKET.

1	Nantucket . .	Josiah Freeman .	Nantucket.

COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

1	Dedham . .	Thomas J. Baker .	Dedham.
	Norwood . .		
2	Brookline . .	R. G. F. Candage .	Brookline.
3	Hyde Park . .	Hobart M. Cable .	Hyde Park.
4	Milton . .	Frank M. Ames .	Canton.
	Canton . .		
5	Quincy . .	Charles H. Porter .	Quincy.
		N. D. Canterbury .	Weymouth.
	Weymouth . .	Francis A. Bicknell .	Weymouth.
6	Braintree . .	Edmund White .	Holbrook.
	Holbrook . .		

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
7	Randolph Stoughton Sharon Walpole	David H. Blanchard, George E. Craig	Stoughton. Walpole.
8	Franklin Foxborough Wrentham Bellingham Medway	Nathan A. Cook Samuel Warner	Bellingham. Wrentham.
9	Needham Dover Medfield Norfolk Wellesley	Levi Mann	Norfolk.

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

1	Hingham Hull	Joseph Jacobs, Jr.	Hingham.
2	Cohasset Scituate South Scituate	Alpheus Thomas	So. Scituate.
3	Marshfield Pembroke Hanson Halifax	George Baker	Marshfield.
4	Duxbury Kingston Plympton Carver	Benj. W. Robbins	Carver.
5	Plymouth	Winslow W. Avery	Plymouth.
6	Wareham Rochester Marion Mattapoisett	Noble W. Everett	Wareham.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
7	Middleborough . Lakeville . .	John C. Sullivan .	Middleboro'.
8	Bridgewater . East Bridgewater,	L. Watts Richards .	E.Bridgew'r.
9	Rockland . . Hanover . .	R. C. Waterman .	Hanover.
10	Brockton . . W. Bridgewater .	Davis S. Packard . Francis E. Howard .	Brockton. W.Bridgew'r.
11	Abington . . South Abington .	William R. Vining .	So. Abington.

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

1	Boston, Ward 1,	Benj. F. Campbell . Harvey N. Shepard .	Boston. Boston.
2	Boston, " 2,	William J. Burke . Joseph P. Hamlin .	Boston. Boston.
3	Boston, " 3,	James White . . Samuel C. Hunt .	Boston. Boston.
4	Boston, " 4,	Edwin L. Pilsbury .	Boston.
5	Boston, " 5,	John Reade . . Samuel T. Harris .	Boston. Boston.
6	Boston, " 6,	John B. Sheerin . Thos. McCullough .	Boston. Boston.
7	Boston, " 7,	Alex. B. McGahey . Hugh A. Carr . .	Boston. Boston.
8	Boston, " 8,	John E McNelley . Charles W. Smith .	Boston. Boston.
9	Boston, " 9,	John F. Andrew . Henry W. Swift .	Boston. Boston.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
10	Boston, Ward 10,	Henry H. Sprague Charles Wheeler	Boston. Boston.
11	Boston, " 11,	Roger Wolcott John W. Leighton	Boston. Boston.
12	Boston, " 12,	Jeremiah H. Mullane, Patrick F. McDonald,	Boston. Boston.
13	Boston, " 13,	Cornelius F. Cronin. Dennis F. Brennan	Boston. Boston.
14	Boston, " 14,	Charles J. Noyes Arthur H. Wilson	Boston. Boston.
15	Boston, " 15,	Henry C. Towle Oliver G. Fernald	Boston. Boston.
16	Boston, " 16,	Abraham J. Lamb Joseph H. O'Neil	Boston. Boston.
17	Boston, " 17,	Jesse L. Nason Edmund T. Eastman,	Boston. Boston.
18	Boston, " 18,	Edward P. Brown George E. Learnard.	Boston. Boston.
19	Boston, " 19,	Thomas Fay, Jr. Patrick H. Manning,	Boston. Boston.
20	Boston, " 20,	Horace T. Rockwell, Arthur F. Means	Boston. Boston.
21	Boston, " 21,	Andrew J. Browne Benj. C. Tinkham	Boston. Boston.
22	Boston, " 22,	Alfred Ziegler	Boston.
23	Boston, " 23,	Levi L. Willcutt Edward P. Butler	Boston. Boston.
24	Boston, " 24,	George L. Burt Robert T. Swan	Boston. Boston.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
25	Boston, Ward 25,	John W. Hollis	Boston.
26	Chelsea Revere Winthrop	Chas. C. Hutchinson, Joseph W. Stickney, Thomas Floyd	Chelsea. Chelsea. Winthrop.
	COUNTY OF WORCESTER.		
1	Blackstone Uxbridge	Americus Welch	Blackstone.
2	Mendon Milford Upton	Silas W. Hale Edward S. Leland	Milford. Upton.
3	Northbridge Grafton	Ashley W. Rice	Grafton.
4	Westborough Southborough	W. T. Forbes	Westborough.
5	Clinton Berlin Bolton Sterling Lancaster Harvard Lunenburg	Lucius Field Aaron R. Powers	Clinton. Bolton.
6	Fitchburg	Leander Sprague Zechariah F. Young,	Fitchburg. Fitchburg.
7	Winchendon Ashburnham Gardner Westminster Princeton	John D. Edgell John B. Fay	Gardner. Princeton.
8	Athol Royalston	Henry M. Humphrey,	Athol.
9	Petersham Phillipston Templeton Hubbardston	William J. Eveleth	Hubbardston.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
10	Dana Hardwick Barre Oakham New Braintree	James H. Walker	Hardwick.
11	Rutland Holden Paxton Leicester	Henry W. Warren	Holden.
12	West Brookfield Warren Brookfield No. Brookfield Sturbridge	Hiram Knight David W. Hodgkins,	N. Brookfield. Brookfield.
13	Spencer Charlton Southbridge Oxford	Isaac L. Prouty George H. Taft	Spencer. Charlton.
14	Douglas Webster Dudley	Edwin Moore	Douglas.
15	Auburn Millbury Sutton	John Hopkins	Millbury.
16	Shrewsbury Northborough Boylston West Boylston	Abel O. Perry	Shrewsbury.
17	Leominster	Joel Smith	Leominster.
18	Worcester, Wd. 1,	Aaron G. Walker	Worcester.
19	Worcester, Wd. 2,	Samuel A. Porter	Worcester.
20	Worcester, Wd. 3,	Eugene M. Moriarty,	Worcester.
21	Worcester, Wd. 4,	David F. O'Connell	Worcester.
22	Worcester, Wd. 5,	John R. Thayer	Worcester.
23	Worcester, Wd. 6,	Asaph R. Marshall	Worcester.
24	Worcester, Wd. 7,	Edwin Ames	Worcester.
25	Worcester, Wd. 8,	William L. Clark	Worcester.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES . . . ALPHABETICALLY,

WITH THE DISTRICTS REPRESENTED, PLACES OF RESIDENCE, AND RESIDENCE DURING THE SESSION.

Hon. CHARLES J. NOYES, Boston, *Speaker.*

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Abercrombie, Robert	4, Franklin	Deerfield	Brookline	66
Albee, Sumner	2, Middlesex	Cambridge	At Home	9
Allen, Charles H.	23, Middlesex	Lowell	At Home	Desk.
Allen, Frank D.	10, Essex	Lynn	At Home	21
Almy, James F.	6, Essex	Salem	At Home	103
Ames, Edwin	24, Worcester	Worcester	At Home	187
Ames, Frank M.	4, Norfolk	Canton	At Home	31

Andrew, John F.	9, Suffolk	Boston	110 Charles Street	7
Andrews, Stephen P.	3, Essex	Essex	At Home	199
Avery, Winslow W.	5, Plymouth	Plymouth	At Home	106
Ayres, Rowland	2, Hampshire	Hadley	United States Hotel	174
Babbitt, Francis S.	3, Bristol	Taunton	At Home	150
Babbitt, Nathan S.	2, Berkshire	North Adams	Quincy House	27
Baker, Ebenezer	18, Middlesex	Billerica	Quincy House	219
Baker, George	3, Plymouth	Marshfield	Quincy House	88
Baker, John I.	5, Essex	Beverly	At Home	80
Baker, Thomas J.	1, Norfolk	Dedham	At Home	149
Ballard, Daniel	1, Franklin	New Salem	Quincy House	200
Barnard, Charles T.	3, Bristol	Taunton	Quincy House	155
Beach, Theodore D.	4, Hampden	Springfield	United States Hotel	215
Belden, Charles D.	1, Berkshire	Williamstown	Quincy House	76
Bicknell, Francis A.	5, Norfolk	Weymouth	At Home (No. Weymouth)	78

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No of Seat.
Billings, George W.	8, Bristol	Fall River	At Home	172
Blanchard, David H.	7, Norfolk	Stoughton	At Home	189
Boothman, Jonathan D.	21, Essex	Lawrence	At Home	131
Bosworth, Edwin R.	1, Hampshire	Easthampton	United States Hotel	115
Bowerman, Samuel W.	3, Berkshire	Pittsfield		30
Brennan, Dennis F.	13, Suffolk	Boston	267 D Street, South Boston	122
Briggs, Bradford B.	1, Barnstable	Sandwich	At Home	193
Brown, Edward P.	18, Suffolk	Boston	2 Wellington Street	5
Brown, William B.	8, Essex	Marblehead	At Home	39
Browne, Andrew J.	21, Suffolk	Boston	69 Bainbridge St, Roxbury	67
Burke, William J.	2, Suffolk	Boston	78 Everett St., E. Boston	96
Burr, Frank W.	8, Bristol	Fall River	At Home	207
Burt, George L.	24, Suffolk	Boston	River St., n. Fremont, Mat'n,	44

Butler, Edward P.	23, Suffolk	Boston	A St., n. Boylston, J. Plain,	138
Cable, Hobart M.	3, Norfolk	Hyde Park	At Home	24
Campbell, Benjamin F.	1, Suffolk	Boston	33 Princeton St., E. Boston,	23
Campbell, John B.	21, Essex	Lawrence	At Home	105
Candage, Rufus G. F.	2, Norfolk	Brookline	At Home	29
Canterbury, Nathan D.	5, Norfolk	Weymouth	East Weymouth	117
Carpenter, Edward C.	10, Hampden	Westfield	United States Hotel	48
Carpenter, George P.	3, Franklin	Shelburne	Quincy House	65
Carr, Hugh A.	7, Suffolk	Boston	116 Prince Street	89
Carter, Edward	27, Middlesex	Wayland	At Home	221
Chamberlain, George D.	2, Middlesex	Cambridge	At Home	62
Chester, William F.	8, Middlesex	Malden	At Home	33
Clark, John A.	5, Barnstable	Eastham	25 Glenwood St., Roxbury	82
Clark, William L.	25, Worcester	Worcester	At Home	53
Clarke, Albert E.	6, Bristol	New Bedford	At Home	206

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Cluff, Daniel B.	19, Essex	Haverhill	At Home	156
Cobb, Francis D.	2, Barnstable	Barnstable	Evans House	49
Cogswell, Adams H.	19, Essex	Methuen	At Home	144
Cogswell, William	6, Essex	Salem	At Home	34
Colton, John W.	10, Hampden	Westfield	United States Hotel	137
Cook, Nathan A.	8. Norfolk	Bellingham	At Home	205
Coolidge, Timothy A.	32, Middlesex	Marlborough	At Home	139
Coombs, John P.	16, Essex	Newburyport	At Home	86
Courtney, William F.	21, Middlesex	Lowell	At Home	225
Craig, George E.	7, Norfolk	Walpole	Tremont House	51
Cronin, Cornelius F.	13, Suffolk	Boston	4 B Street, South Boston	8
Crowell, James A.	5, Bristol	New Bedford	At Home	152
Curtis, Jason L.	1, Essex	Rockport	At Home	190

Davenport, James F.	9, Bristol	Fall River	At Home	178
Denham, James R.	6, Bristol	New Bedford	At Home	233
Dorchester, Daniel	28, Middlesex	Natick	At Home	129
Drake, Lincoln S.	2, Bristol	Easton	At Home	222
Dunham, Rufus A.	4, Bristol	Fairhaven	At Home	114
Dupar, Benjamin	9, Essex	Lynn	At Home	90
Eastman, Edmund T.	17, Suffolk	Boston	293 Shawmut Avenue	125
Eddy, Wilson	4, Hampden	Springfield	21 Staniford Street, Boston	123
Edgell, John D.	7, Worcester	Gardner	Quincy House	183
Ellsworth, Milton	15, Essex	Rowley	At Home	154
Entwistle, James R.	31, Middlesex	Framingham	Saxonville	235
Eveleth, William J.	9, Worcester	Hubbardston	At Home	228
Everett, Noble W.	6, Plymouth	Wareham	At Home	79
Fay, John B.	7, Worcester	Princeton	Felton Hall, Cambridge	229
Fay, Thomas, Jr.	19, Suffolk	Boston	5 Auburn Street, Roxbury	100

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Felch, Andrew W.	35, Middlesex	Ayer	At Home	46
Fernald, B. Marvin	9, Middlesex	Melrose	At Home	158
Fernald, Oliver G.	5, Suffolk	Boston	268 West Fifth Street	167
Field, Lucius	5, Worcester	Clinton	At Home	124
Fisk, David	3, Barnstable	Dennis	Sherman House	194
Fletcher, Sherman H.	34, Middlesex	Westford	At Home	36
Floyd, Thomas	26, Suffolk	Winthrop	At Home	176
Forbes, William T.	4, Worcester	Westborough	At Home	54
Foster, Enoch	19, Middlesex	Tewksbury	At Home	135
Fowler, Charles B.	7, Essex	Salem	At Home	226
Freeman, Josiah	1, Nantucket	Nantucket	New Bedford	216
French, Hartwell S.	10, Essex	Lynn	At Home	3
Gifford, John W.	7, Bristol	Westport	9 Derne Street, Boston	2

Gifford, Rufus B.	7, Essex	Salem	At Home	236
Gilmartin, Dennis	20, Essex	Lawrence	At Home	25
Glines, Edward	6, Middlesex	Somerville	At Home	113
Guild, Charles H.	4, Middlesex	Somerville	At Home	224
Gunn, James A.	2, Franklin	Montague	Quincy House	130
Hale, Silas W.	2, Worcester	Milford	At Home	81
Hamlin, Joseph P.	2, Suffolk	Boston	120 London St., East Boston,	179
Harris, Jonas C.	14, Middlesex	Arlington	At Home	127
Harris, Samuel T.	5, Suffolk	Boston	At Home	211
Hayden, Edward D.	13, Middlesex	Woburn	Albion, 1 Beacon St., Boston,	15
Hill, Edwin N.	19, Essex	Haverhill	At Home	186
Hodgkins, David W.	12, Worcester	Brookfield	At Home	157
Holbrook, William	2, Hampden	Palmer	United States Hotel	116
Holley, Tristram R.	1, Dukes	Edgartown	153 Dorchester St., Boston	210
Hollis, John W.	25, Suffolk	Boston	At Home	75

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Hopkins, John	15, Worcester	Millbury	At Home	108
Horr, Francis A.	10 Bristol	Dighton	At Home	43
Howard, Francis E.	10, Plymouth	W. Bridgewater,	At Home	132
Hughes, Atkins	6, Barnstable	Truro	Quincy House	71
Humphrey, Henry M.	8, Worcester	Athol	Quincy House	37
Hunt, Samuel C.	3, Suffolk	Boston	106 Elm Street, Charlestown,	184
Hutchinson, Charles C.	26, Suffolk	Chelsea	At Home	42
Jacobs, Joseph, Jr.	1, Plymouth	Hingham	At Home	18
Jones, Edward D. G.	3, Berkshire	Pittsfield	United States Hotel	119
Kelley, Watson B.	4, Barnstable	Harwich	Sherman House	173
Kelly, James	20, Middlesex	Lowell	At Home	182
Kingsbury, Willis A.	29, Middlesex	Holliston	At Home	154
Kingsley, Chester W.	1, Middlesex	Cambridge	At Home	55

Knight, Hiram	12, Worcester	No. Brookfield	55 Grove Street, Chelsea	38
Lamb, Abraham J.	16, Suffolk	Boston	37 Seneca Street	121
Learnard, George E.	18, Suffolk	Boston	158 West Concord Street	40
Leighton, John W.	11, Suffolk	Boston	20 St. James Avenue	147
Leland, Edward S.	2, Worcester	Upton	At Home	59
Leonard, Job M.	9, Bristol	Somerset	At Home	145
Lowell, Isaac B.	9, Hampden	W. Springfield	United States Hotel	202
Mann, Levi	9, Norfolk	Norfolk	At Home	126
Manning, Patrick H.	19, Suffolk	Boston	961 Tremont Street	145
Marlor, John	10, Essex	Lynn	At Home	107
Marshall, Asaph R.	23, Worcester	Worcester	At Home	11
McCullough, Thomas	6, Suffolk	Boston	2 Jackson Avenue	223
McDonald, Patrick F.	12, Suffolk	Boston	3 Spear Alley	169
McGahey, Alexander B.	7, Suffolk	Boston	5 La Fayette Avenue	220
McNelley, John E.	8, Suffolk	Boston	51 Poplar Street	208

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No of Seat
McSorley, John	3, Middlesex	Cambridge	At Home	4
Means, Arthur F.	20, Suffolk	Boston	43 Langdon Street	227
Messinger, Austin	1, Bristol	Norton	At Home	50
Mitchell, William W.	3, Hampshire	Cummington	20 Milford Street, Boston	185
Montague, Henry W.	5, Franklin	Northfield	Quincy House	101
Moore, Edwin	14, Worcester	Douglas	At Home	198
Moriarty, Eugene M.	20, Worcester	Worcester	At Home	87
Morrison, John H.	22, Middlesex	Lowell	At Home	92
Morse, George W.	16, Middlesex	Newton	At Home	19
Morton, Frank H.	3, Hampden	Chicopee	United States Hotel	151
Mullane, Jeremiah H.	12, Suffolk	Boston	253 Federal Street	160
Muzzey, Henry W.	1, Middlesex	Cambridge	At Home	238
Nason, Jesse L.	17, Suffolk	Boston	89 Waltham Street	142

(Noyes, Charles J.)	14, Suffolk	Boston	134 K Street, South Boston,	Spkr.
O'Connell, David F.	21, Worcester	Worcester	At Home	17
O'Neil, Joseph H.	16, Suffolk	Boston	12 Oswego Street	16
Packard, Davis S.	10, Plymouth	Brockton	At Home	159
Parker, George H.	12, Middlesex	Reading	At Home	190
Perry, Abel O.	16, Worcester	Shrewsbury	At Home	83
Pilsbury, Edwin L.	4, Middlesex	Boston	21 Baldwin St., Charlestown,	112
Pinder, John	12, Essex	Peabody	At Home	85
Pomeroy, Alanson S.	4, Berkshire	Washington	New Marlborough House	170
Porter, Charles H.	5, Norfolk	Quincy	At Home	14
Porter, Samuel A.	19, Worcester	Worcester	At Home	84
Porter, Vaniah M.	6, Franklin	Rowe	21 Staniford Street, Boston,	26
Post, Thomas	6, Berkshire	Lenox	United States Hotel	197
Potter, John H.	13, Essex	Topsfield	At Home	128
Powers, Aaron R.	5, Worcester	Bolton	At Home	181

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Preston, Alcander W.	2, Berkshire	North Adams	Quincy House	77
Prouty, Isaac L.	13, Worcester	Spencer	At Home	97
Rand, John C.	7, Middlesex	Medford	At Home	13
Ray, Charles W.	7, Berkshire	Gr't Barrington,		196
Reade, John	5, Suffolk	Boston	189 Main St., Charlestown	63
Ready, Ambrose L.	24, Middlesex	Lowell	At Home	188
Reed, Charles A.	3, Bristol	Taunton	At Home	20
Rice, Ashley W.	3, Worcester	Grafton	At Home	161
Rice, John L.	7, Hampden	Springfield	111 Warren Ave., Boston	162
Richards, L. Watts	8, Plymouth	E. Bridgewater	At Home	133
Richardson, Solon O.	11, Middlesex	Wakefield	At Home	60
Rix, Thomas P. M.	8, Essex	Marblehead	At Home	98
Robbins, Benjamin W.	4, Plymouth	Carver	At Home	217

Roberts, Oliver A.	18, Essex	Salisbury	At Home	28
Robinson, Orlando G.	5, Bristol	New Bedford	At Home	195
Rockwell, Horace T.	20, Suffolk	Boston	36 Blue Hill Avenue	95
Sanborn, John H.	16, Middlesex	Newton	At Home	64
Sargent, Albert	18, Essex	Merrimac	Quincy House	58
Scott, Joseph	6, Hampden	Springfield	192 Summer Street, Lynn	175
Shaw, Edward P.	16, Essex	Newburyport	At Home	153
Sheerin, John B.	6, Suffolk	Boston	2 Foster Street	111
Shepard, Harvey N.	1, Suffolk	Boston	57 Monmouth Street, E.B.	10
Shores, Norman W.	5, Berkshire	Lee	United States Hotel	73
Smith, Charles	14, Essex	Andover	At Home	1
Smith, Charles W.	8, Suffolk	Boston	33 Bowdoin Street	55
Smith, Joel	17, Worcester	Leominster	At Home	57
Spencer, John W.	10, Middlesex	Stoneham	At Home	109
Sprague, Henry H.	10, Suffolk	Boston	19 Mt. Vernon Street	6

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Sprague, Leander	6, Worcester	Fitchburg	At Home	74
Stebbins, George P.	5, Hampden	Springfield	Cor. Columbus Av. & B'k'y,	Desk.
Steele, Isaac A. S.	2, Essex	Gloucester	At Home	231
Stevens, Charles E.	5, Hampshire	Ware	Young's Hotel	94
Stevens, Ezra A.	8, Middlesex	Malden	At Home	104
Stevens, J. Tyler	25, Middlesex	Lowell	At Home	237
Stickney, Joseph W.	26, Suffolk	Chelsea	At Home	118
Street, Hobart P.	4, Hampshire	South Hadley	New Marlborough Hotel	204
Strong, Sidney	1, Hampshire	Northampton	United States Hotel	234
Sullivan, Dennis A.	20, Essex	Lawrence	At Home	41
Sullivan, John C.	7, Plymouth	Middleborough	At Home	171
Swan, Robert T.	24, Suffolk	Boston	De Wolf Street, Dorchester	68
Swift, Henry W.	9, Suffolk	Boston	15 Charles Street	32

Switzer, James W.	11, Essex	Lynn	At Home	12
Taft, George H.	13, Worcester	Charlton	At Home	192
Tapley, Gilbert A.	4, Essex	Danvers	At Home	72
Taylor, Moses	26, Middlesex	Acton	At Home	47
Thayer, John R.	22, Worcester	Worcester	At Home	166
Thomas, Alphens	2, Plymouth	South Scituate	At Home	168
Tinkham, Benjamin C.	21, Suffolk	Boston	26 Linwood Street	91
Towle, Henry C.	15, Suffolk	Boston	Adams St., n. Dorch'er Ave.	69
Towne, Alfred E.	17, Essex	Bradford	2 Boylston Place, Boston	22
Twining, Homer P.	11, Hampden	Tolland	New Marlboro' Hotel, Bos'n,	209
Vinal, Quincy A.	5, Middlesex	Somerville	At Home	110
Vining, William R.	11, Plymouth	South Abington	At Home	120
Walker, Aaron G.	18, Worcester	Worcester	At Home	148
Walker, James H.	10, Worcester	Hardwick	United States Hotel	214
Walker, Samuel	15, Middlesex	Watertown	At Home	165

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Warner, Samuel	8, Norfolk	Wrentham	At Home	141
Warren, Henry W.	11, Worcester	Holden	At Home	35
Warren, Rufus	17, Middlesex	Waltham	At Home	163
Waterman, Rodolphus C.	9, Plymouth	Hanover	Crawford House, Boston	136
Webber, William L.	1, Hampden	Holland	Roslindale	213
Welch, Americus	1, Worcester	Blackstone	At Home	143
Wells, Henry J.	2, Middlesex	Cambridge	At Home	52
Wetherbee, Augustus W.	33, Middlesex	Boxborough	At Home	212
Wheeler, Charles	10, Suffolk	Boston	146 Tremont Street	61
Whitaker, John B.	8, Bristol	Fall River	At Home	140
Whitbeck, Orrin C.	8, Berkshire	Mt. Washington	New Marlboro' Hotel, Bos'n,	134
White, Edmund	6, Norfolk	Holbrook	At Home	177
White, James	3, Suffolk	Boston	36 Everett St., Charlestown,	203

Whitehill, John . .	1, Bristol . .	Attleborough .	At Home	180
Willcutt, Levi L. . .	23, Suffolk . .	Boston . .	Bellevue St., n. C'tre, W. R.	45
Wilson, Arthur H. . .	14, Suffolk . .	Boston . .	504 East Broadway . .	99
Wolcott, Roger . .	11, Suffolk . .	Boston . .	173 Commonwealth Avenue,	70
Wonson, William H., 3d	2, Essex . .	Gloucester .	At Home	232
Wood, Owen . . .	30, Middlesex .	Hopkinton .	At Home	93
Wright, John H. . .	8, Hampden .	Holyoke . .	At Home	201
Young, Zechariah F. .	6, Worcester .	Fitchburg . .	At Home	230
Ziegler, Alfred . . .	22, Suffolk . .	Boston . .	14 Alleghany Street . .	102

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

GEORGE A. MARDEN, Lowell	*Clerk.*
EDWARD A. McLAUGHLIN, Boston	*Assistant Clerk.*
OREB F. MITCHELL, Bridgewater	*Sergeant-at-Arms.*
Rev. DANIEL W. WALDRON, Boston	*Chaplain.*
THOMAS J. TUCKER, Jr.	*Doorkeeper.*
JOHN E. KILLIAN	*Ass't Doorkeeper.*
E. M. ALEXANDER	*Postmaster.*
THOMAS PLUNKETT	*Messenger.*
C. W. PHILBRICK	*Messenger.*
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GEORGE C. CLAPP	*Messenger.*
W. H. GRAVES	*Messenger.*
JAMES McCORMAC	*Messenger.*
W. H. WHITING	*Messenger.*
C. R. MINER	*Messenger.*
JOHN B. HOLLIS	*Messenger.*
FRANK H. BURT	*Messenger.*
JAMES W. FINAN	*Page.*
JAMES W. KIMBALL	*Page.*

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First Division	Messrs. MARSHALL of Worcester, and CRONIN of Boston.
Second Division	Messrs. STEVENS of Malden, and FAY of Boston.
Third Division	Messrs. WILSON of Boston, and BURKE of Boston.
Fourth Division,	Messrs. ROCKWELL of Boston, and MORRISON of Lowell.
Fifth Division	Messrs. TINKHAM of Boston, and MORIARTY of Worcester.
Sixth Division	Messrs. ANDREW of Boston, and McSORLEY of Cambridge.

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Bennett . . . . . *of Suffolk.*
Stone . . . . . *of Essex.*
Tirrell . . . . . *of Middlesex.*
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On Probate and Chancery.

Messrs. Sherburne . . . . . *of Suffolk.*
Crowley . . . . . *of Middlesex.*
Baldwin . . . . . *of Essex.*

On the Treasury.

Messrs. Allen . . . . . *of Suffolk.*
Tufts . . . . . *of Suffolk.*
Johnson . . . . . *of Worcester.*

On Bills in the Third Reading.

Messrs. Gallagher . . . . . *of Suffolk.*
Jennings . . . . . *of Bristol.*
Crocker . . . . . *of Suffolk.*
Rockwell . . . . . *of Berkshire.*
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On Engrossed Bills.

Messrs. Moore . . . . . *of Worcester.*
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Locke . . . . . *of Norfolk.*

On Rules and Orders.

Messrs. Crocker . . . . . *of Suffolk.*
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STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE.

On the Judiciary.

Messrs.	Cogswell	*of Salem.*
	Bowerman	*of Pittsfield.*
	Muzzey	*of Cambridge.*
	Andrew	*of Boston.*
	Reed	*of Taunton.*
	Sprague	*of Boston.*
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	Fernald	*of Melrose.*
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	Warner	*of Wrentham.*
	Forbes	*of Westborough.*
	Sullivan	*of Middleborough.*
	Clarke	*of New Bedford.*
	Cronin	*of Boston.*
	Means	*of Boston.*
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	O'Connell	*of Worcester.*

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	O'Neil	*of Boston.*
	Hayden	*of Woburn.*
	Brown	*of Boston.*
	Allen	*of Lowell.*
	Shores	*of Lee.*

On Bills in the Third Reading.

Messrs.	Allen	*of Lowell.*
	Shepard	*of Boston.*
	McDonald	*of Boston.*

On Engrossed Bills.

Messrs.	Stebbins	*of Springfield.*
	Cable	*of Hyde Park.*
	Hale	*of Milford.*

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Eastman . . . . . *of Boston.*

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Messrs. Hamlin . . . . . *of Boston.*
Warren . . . . . *of Waltham.*
Hunt . . . . . *of Boston.*

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Of the Senate. — Messrs. Grinnell of Franklin,
Tucker of Norfolk, and
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Hollis of Boston,
Carpenter of Westfield,
Robbins of Carver,
Taylor of Acton,
Walker of Hardwick,
Clark of Eastham, and
Whitbeck of Mt. Washington.

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Of the Senate. — Messrs. Corbin of Worcester,
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Of the House. — Messrs. Chamberlain of Cambridge,
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Bosworth of Easthampton,
Colton of Westfield,
Tinkham of Boston,
Edgell of Gardner, and
Cobb of Barnstable.

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Of the Senate. — Messrs. Gallagher of Suffolk,
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Rice of Springfield,
Entwistle of Framingham, and
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Of the House. — Messrs. Albee of Cambridge,
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McCullough of Boston,
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Knight of North Brookfield,
Felch of Ayer,
Sargent of Merrimac, and
Courtney of Lowell.

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Of the Senate. — Messrs. Moore of Worcester,
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Mudge of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Everett of Wareham,
Dorchester of Natick,
Mitchell of Cummington,
Humphrey of Athol,
Hill of Haverhill,
Stebbins of Springfield,
Whitaker of Fall River, and
Towle of Boston.

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Of the Senate. — Messrs. Bennett of Suffolk,
Galvin of Suffolk, and
McFarlin of Plymouth.

Of the House. — Messrs. Post of Lenox,
Strong of Northampton,
Moriarty of Worcester,
Rockwell of Boston,
Dupar of Lynn,
Warren of Holden,
Cook of Bellingham, and
Craig of Walpole.

On Expenditures.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Allen of Suffolk,
Tufts of Suffolk, and
Johnson of Worcester.

Of the House. — Messrs. Hayden of Woburn,
Davenport of Fall River,
Stevens of Malden,
Prouty of Spencer,
Foster of Tewksbury,
Swift of Boston,
Beach of Springfield,
Clark of Worcester, and
Belden of Williamstown.

On Federal Relations.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Norwood of Essex,
Allen of Suffolk, and
Reed of Bristol.

Of the House. — Messrs. Hale of Milford,
Marlor of Lynn,
Baker of Billerica,
Webber of Holland,
Cogswell of Methuen,
Sheerin of Boston,
Ray of Great Barrington, and
Perry of Shrewsbury.

On the Fisheries.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Norwood of Essex,
Johnson of the Cape District, and
Barker of Bristol.

Of the House. — Messrs. Vinal of Somerville,
Wood of Hopkinton,
Floyd of Winthrop,
Coombs of Newburyport,
White of Holbrook,
Dunham of Fairhaven,
Freeman of Nantucket, and
Holley of Edgartown.

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Of the Senate. — Messrs. Allen of Suffolk,
Sherburne of Suffolk, and
Johnson of the Cape District.
Of the House. — Messrs. Shepard of Boston,
Burke of Boston,
Wonson of Gloucester,
Hughes of Truro,
Candage of Brookline,
Wheeler of Boston,
Robinson of New Bedford, and
Ready of Lowell.

ON INSURANCE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Hastings of Worcester.
Seeley of Berkshire, and
Hannum of Middlesex.
Of the House. — Messrs. Porter of Quincy,
Baker of Dedham,
Walker of Watertown,
Kingsbury of Holliston,
Smith of Leominster,
Dupar of Lynn,
Hutchinson of Chelsea, and
Barnard of Taunton.

ON LABOR.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Allen of Plymouth,
Locke of Norfolk, and
Galvin of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. French of Lynn,
Prouty of Spencer,
Butler of Boston,
Curtis of Rockport,
Rice of Grafton,
Drake of Easton,
Hunt of Boston, and
Gilmartin of Lawrence.

On Library.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Moore of Worcester,
Gerry of Middlesex, and
Winship of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Guild of Somerville,
Bowerman of Pittsfield,
Rand of Medford,
Eastman of Boston,
Hill of Haverhill,
Wolcott of Boston,
Whitehill of Attleborough, and
Campbell of Boston.

On Manufactures.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. McFarlin of Plymouth,
Norwood of Essex, and
Haile of Hampden.

Of the House. — Messrs. Marshall of Worcester,
Leonard of Somerset,
Fay of Boston,
Waterman of Hanover,
Ziegler of Boston,
Lowell of West Springfield,
Boothman of Lawrence, and
Wetherbee of Boxborough.

On Mercantile Affairs.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Smith of Suffolk,
Corbin of Worcester, and
Seeley of Berkshire.

Of the House. — Messrs. Rockwell of Boston,
Lamb of Boston,
Jones of Pittsfield,
McDonald of Boston,
Kelley of Harwich,
Nason of Boston,
Denham of New Bedford, and
Warren of Waltham.

Military Affairs.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Haile of Hampden,
Bruce of Middlesex, and
Tufts of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Rice of Springfield,
French of Lynn,
Wright of Holyoke,
White of Boston,
Andrews of Essex,
Bicknell of Weymouth,
Parker of Reading, and
Carter of Wayland.

Parishes and Religious Societies.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Gerry of Middlesex,
Allen of Plymouth, and
Rolfe of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Dorchester of Natick,
Smith of Andover,
Welch of Blackstone,
Horr of Dighton,
Porter of Worcester,
Whitehill of Attleborough,
Fay of Princeton, and
Scott of Springfield.

On Printing.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Horton of Essex,
Reed of Bristol, and
Gallagher of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Avery of Plymouth,
Mullane of Boston,
Warner of Wrentham,
Wilson of Boston,
Powers of Bolton,
Sullivan of Lawrence,
Richards of East Bridgewater, and
Ellsworth of Rowley.

On Prisons.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Hannum of Middlesex,
Crowley of Middlesex, and
Smith of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Walker of Worcester,
Burr of Fall River,
Field of Clinton,
Crowell of New Bedford,
Pilsbury of Boston,
Switzer of Lynn,
Abercrombie of Deerfield, and
Kelly of Lowell.

On Public Charitable Institutions.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Winship of Middlesex,
Hastings of Worcester, and
Mudge of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Burt of Boston,
McSorley of Cambridge,
Leonard of Boston,
Tapley of Danvers,
Roberts of Salisbury,
Holbrook of Palmer,
Ayres of Hadley, and
Babbitt of North Adams.

On Public Health.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Horton of Essex,
Tirrell of Middlesex, and
Ingalls of Worcester.

Of the House. — Messrs. Wilson of Boston,
Rand of Medford,
Chamberlain of Cambridge,
Hamlin of Boston,
Harris of Arlington,
Hodgkins of Brookfield,
Campbell of Boston, and
Smith of Andover.

On Railroads.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Rockwell of Berkshire,
Stone of Essex,
Corbin of Worcester, and
Cook of Hampshire.

Of the House. — Messrs. Brown of Marblehead,
Canterbury of Weymouth,
Cable of Hyde Park,
Brown of Boston,
Ames of Canton,
Sprague of Fitchburg,
Richardson of Wakefield,
Shores of Lee,
Fletcher of Westford,
Stevens of Ware, and
Moore of Douglas.

Roads and Bridges.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Rolfe of Essex,
Seeley of Berkshire, and
Corser of Hampden.

Of the House. — Messrs. Stickney of Chelsea,
Shaw of Newburyport,
Steele of Gloucester,
Blanchard of Stoughton,
Baker of Marshfield,
Fisk of Dennis,
Cluff of Haverhill, and
Carpenter of Shelburne.

ON THE STATE HOUSE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Hannum of Middlesex,
Ingalls of Worcester, and
Crocker of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Smith of Boston,
Leland of Upton,
Billings of Fall River,
Gifford of Westport,
Manning of Boston,
Spencer of Stoneham,
Howard of West Bridgewater, and
McNelley of Boston.

ON STREET RAILWAYS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Locke of Norfolk,
Winship of Middlesex, and
Allen of Plymouth.

Of the House. — Messrs. Morse of Newton,
O'Neil of Boston,
Ames of Worcester,
Reade of Boston,
Morton of Chicopee,
Wright of Holyoke,
Glines of Somerville, and
Babbitt of Taunton.

ON TAXATION.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Bennett of Suffolk,
Hastings of Worcester, and
Barker of Bristol.

Of the House. — Messrs. E. P. Brown of Boston,
McGahey of Boston,
Guild of Somerville,
Welch of Blackstone,
A. J. Browne of Boston,
Ballard of New Salem,
Street of South Hadley, and
Brennan of Boston.

On Towns.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Cook of Hampshire,
Johnson of the Cape District, and
Corser of Hampden.

Of the House. — Messrs. Almy of Salem,
Coolidge of Marlborough,
Moriarty of Worcester,
Fernald of Boston,
Chester of Malden,
Taft of Charlton,
Pinder of Peabody, and
Leighton of Boston.

JOINT SPECIAL COMMITTEES.

On Constitutional Amendments.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Stone of Essex,
Rockwell of Berkshire, and
Bruce of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Muzzey of Cambridge,
Morse of Newton,
Clarke of New Bedford,
Post of Lenox,
Sullivan of Middleborough,
Hopkins of Millbury,
Means of Boston, and
Harris of Boston.

On Hoosac Tunnel and Troy and Greenfield Railroad.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Bruce of Middlesex,
Tucker of Norfolk, and
Grinnell of Franklin.

Of the House. — Messrs. Baker of Beverly,
Stevens of Lowell,
Strong of Northampton,
Vinal of Somerville,
Willcutt of Boston,
Gifford of Salem,
Preston of North Adams, and
Young of Fitchburg.

On the Liquor Law.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Tirrell of Middlesex,
Galvin of Suffolk, and
Crowley of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Forbes of Westborough,
Kingsley of Cambridge,
Swan of Boston,
Harris of Boston,
Mann of Norfolk,
Scott of Springfield,
Vining of South Abington, and
Warren of Holden.

On Woman Suffrage.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Corser of Hampden,
Horton of Essex, and
Mudge of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Hopkins of Millbury,
Floyd of Winthrop,
Fowler of Salem,
Jacobs of Hingham,
Twining of Tolland,
Sheerin of Boston,
Rix of Marblehead, and
Carpenter of Westfield.

REPORTERS.

IN THE SENATE.

GEORGE C. BURPEE . . .	*Boston Post.*
HENRY O'MEARA . . .	*Boston Journal.*
WILLIAM B. SMART . . .	*Boston Transcript.*
N. J. MORTON	*Boston Globe.* / *Springfield Republican.*
FRANK I. GREY	*Boston Advertiser.*
WILLIAM T. GILBERT . .	*Boston Traveller.*
A. M. BRIDGMAN . . .	*Boston Herald.*

IN THE HOUSE.

WILLIAM B. SMART . . .	*Boston Post.* / *Boston Transcript.*
SAMUEL J. MENARD . .	*Boston Journal.*
A. M. BRIDGMAN . . .	*Boston Herald.*
R. L. BRIDGMAN . . .	*Boston Advertiser.*
W. F. WHITCHER . . .	*Boston Traveller.*
CHARLES H. ORR . . .	*Boston Globe.*
CHARLES S. DREW . . .	*Evening Star.* / *Springfield Republican.*

COMMITTEE ROOMS.

Agriculture, in Room C, Basement, West Wing.
Banks and Banking, in No. 12, West Wing.
Cities, in Room A, West Wing.
Claims, in No. 7, West Wing.
Constitutional Amendments, in No. 4, East Wing.
County Estimates (House), in No. 6, East Wing.
Education, in No. 12, West Wing.
Elections (House), in No. 16, West Wing.
Election Laws, in No. 15, West Wing.
Expenditures, in Sergeant-at-Arms' Office.
Federal Relations.
Fisheries, in No. 3, East Wing.
Finance (House), in Sergeant-at-Arms' Office.
Harbors and Public Lands, in No. 4, East Wing.
Hoosac Tunnel and Troy and Greenfield Railroad, No. 4, East Wing.
Insurance, in No. 3, East Wing.
Judiciary of the Senate, in No. 2, East Wing.
Judiciary of the House, in No. 8, West Wing.
Labor, in Blue Room.
Leave of Absence (House).
Library, in Library.
Liquor Law.
Manufactures, in No. 18, West Wing.
Mercantile Affairs, in No. 5, East Wing.
Military Affairs, in No. 13, West Wing.
Pay-Roll (House), in Sergeant-at-Arms' Office.
Parishes and Religious Societies, in No. 7, East Wing.
Printing, in No. 18, West Wing.
Prisons, in No. 5, East Wing.
Probate and Chancery (Senate), No. 13, West Wing.
Probate and Chancery (House), Room B, West Wing.
Public Charitable Institutions, in Room A, West Wing.
Public Health, in No. 14, West Wing.
Railroads, in No. 10, West Wing.
Roads and Bridges, in No. 6, East Wing.
State House, in Sergeant-at-Arms' Office.
Street Railways, in No. 16, West Wing.
Taxation, in No. 15, West Wing.
Towns, in Blue Room.
Treasury (Senate).
Woman Suffrage.

ASSIGNMENT OF COMMITTEE ROOMS.

EAST WING.

RIGHT, ON ENTERING FROM BEACON STREET.

President of the Senate and Clerk of the Senate.
Rear of the Senate Chamber.

No. 1. Clerk of the House.
2. Committee on the Judiciary. (*Senate.*)
3. Committee on the Fisheries.
3. Committee on Insurance.
4. Committee on Constitutional Amendments.
4. Committee on Harbors and Public Lands.
4. Committee on Hoosac Tunnel and Troy and Greenfield Railroad.
5. Committee on Mercantile Affairs.
5. Committee on Prisons.
6. Committee on County Estimates.
6. Committee on Roads and Bridges.
7. Committee on Claims.
7. Committee on Parishes and Religious Societies.

Committee on the Library.
(*In the Library.*)

Committee on Expenditures,
Committee on Finance, and
Committee on the State House.
(*In Sergeant-at-Arms' Office.*)

Committee on Labor, and
Committee on Towns.
(*In "Blue Room."*)

WEST WING.

LEFT, ON ENTERING FROM BEACON STREET.

Speaker's Room between House and Council Chamber.
No. 8. Committee on the Judiciary. (*House.*)
9. Committee on Probate and Chancery. (*House.*)
10. Committee on Railroads.
12. Committee on Banks and Banking.
12. Committee on Education.
13. Committee on Military Affairs.
13. Committee on Probate and Chancery. (*Senate.*)
14. Committee on Public Health.
14. Committee on Taxation.
15. Committee on Public Charitable Institutions.
16. Committee on Elections.
16. Committee on Street Railways.
18. Committee on Manufactures.
18. Committee on Printing.
Committee on Agriculture.
(*In Agricultural Room, west basement.*)
(*Committees not named have no rooms specially assigned.*)

NOTICE TO MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL COURT.

STATE LIBRARY.

The fourteenth section of the fifth chapter of the Public Statutes provides that there shall be a State Library kept in the State House, for the use of the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the Council, the Senate, the House of Representatives, and such other officers of the Government and other persons as may from time to time be permitted to use the same.

The Library is in the second story of the enlargement.

REGULATIONS.

The Library is open during the session of the Legislature, each day, without intermission, from 9 A.M. to 5 P.M., except on Saturday P.M., when it is closed at 1 o'clock.

All persons may use the Library for consultation or reference.

Members of the Legislature may consult or peruse any book at their pleasure.

Members may take any of the miscellaneous books to their lodgings, and retain them for a reasonable time.

The Statutes, Law Reports, State Papers, Journals, Dictionaries, Encyclopædias, etc., etc., may be taken to any part of the State House, but are not to be removed from it, except in special cases.

Members taking books from the shelves are requested to be particularly careful to return them to their proper places, or to leave them on the tables, to be replaced by the attendants.

No book is to be taken by a member from the Library-room without its being charged to him.

Books used at a hearing before a committee are to be charged to some member of the committee or of the Legislature, and not to counsel or parties in the case pending.

OFFICERS.

George O. Shattuck, J. M. Manning, and Edwin P. Whipple, of Boston, *Trustees;* John W. Dickinson, *Librarian ex officio;* C. B. Tillinghast, *Assistant Librarian;* Miss C. R. Jackson, Miss E. M. Sawyer, *Clerks.*

AGRICULTURAL LIBRARY.

A valuable Agricultural Library, connected with the office of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, is also open at all hours of the day for the use of the members of the Legislature. It is in the basement of the State House, in the rear.

BOSTON ATHENÆUM.

By the Act of the General Court incorporating the Proprietors of the Boston Athenæum, it is provided that the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the members of the Council, of the Senate, and of the House of Representatives, for the time being, shall have free access to the Library of the said corporation, and may visit and consult the same at all times, under the same regulations as may be provided by the by-laws of said corporation for the proprietors thereof.

The Boston Athenæum is situated in Beacon Street, near

the State House; and members who may wish to avail themselves of their privilege can receive a note of introduction to the Librarian by applying to the Sergeant-at-Arms.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Section 6 of the Acts of 1794, incorporating the Massachusetts Historical Society, provides that "either branch of the Legislature shall and may have free access to the library and museum of said society."

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

[Appointed under Chapter 200 of the Acts of 1877.]

Barnstable County.	
George N. Munsell	*Harwich.*
John M. Crocker	*Provincetown.*
John M. Smith	*Barnstable.*
Berkshire County.	
Henry L. Sabin	*Williamstown.*
Frank K. Paddock	*Pittsfield.*
Samuel Camp	*Gt. Barrington.*
Charles C. Holcombe	*Lee.*
Bristol County.	
John R. Bronson	*Attleborough.*
Silas D. Presbrey	*Taunton.*
Jerome Dwelly	*Fall River.*
William H. Taylor	*New Bedford.*
Frederick L. Burden	*Attleborough.*
Dukes County.	
John Pierce	*Edgartown.*
Edwin Mayberry	*Edgartown.*
William Leach	*Tisbury.*
Essex County.	
George B. Stevens	*Gloucester.*
Yorick G. Hurd	*Ipswich.*
George W. Snow	*Newburyport.*
William Cogswell	*Bradford.*
William D. Lamb	*Lawrence.*
Richmond B. Root	*Georgetown.*
Joseph G. Pinkham	*Lynn.*
Charles A. Carleton	*Salem.*
Charles Haddock	*Beverly.*
George S. Osborne	*Peabody.*

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

FRANCIS J. CANEDY	*Shelburne Falls.*
ERASTUS C. COY	*Montague.*

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

WILLIAM HOLBROOK	*Palmer.*
THEODORE F. BRECK	*Springfield.*
LYMAN M. TUTTLE	*Holyoke.*
JAMES H. WATERMAN	*Westfield.*

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

JOSEPH W. WINSLOW	*Easthampton.*
CHRISTOPHER SEYMOUR	*Northampton.*
DYER B. N. FISH	*Amherst.*
DAVID W. MINER	*Ware.*

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

ALFRED F. HOLT	*Cambridge.*
JOHN L. SULLIVAN	*Malden.*
SAMUEL W. ABBOTT	*Wakefield.*
FREDERICK WINSOR	*Winchester.*
HENRY A. BARRETT	*Concord.*
ALFRED HOSMER	*Watertown.*
NATHAN S. CHAMBERLAIN	*Marlborough.*
BENJAMIN H. HARTWELL	*Ayer.*
JOHN C. IRISH	*Lowell.*
EZRA A. HOBBS	*Framingham.*

NANTUCKET COUNTY.

JOHN B. KING	*Nantucket.*

NORFOLK COUNTY.

CHARLES STURTEVANT	*Hyde Park.*
JAMES MORISON	*Quincy.*
CHARLES C. TOWER	*Weymouth.*
ALEXANDER R. HOLMES	*Canton.*
GEORGE K. SABINE	*Brookline.*
ALBERT D. KINGSBURY	*Needham.*
JOSEPH G. S. HITCHCOCK	*Foxborough.*
CHARLES A. BEMIS	*Medway.*
GUSTAVUS P. PRATT	*Cohasset.*

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

A. ELLIOT PAINE	*Brockton.*
JUBAL C. GLEASON	*Rockland.*
JAMES B. BREWSTER	*Plymouth.*
EBENEZER W. DRAKE	*Middleborough.*

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

FRANK W. DRAPER	*Boston.*
FRANCIS A. HARRIS	*Boston.*
GEORGE STEDMAN (*associate medical examiner*),	*Boston.*

WORCESTER COUNTY.

JAMES P. LYNDE	*Athol.*
WILLIAM M. PARKER	*Milford.*
SAMUEL C. HARTWELL	*Southbridge.*
DAVID W. HODGKINS	*Brookfield.*
CHARLES W. WHITCOMB	*Barre.*
J. MARCUS RICE	*Worcester.*
GEORGE M. MORSE	*Clinton.*
HENRY A. JEWETT	*Northborough.*
ROWSE R. CLARKE	*Northbridge.*
ERNEST P. MILLER	*Fitchburg.*
IRA RUSSELL	*Winchendon.*

ROSTER OF THE DISTRICT POLICE FORCE.

NAMES.	Residence.	District.
Rufus R. Wade, *Chief*,	Cambridge . .	Northern.
John T. White . .	Arlington . .	Northern.
Josiah A. Bean . .	Natick . . .	Northern.
James P. Wade . .	Chelsea . . .	Suffolk.
George H. Innis .	Boston . . .	Suffolk.
George C. Pratt . .	Abington . .	South-eastern.
Christopher T. Bailey,	Dedham . .	South-eastern.
Alpheus P. Kimball .	Fitchburg . .	Middle.
Joseph M. Dyson .	Worcester . .	Middle.
James H. Barker .	Milford . . .	Middle.
Lewis A. Manning .	Salem . . .	Eastern.
Chase Philbrick . .	Lawrence . .	Eastern.
George F. Seaver .	Taunton . .	Southern.
Henry A. Dexter .	Fall River . .	Southern.
Benson Munyan .	Williamsburg .	North-western.
Austin W. Kellogg .	Pittsfield . .	Western.

THE STATE HOUSE.

The present State House was erected in 1795-79, upon land purchased of the heirs of John Hancock, by the town of Boston, for the sum of $4,000, and conveyed by said town to the Commonwealth, May 2, 1795. The Commissioners on the part of the town to convey the "Governor's Pasture," as it was styled, to the Commonwealth, were William Tudor, Charles Jarvis, John Coffin Jones, William Eustis, William Little, Thomas Dawes, Joseph Russell, Harrison Gray Otis, and Perez Morton. The agents for erecting the State House were named in the deed as follows: Thomas Dawes, Edward Hutchinson Robbins, and Charles Bulfinch.

The corner-stone was laid July 4, 1795, by Governor Samuel Adams, assisted by Paul Revere, Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons. The stone was drawn to the spot by fifteen white horses, representing the number of States of the Union at that time. The building is 173 feet front; the height, including dome, is 110 feet; and the foundation is about that height above the waters of the Bay. The dome is 53 feet in diameter, and 35 feet high.

Extensive improvements, including a "new part," extending backward upon Mount Vernon Street, were made, chiefly under the direction of a commission, in the years 1853, 1854, 1855, and 1856.

Under a Resolve of 1866 a commission was appointed to inquire and report concerning the whole subject of remodelling or rebuilding the State House. They reported three propositions, without deciding in favor of either. The first

was a plan of remodelling at an expense of $375,430; the second, a plan of remodelling, at an expense of $759,872; and the third, a plan for a new building, at an expense of $2,042,574. The report of the commission was referred to the committee on the State House of the session of 1867, who recommended a plan of alterations at the estimated expense of $150,000; and by Resolve No. 84 of that year the work was ordered to be executed under the supervision of a commission consisting of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who were authorized by the same resolve to expend $150,000, and, by a subsequent resolve, $20,000 in addition. The President of the Senate died on the 29th of October, and thereafter the work was continued by the surviving commissioner.

The work was commenced on the second day of July, and was so nearly completed, so far as the conveniences for the legislative department were concerned, that both branches of the General Court met on the first day of January, and continued their sessions substantially without interruption. The improvements consist of an almost entire reconstruction of the interior of the building, except the "new part" before referred to as having been added from 1853 to 1856, whereby waste spaces are economized, the access to the several parts of the building simplified, and made much more convenient, additional height and commodiousness given to a large part of the rooms, and a net gain of more than thirty rooms secured without extending the exterior walls of the building. Including the extension of the old, as well as the construction of the additional rooms, the contents of these apartments have been increased from about one hundred and three thousand to about two hundred and sixty-five thousand cubic feet, — a net gain of one hundred and sixty-two thousand cubic feet.

The exterior improvements consist principally in the removal of a large number of supernumerary chimneys, and other excrescences, which had marred and concealed the original well-approved architectural proportions of the State House. Two new galleries were added to the Representatives' Hall; and its finish, as also that of the Senate Cham-

ber, was much improved, while their general outline was retained. The Council Chamber, with the exception of the ceiling, which was frescoed, remains with its ancient finish unchanged. The Governor's room was enlarged laterally, and additional height was also added by absorbing into it the old "green room," which was directly above. A new "green room," a spacious hall, elegantly finished, and well lighted and ventilated, fifty-six by thirty-seven feet, has been constructed. The ceiling of the Doric Hall was raised two feet, and finished in panels; and its floor, and also those of the corridors on either side of it, were laid with marble tile. Improvements were made in the basement story, which entirely changed its character and utilized its waste places. Openings were made in both wings between the main building and the addition, by which spacious corridors were secured, leading directly from the Mount Vernon Street entrance, which by branch corridors are connected with each other, and give easy access to every part of the basement. The floors of the corridors in this story are also laid with marble tile. The whole is heated by steam. Warm, fresh hydrated air for ventilation is supplied to every room by a fan propelled by a steam-engine; and the same engine runs an exhaust-fan for removing the foul air from the halls and some of the principal rooms. A steam-pump forces water to the upper part of the building through large pipes, to which there is attached in the several stories more than a thousand feet of rubber hose, by which every room may be reached in case of fire. In addition to this precaution against fire, there is a steam-pipe leading to the dome, by means of which a fire there may be almost instantly extinguished.

These improvements were executed from the plans of the architects, Washburn & Son, and under their direct and constant supervision. Cost, including furniture, about $250,000.

The legislature of 1868 made provision for reseating the Senate Chamber and the Hall of the House, which improvements were made under the supervision of legislative committees, in season for the accommodation of the legislature of 1869, at a cost of about $6,600.

By Resolve chap. 68 of the year 1881, the sum of $45,000 was authorized to be expended for improving the basement of the State House, in accordance with plans submitted by the joint standing committee on the State House. The work was begun soon after the regular session of 1881, and was carried on under the supervision of the commissioners on the State House, consisting of Oreb F. Mitchell, Sergeant-at-Arms, Hon. Daniel A. Gleason, Treasurer and Receiver-General, and Hon. Henry B. Peirce, Secretary of State, assisted by John W. Leighton and Asa H. Caton, both of Boston, and appointed, under the resolve referred to, by the Governor and Council. Under the plans the floor of the basement was brought down to a common level, that of the old part in the front portion of the building being lowered about three feet. In excavating for this, the drainage was found to be in a very defective condition, the drains being broken and clogged so that the sewage could not run into the cesspools, but spread under the floors, causing discomfort and actual danger to all who occupied the building. A complete change in the system of drainage was found to be necessary, and the old cesspools were given up, and a connection was made with the main city sewers in Beacon and Temple Streets. The whole equipment of the building for drainage is now of the most thorough and approved character. By excavating under the front steps, a large space was gained, which has been utilized for a barber-shop, a kitchen for the new restaurant, a new office for the commissioners of savings banks, and for sundry conveniences for the occupants of the State House. The room just behind this space, and formerly occupied by dark closets, passage-ways, and the air-ducts of the system of ventilation, has been finished into a commodious and well-lighted restaurant, large enough to seat sixty persons at table, and conveniently fitted up for the purpose, giving a much-needed accommodation. The space occupied by the old kitchen and lunch-room, and for other purposes, on the easterly end, together with the Surgeon-General's old quarters, has been formed into a commodious suite of rooms for the Deputy Tax Commissioner and his assistants. The rooms formerly occupied by this department, on the floor

above, reverted to the Department of the Secretary of State, to which they formerly belonged, and by which they were again much needed. The space in the south-west corner of the basement, formerly occupied by the Adjutant-General's department for a fire-proof, was remodelled and fitted into offices for the department of Public Charities, and the rooms vacated by this department are used for legislative committee rooms, for which there was pressing need. The room formerly occupied as the private office of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, and that used for passage-ways near by, was made into a fire-proof for the Adjutant-General's department ; and the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture has been assigned a room on the floor above, the large room formerly occupied by his department being utilized for additional committee-rooms and offices.

Three large new boilers were put in, adding greatly to the heating capacity, which increase was imperatively needed, and a complete arrangement for draught and ventilating ducts was secured by the building of a large new chimney. A place was also secured for storing five hundred tons of coal, by excavation in the court at the westerly end. New entrances were added to the basement, one from Hancock Avenue on the west, and one from Mount Vernon Street on the east.

These improvements and repairs add greatly not only to the capacity and convenience of the building, but also remedy defects that were alike destructive to comfort and dangerous to life and health. The sum appropriated was somewhat exceeded in doing the work, an excess made necessary by the unforeseen condition of the drainage, without the remodelling of which the work could not proceed ; and also by the insecure foundations in the front part of the basement, which, until the excavations had proceeded to a considerable extent, seemed to be solid masonry, but which proved to be only an insufficient wall, wholly unfit for use with the enlargement contemplated.

The Battle-Flags.

The colors of the several regiments and batteries of Massachusetts which had served the country during the war of the Rebellion were returned to the State House on the 22d of December, 1865. A full account of the interesting ceremonies of the occasion may be found in the Adjutant-General's Report for the year 1865. The colors were grouped around the pillars in the Doric Hall, where they remained until, by authority of Resolve No. 38 of 1866, they were placed in the niches on the north side of the hall, and in the sides of the recess occupied by the Washington Statue, according to a plan of A. R. Esty, Esq., architect, in whose charge the matter was placed by the Governor and Council. The flags are 269 in number, — 194 being of infantry regiments, and 75 of cavalry and artillery. The cavalry flags are placed in the north-west angle niche of the hall; the infantry flags, in the Washington Statue Recess; and the artillery and battery flags, in the north-eastern niche. In the statue recess the national colors are located in regular numerical order upon the lowest shelf on either side of the statue, commencing No. 1 next to cavalry flags, with the State and other colors in the background. The flags are enclosed within mammoth panes of glass, and the openings are properly guarded by fencing.

The Statue of Washington,

By CHANTREY, was placed in the State House in 1828 by the Washington Monument Association, at a cost of $15,000.

In the pavement of the area, near the statue, are *fac similes* of certain memorial stones from the parish church at Brington, near Althorp, Northamptonshire, England. They were presented by the Right Hon. Earl Spencer to the Hon. Charles Sumner, and by him to the Commonwealth, Feb. 22, 1861.

The Statue of Webster,

By POWERS, was erected upon the grounds in front of the State House, in 1859, by the Webster Memorial Committee, at a cost of $10,000.

The Statue of Mann,

By Miss Stebbins, was erected in 1865.

The Statue of Ex-Governor Andrew,

By Thomas Ball, was placed in the Doric Hall in February, 1872.

Lincoln, Wilson, and Sumner.

Busts of President Lincoln, Vice-President Wilson, and Senator Sumner, occupy niches in the Doric Hall.

Ex-Secretary Boutwell.

A bust of Ex-Secretary of the Treasury Hon. George S. Boutwell has been placed in the Library.

1882	Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.
JAN.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
FEB.	..	..	..	1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	..	..	..	..
MAR.	..	..	..	1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	..
APR.	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	..	..	..	..	..	..
MAY	..	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31	..	..	..
JUN.	..	..	..	..	1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

1882	Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.
JULY	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31	..	..	..	..	..
AUG.	..	..	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31	..	..
SEP.	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
OCT.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31	..	..	..	..
NOV.	..	..	..	1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	..	..
DEC.	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31	..	..	..	..	..	..